City of Mission



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

City of Mission, Texas

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

> Prepared By: Finance Department

MISSION CITY COUNCIL



Norberto "Beto" Salinas Mayor



Norie Gonzalez Garza Mayor Pro Tem



Dr. Armando O'Cana Council Member



Jessica Ortega-Ochoa Council Member



Ruben Plata Council Member

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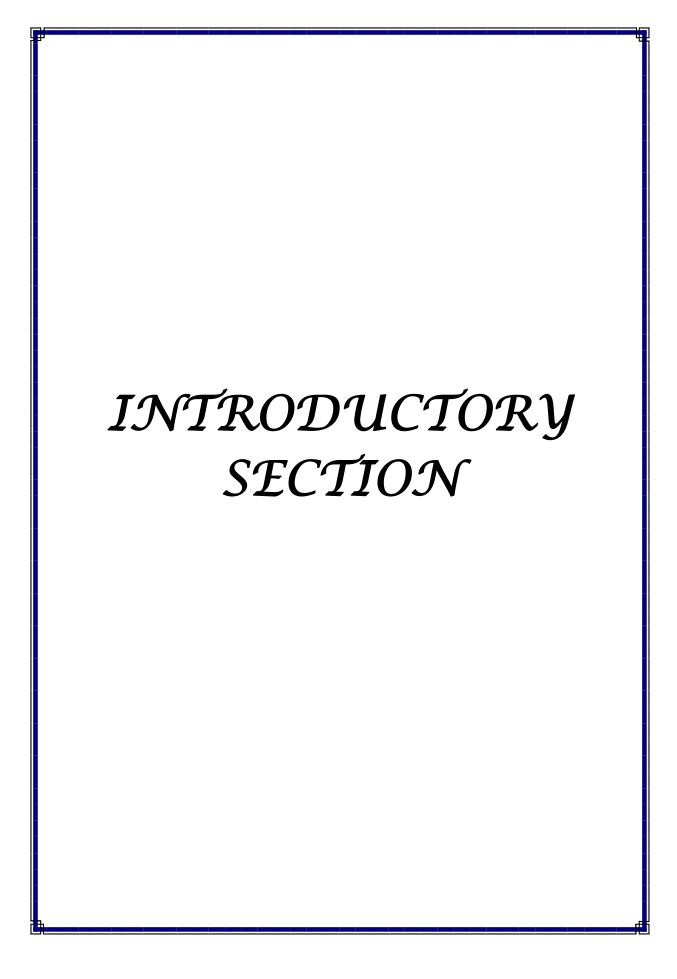
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March 12, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Mission, Texas:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (the CAFR) of the City of Mission, Texas (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, is submitted in accordance with Section 3.14 of the City Charter.

This report contains management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Mission; consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Mission has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Mission's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Burton McCumber & Longoria, LLP, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133. Information related to the single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the single audit report.

CITY PROFILE AND STRUCTURE

The City of Mission was incorporated on March 19, 1910 and is located along the U.S. - Mexico border in South Texas. The City currently occupies a land area of approximately 35.36 square miles. The City's population has grown since the 2000 census from 45,408 to 77,058 as per the 2010 census, an increase of 70%. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries and it is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of Mission is a political subdivision located in Hidalgo County operating as a home rule city under the City's Home Rule Charter, which was last amended on May 10, 2008. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government where the Mayor and four Council members are elected at large to four-year staggered terms. The City Council is responsible, among other things, to enact local legislation, adopt budgets, determine policies and appoint the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for executing the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the City's departments.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural events; water, sewer, and sanitation services; and a municipal golf course.

Budget

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The department heads of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager by the second Friday in June; the City Manager uses these requests as the starting point in developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the City Council for their review by mid-August. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than fifteen (15) days prior to October 1; the beginning of the new fiscal year. The budget is prepared in order of fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control is in the department level within each fund. Any change to the original budget, which will exceed or deplete the appropriated amount at the department level requires City Council approval. Any change to the original departmental budget between line items will be processed through a budget reclassification form, which requires the approval of the City Manager, Finance Director, and Department Head. Budget adjustments may not be made between different departments nor can they be used to increase or decrease wages and benefits; such changes will require City Council approval.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Mission is one of the major cities of the McAllen-Edinburg-Mission Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Mission is among the fastest growing cities in the Rio Grande Valley, State of Texas, and United States.

Because of the semi-tropical weather, culture, friendliness, and proximity to Mexico, Mission has become home to "Winter Texans" for four to six months out of the year. Winter Texans are mostly retired citizens from northern states who visit the Rio Grande Valley to escape the cold winter weather. Thousands of visitors from Mexico also contribute to the economy of the City. The City currently has eleven businesses that provide lodging to tourists.

Over the past eight years, the City of Mission has experienced significant economic growth and investment. More than \$538 million in residential and commercial development has been completed or is in various phases throughout the City. Building permits increased 2.8% from prior fiscal year. The increase in commercial and residential development has contributed to the decline in the unemployment rate for the City of Mission. According to the Texas Labor Market Review website, the City's unemployment rate decreased from 7.6% to 6.2% as of November 2017.

The City of Mission, Mission Regional Medical Center, Sharyland Independent School District, and Mission Consolidated Independent School District, also have a significant economic presence, employing more than 5,200 professionals, teachers, and support staff.

The City continues to work very closely with the MRA and Hunt Valley Development to promote development along the Anzalduas Highway, which was completed during FY 2013. The MRA is completing the installation of wastewater infrastructure in the area. It is expected that once the area is fully developed, both property and sales tax revenues will increase. For FY 2017, sales tax reflected a decrease of 2.3% compared to prior year.

The following list identifies the major accomplishments that the City has undertaken to improve the community and its economy.

Fiscal Year 2016-2017 Accomplishments

- Maintained the Tax Freeze for the elderly and disabled as well as the \$10,000 Tax Exemption for the elderly and disabled.
- ➤ The City was awarded \$1.57 million in State and Federal Grants for housing, public safety services and equipment, park improvements, homeless prevention programs, and education programs.
- ➤ Eleven new homes were reconstructed and two homes were rehabilitated by the CDBG housing program during the year and two were approved towards the end of the fiscal year to be constructed in the FY 2018.
- ➤ Installed decorative color streetlights under the overpass on Conway and Expressway 83 Intersection.
- ➤ Completed Phase I of the Taylor Road Expansion Project.
- ➤ Commenced Phase III of the Taylor Road Expansion Project. This project will be funded through an inter-local agreement with City of Mission, City of McAllen, and Hidalgo County.
- Completed park improvements at various parks throughout the city.
- > Commenced the construction of the Mission Event Center.

- ➤ Commenced the construction of the Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion Project.
- Commenced the construction of a water tower next to the future site of the Mission Event Center.
- ➤ Commenced the design and preliminary engineering work for the interconnecting roadways for the future Madero International Bridge.
- > Completed park irrigation project at Nell Toll Park.
- > Completed construction of a safe haven home for temporary housing of citizens in need.

The following list identifies the major initiatives that the City has proposed in Annual Budget Report.

Major Initiatives For Fiscal Year 2017-2018

- ➤ Complete the Mile 2 North expansion project from Conway Avenue to Inspiration Road.
- ➤ Complete the Mile 2 North expansion project from Inspiration Road to Moorfield Road.
- ➤ Continue the second phase of the Mission Northwest EDAP Project.
- Continue the Inspiration North Road Project from Hwy 83 to Mile 3.
- Complete the construction of the Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion Project.
- ➤ Complete the construction of a water tower on the southeast section of the City.
- ➤ Demolish the water tower on Lucksinger Road.
- ➤ Continue to work with the Mission Master Plan and grant applications for funding of park development projects.
- > Complete the construction of the proposed event center.
- ➤ Continue Phase III of the Taylor Road Expansion Project. This project is funded through an inter-local agreement with City of Mission, City of McAllen, and Hidalgo County.
- ➤ Continue applying for federal and state grants that would enable the City to provide additional positions for the Police and Fire Departments.
- > Commence the acquisition of right-of-ways for the interconnecting highways of south Inspiration & Military Road.
- ➤ Continue the practice in the CDBG program of focusing solely on providing for the reconstruction of homes and the funding of several public agencies. Ten homes are currently budget for reconstruction with CDBG and Habitat for Humanity Funds.
- ➤ Improve workplace safety and reduce the number of injury claims by implementing safety programs aimed at making employees aware of conditions around them and taking pro-active measures to correct problem areas and reduce general liability insurance and worker's compensation claims.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City adopted a Fund Balance Policy on June 27, 2011 requiring the General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance maintain a minimum of two (2) months of operating expenditures. Unrestricted Fund Balance is composed of unassigned, committed, and assigned net assets. The City did not meet this requirement at year-end with an ending Unrestricted Fund Balance of \$6,321,830. Careful long-

term financial planning is an on-going goal for the City; therefore, it is the intent of the City Council and management to meet the Fund Balance Policy requirement. The City fell short of meeting this requirement by \$601,874.

The City's FY 2017 Budget was prepared very conservatively based on current economic activity within our city. The City will continue to apply for federal and state grants and will continue to fund capital needs through the issuance of debt.

The City's Master Plan, which is constantly being reviewed, is used to guide city staff in meeting the future needs and demands of this fast growing community and still maintain the necessary fund balance.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to City of Mission, Texas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This is the sixteenth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the Finance Department and other City departments who assisted and contributed to its preparation. Credit should also be given to the Mayor, City Council, MEDC and MRA, for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

In conclusion, we would like to thank the City's auditing firm, Burton McCumber & Longoria, LLP., for their efforts, not only in the performance of the City's annual audit, but for their professionalism and dedication in making it an effortless transition. They have been an excellent source of information for preparation of the report.

Respectfully submitted,

Martin Garza, Jr.

City Manager

Angie Vela

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Mission Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

List of Principal Officials Year Ended September 30, 2017

<u>CITY OFFICIALS</u>

MayorNorberto "Beto" SalinasMayor Pro TemNorie Gonzalez GarzaCouncil MemberDr. Armando O'CanaCouncil MemberJessica Ortega-OchoaCouncil MemberRuben Plata

CITY ADMINISTRATION

City Manager Man
Deputy City Manager Aida
Deputy City Manager Ran
City Secretary Ann
Finance Director Ang
Assistant Finance Director Eze

Assistant Finance Director City Attorney

Deputy City Attorney
Boys & Girls Club Director

CDBG Director
Civil Service Director

Fire Chief Fleet Director Golf Course Director Health Director

Human Resources Director Information Technology Director

Library Director

Media Relations Director

Municipal Judge Museum Director

Parks and Recreation Director Planning and Zoning Director

Police Chief

Public Works Director
Purchasing Director
Risk Management Director
Solid Waste Director

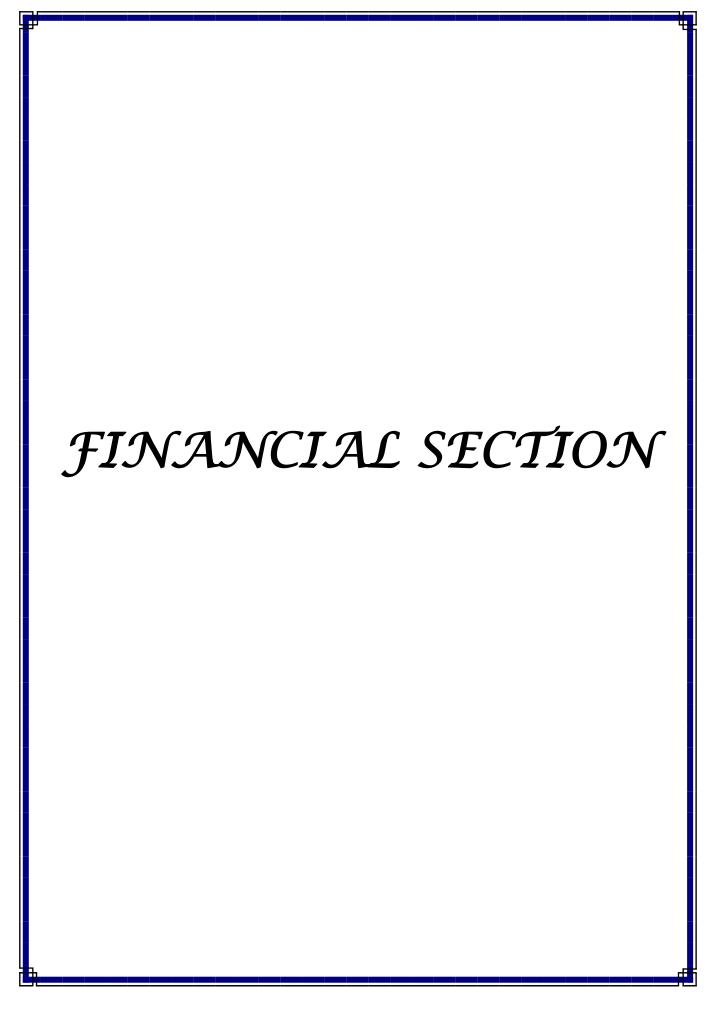
Martin Garza, Jr. Aida Lerma Randy Perez Anna Carrillo Angie Vela Ezeiza Garcia Abiel Flores Jaime Tijerina Juan Arevalo Joanne Longoria Jesse Lerma Gilbert Sanchez J.C. Avila Mario Flores Noel Barrera Noemi Munguia Roland Rodriguez Mayra Rocha Humberto Garcia Jonathan Wehrmeister

Cynthia Lopez
Brad Bentsen
Jaime Acevedo
Robert Dominguez
Roberto Salinas
Eduardo Belmarez
Robert Hinojosa
Cesar Gutierrez

OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

Angie Vela Finance Director

PARKS & RECREATION FIRE & FIRE PREVENTION SECRETARY -Recreation -Aquatics -FacilityMaint. -Parks CITY ATTORNEY LEGAL DEPT SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT GOLF COURSE POLICE DEPUTY CITY MANAGER MAINTENANCE PUBLIC WORKS **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART** -Drainage -Water Departments CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS FLEET -Wastewater -Streets CITY COUNCIL CITY MANAGER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BILLING & COLLECTING BOYS & GIRLS CLUB VOTERS DEPUTY CITY MANAGER UTILITY CIVIL SERVICE -Inspection -Code Enforcement -Rabies & Animal Control **PLANNING** HEALTH DEPUTY CITY MANAGER MANAGEMENT PURCHASING MEDIA RELATIONS LIBRARY MUNICIPAL RISK JUDGES HUMAN RESOURCES MUNICIPAL FINANCE MUSEUM CDBG COURT







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor
And Members of the City Council
City of Mission, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units (except for the Mission Redevelopment Authority), each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mission, Texas (City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of the Mission Redevelopment Authority, which is a discretely presented component unit.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Mission Redevelopment Authority, which statements reflect total assets of \$19,244,578 as of September 30, 2017, and total revenues of \$5,142,922 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Mission Redevelopment Authority, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Mission Redevelopment Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mission, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule information, and required supplementary information schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the other supplementary information section, the capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds section, the supplemental schedules section and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information section, the capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds section, and the supplemental schedules section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buta Me ah & Loyar, L.L.P.

McAllen, Texas March 8, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Mission, we offer the readers of the City of Mission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Mission for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that has been furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$175,221,362 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$5,157,863. Governmental activities contributed an increase of \$5,914,395 while the Business-type activities contributed a decrease of \$756,532. Both total revenues and total expenses reflect increases compared to prior year with revenues by 8.07% and expenses by 3.90%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$19,039,156 a \$18,132,926 decrease in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$986,387.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Mission's basic financial statements. The City of Mission's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Mission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all the City of Mission's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference between the four reported as **net position**. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Mission is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* - presents information showing how the government's net position is reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing

of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Mission that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Mission include: general government; public safety; highways and streets; health and welfare; culture and recreation; and economic development. The business-type activities of the City of Mission include: a utility system (water and sewer); a golf course operation; and a solid waste operation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Mission itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units for which the City of Mission is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on page 31 of this report.

Fund financial statements - A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City of Mission funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Mission maintains twenty-five (25) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the 2016 CO Fund, which are considered major funds. Data of two additional funds is incorporated with the General Fund as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54. Data from the other nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for

each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* starting on page 135 of this report.

The City of Mission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-37 of this report.

Proprietary Funds - The City of Mission maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Mission uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer system, golf course operation, and solid waste operation.

Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Mission uses an internal service fund to account for health insurance premiums, medical claims, and health administrative fees. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer system, golf course operations, and solid waste operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Mission. Conversely, the internal service fund is a single presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-43 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44-45 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 46-108 of this report.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Mission's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 111-129 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier, in connection with non-major governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. The combining statements and individual fund schedules begin on page 135 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Mission, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$175,221,362 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table summarizes the City's net position at September 30, 2017.

City of Mission Net Position September 30, 2017

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 29,419,253	\$ 45,706,190	\$ 25,712,285	\$ 35,770,024	\$ 55,131,538	\$ 81,476,214		
	136,777,211	114,049,467	92,912,582	86,085,478	229,689,793	200,134,945		
	166,196,465	159,755,657	118,624,867	121,855,502	284,821,331	281,611,159		
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,734,980	5,878,734	965,216	1,644,148	3,700,196	7,522,882		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	57,252,687	59,944,839	43,508,905	47,192,690	100,761,592	107,137,529		
	7,907,723	4,977,845	7,841,618	6,739,560	15,749,341	11,717,405		
Total liabilities Total deferred inflows of resources	65,160,410	64,922,684	51,350,523	53,932,250	116,510,933	118,854,934		
	37,838	179,656	7,571	35,950	45,409	215,606		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	102,466,220	90,942,556	52,564,331	41,651,937	155,030,551	132,594,493		
Restricted	7,761,373	9,418,977	12,543,135	18,219,378	20,304,508	27,638,355		
Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position	(3,781,146)	170,518	3,667,449	9,660,134	(113,697)	9,830,652		
	\$ 106,446,447	\$ 100,532,051	\$ 68,774,915	\$ 69,531,449	\$ 175,221,362	\$ 170,063,500		

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (88 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Mission uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Mission's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's overall net position increased \$5,157,862 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities - During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$5,914,396 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$106,446,447.

The city increased its net investment in capital assets by \$11,523,664. This fiscal year the city chose to invest in the beautification of the city by implementing a continuous plan of improvements of parks, city streets and city infrastructure. The city's goal is to enhance the quality of life for its citizens and encourage future development. These improvements will serve the current and future residents for years to come.

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the changes in the City's net position from its activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

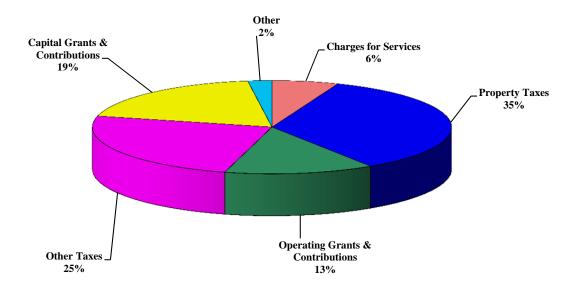
City of Mission Changes in Net Position September 30, 2017

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 3,501,775	\$ 3,727,847	\$ 26,597,448	\$ 28,449,181	\$ 30,099,223	\$ 32,177,028			
Operating grants and									
contributions	7,865,910	6,538,968	73,923	12,082	7,939,833	6,551,050			
Capital grants and									
contributions	11,139,643	4,950,222	893,581	924,694	12,033,224	5,874,916			
General revenues:									
Property taxes	20,369,113	19,481,719	-	-	20,369,113	19,481,719			
Other taxes	14,390,544	14,761,464	-	-	14,390,544	14,761,464			
Other	1,265,038	721,962	94,357	187,445	1,359,395	909,407			
Total revenues	58,532,023	50,182,182	27,659,309	29,573,402	86,191,332	79,755,584			
Expenses:									
General government	10,095,896	8,405,138	-	-	10,095,896	8,405,138			
Public safety	23,685,949	23,957,241	_	-	23,685,949	23,957,241			
Highways and streets	7,571,683	7,493,232	-	-	7,571,683	7,493,232			
Economic development	5,309,186	4,933,314	-	-	5,309,186	4,933,314			
Culture and recreation	7,837,590	7,220,861	_	-	7,837,590	7,220,861			
Health and welfare	1,371,370	1,306,154	_	-	1,371,370	1,306,154			
Interest on long-term debt	1,605,954	1,314,872	_	-	1,605,954	1,314,872			
Utility system	-	=	17,031,578	17,110,233	17,031,578	17,110,233			
Golf course operations	-	-	1,318,098	1,285,977	1,318,098	1,285,977			
Solid waste operations	-	-	5,206,165	4,958,069	5,206,165	4,958,069			
Total expenses	57,477,628	54,630,812	23,555,841	23,354,279	81,033,469	77,985,091			
Increases in net position before									
transfers	1,054,395	(4,448,630)	4,103,468	6,219,123	5,157,864	1,770,493			
Transfers	4,860,000	4,400,000	(4,860,000)	(4,400,000)	-	-			
Changes in net position	5,914,395	(48,630)	(756,532)	1,819,123	5,157,864	1,770,493			
Net position - 10/01/16	100,532,051	100,580,681	69,531,447	67,712,326	170,063,498	168,293,007			
Net position - 09/30/17	\$ 106,446,447	\$ 100,532,051	\$ 68,774,915	\$ 69,531,447	\$ 175,221,362	\$ 170,063,500			

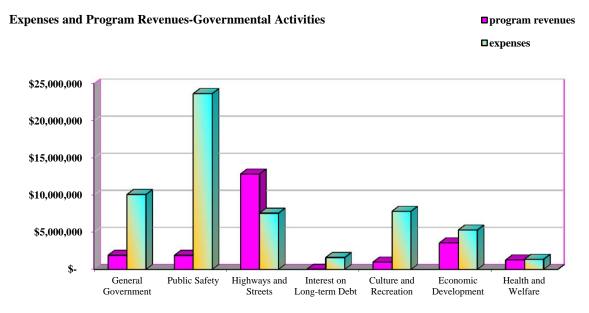
Total revenues generated from governmental activities for this year were \$58,532,023 reflecting an increase of \$8,349,841 compared to last year.

- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$6,189,421 from prior year while the operating grants and contributions increased by \$1,326,942 compared to prior year.
- Other general revenue increased by \$1,059,550 compared to prior year.

Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities



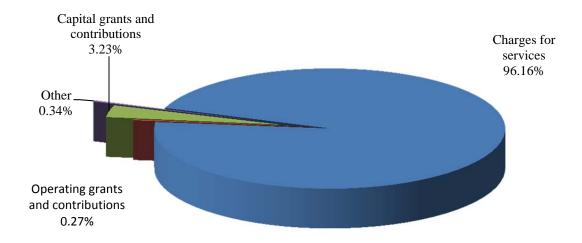
The following graph displays the portion of expenses funded by program revenues. Overall, general revenues funded approximately 63% of total expenses for fiscal year 2017.



Expenses for governmental activities of the City totaled \$57,477,628 for the year ended September 30, 2017, an increase of 5.2% compared to fiscal year 2016. The most significant changes occurred in the following areas:

- General Government Activities increased by \$1,690,758
- Public Safety Activities decreased by \$271,292
- Culture and Recreation increased by \$616,729

Revenues by Source-Business-type Activities

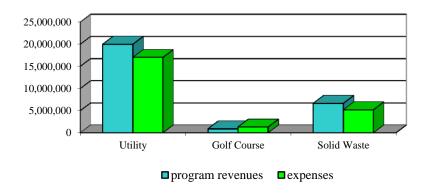


Business-type Activities - Results of Business-type activities decreased the City of Mission's net position by \$756,531. Revenues decreased by 6.47% and expenses increased by \$201,562 in comparison with prior year.

- Charges for Services decreased by 6.50% in comparison to the prior year due to a continuing pattern of rainy weather for the Rio Grande Valley.
- Charges for Service are 96.16% of the source of revenues for the business-type activities.

The following graph displays the portion of expenses funded by program revenues.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Business-type Activities



• Expenses for business-type activities of the City totaled \$23,555,841 an increase of \$201,562 compared to prior year. The majority of the increase in the business-type

activities is from the Solid Waste System. Solid Waste is in the initial stages of preparing to undertake the commercial aspect of Solid Waste, which is currently under contract.

Financial Analysis of Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Mission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City of Mission governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Mission's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to a particular purpose by either the City of Mission, an external party, a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources to be used for particular purposes by the City of Mission City Council.

As of September 30, 2017, the City of Mission's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$19,039,156, a decrease of \$18,132,919 compared with the prior year. A majority of the decrease, \$14,452,329, was from the 2016 CO capital projects fund that was used for the funding of the Mission Events Center which began construction in FY 2016-2017.

Approximately 5.18% of this amount (\$986,387) constitutes the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is categorized as either: non-spendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is: a) not in spendable form (\$62,261), b) restricted for particular purposes (\$12,655,065), or c) assigned for particular purposes (\$5,335,443).

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City of Mission. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance was \$6,384,091 a decrease of \$973,747 compared to prior year, with the unassigned portion of the fund balance being \$986,387. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 2.37% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 15.37% of the same amount.

The Debt Service Fund, a major fund, had a \$1,526,158 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year. The decrease was due to a reduction of I&S property tax rate for FY16-17.

The Capital Projects Fund, newly presented as a major fund, had a deficit fund balance at year-end of \$644,191. Several infrastructure projects are being handled through this fund, due to this practice, reconciliations are done at the end of each project. Deficits are covered by General Fund once final reconciliation has been verified. The 2016 CO Capital Projects Fund, a second major fund, had a \$14,452,329 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year. As mentioned above, the fund is restricted for the construction of the new City of Mission Events Center.

Other governmental funds decreased by \$164,780 in fund balance during the current fiscal year. The overall revenues for other governmental funds decreased by \$3,139,249 with the majority of the decrease in intergovernmental revenues, and the overall expenditures for other governmental funds decreased by \$3,019,502. The decrease in both revenues and expenditures is attributed to the capital projects fund being broken out as a major fund.

Revenues and Transfers-In

The following table presents a summary of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Funds revenues and transfers-in for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

- Intergovernmental revenues increased due to the continuation of capital projects being reimbursed by other agencies.
- Miscellaneous revenues decrease is attributed to a sale of property for Mission Economic Development Authority and a surety bond settlement in a Capital Projects Fund that were one-time revenues for 2016.

Revenues & Transfers-In	2017 Amount		 % of Total]	Amount of Increase Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$	35,674,656	54.37%	\$	35,157,704	\$	516,952	1.47%
Licenses and permits		555,266	0.85%		634,869		(79,603)	-12.54%
Intergovernmental		16,844,356	25.67%		8,596,963		8,247,393	95.93%
Charges for services		1,036,163	1.58%		1,191,107		(154,944)	-13.01%
Fines and forfeitures		832,596	1.27%		807,027		25,569	3.17%
Investment income		147,568	0.22%		83,949		63,619	75.78%
Miscellaneous		1,518,760	2.31%		1,935,702		(416,942)	-21.54%
Transfers-in		9,002,594	13.72%		7,361,619		1,640,975	22.29%
Bond premium		-	0.00%		4,028,801		(4,028,801)	100.00%
Bond proceeds		-	 0.00%		25,695,000	(25,695,000)	100.00%
Total	\$	65,611,959	100.00%	\$	85,492,741	\$(19,880,782)	-23.25%

Expenditures and Transfers-Out

The following table presents a summary of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Funds expenditures, transfers-out, and other financing uses for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. Major differences are due to:

- Capital Projects expenditures increased due to the commencement of several projects in 2017.
- Debt service and other financing uses decreased due to bond issues in 2016 that created expenditures for that fiscal year created by the issuance that no longer exist in 2017.

Expenditures & Transfers-Out		2017 Amount	Percent of Total	2016 Amount		Amount of Increase (Decrease)		Percent of Increase (Decrease)	
General government	\$	9,782,891	11.68%	\$	8,878,525	\$	904,366	10.19%	
Public safety		21,860,971	26.10%		21,601,526		259,445	1.20%	
Highways and streets		6,612,678	7.90%		5,304,862		1,307,816	24.65%	
Health and welfare		459,447	0.55%		459,716		(269)	-0.06%	
Culture and recreation		6,676,409	7.97%		5,668,890		1,007,519	17.77%	
Economic development		5,309,187	6.34%		4,933,314		375,873	7.62%	
Capital projects		24,359,561	29.09%		3,629,592		20,729,969	571.14%	
Debt service:									
Principal		2,986,003	3.57%		2,099,452		886,551	42.23%	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,555,144	1.86%		1,094,456		460,688	42.09%	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	0.00%		9,385,029		(9,385,029)	100.00%	
Transfers-out		4,142,594	4.95%		2,961,619		1,180,975	39.88%	
Total	\$	83,744,885	100.00%	\$	66,016,981	\$	17,727,904	26.85%	

Proprietary Funds. The City of Mission's Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the year, total unrestricted net position amounted to \$3,455,835. The Utility Fund and the Solid Waste Fund had unrestricted net position of \$910,179 and \$4,817,543, respectively. The Golf Course Fund ended the year with a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$2,271,887. The Utility Fund unrestricted net position decreased by \$5,991,021. The decrease was due to the expensing of a buy in from AGUA SUD received in prior year for the commencement of our waste water plant expansion.

The Golf Course Fund borrowed working capital from the Utility Fund in order to meet its daily operational expenses during the current year. Golf Course operating revenues reflect a decrease of \$1,651 from prior year. Expenses increased by \$18,685 or 1.45% in comparison to prior year. Expenses increased due to a cost of living adjustment of 6% that was approved for all civilian employees. Management continues to closely monitor expenses and to promote the Golf Course not only in the surrounding communities but also nationwide through various advertisement sources including Twitter, Facebook, and Google Plus.

The Solid Waste Fund commenced residential collections at the end of fiscal year 2014 and completed its third year of operations as of September 30, 2017. Total change in net position reflected a positive amount of \$1,052,297. Revenues increased by \$85,232 and expenses increased by \$247,523 compared to prior year. The commercial collection service is outsourced for the next year and a half, at which time the City will also provide this service in-house.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year the City Council amends the budget as necessary. Generally, adjustments to the budget relate to requests not considered during the normal budgetary process. Original estimated revenues were increased by \$457,196 while budgeted appropriations were increased by \$1,261,548 during the year.

- The most significant revenue variance (\$3,123,622) is reflected in reimbursements from Hidalgo County and City of McAllen for Taylor Road which has been phased out into three phases, the third of which has been deferred until the start of construction.
- Taxes revenues reflect a decrease of \$600,715 due to a shortfall in sales tax.
- Charges for Service revenues reflect a positive net variance of \$108,970 compared to the budgeted amount.
- Miscellaneous revenues also reflected a positive variance of \$137,951. Due to their very nature, miscellaneous revenues are budgeted at a conservative level, since most of the revenues are normally considered one-time revenues.
- Expenditures came in under budget largely due to departments closely monitoring expenditures and staying in line with the budget. The most significant savings are reflected in Highways and Streets with a total of \$2,759,112. Savings are due to various projects that carry over into subsequent year. Public Safety had a savings of \$1,568,672 due to various grants received throughout the year. General Government also had a savings of \$798,222 primarily in the Organization Department. This department is a catch-all department for expenditures which can't be accounted for in other departments. Expenditures include engineering fees not tied to specific projects, legal fees, right-of-way purchases, and assistance to other entities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Mission's capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2017, amounts to \$229,689,793 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, streets, storm drainage, sanitary sewer system, and water system. The total increase in the City of Mission's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$29,554,855.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Construction in progress in the governmental activities increased by \$18,961,090. Some of
the projects were completed to include the 1st Street Park improvements (Arnulfo "Tatan"
Rodriguez Park) and the Melba Carter old floodway drain ditch outfall project. In addition,
the city completed construction of a home to be used for temporary housing as well as
various street and park improvement projects. Two new projects that contribute to the

- increase in current year are Inspiration Road and the Mission Event Center, which are scheduled to be completed in FY2017-2018.
- Construction in progress in the business-type activities increased by \$9,173,213. Projects completed include the Shary Road Lift Station, Inspiration & Mile 2 Waterline/Sewerline Improvements, and St Claire Road Project. Major projects in current year include the continuation of Bentsen Palm Lift Station and Wastewater treatment plant expansion.

The following table summarizes the City's total capital assets.

City of Mission Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total					
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016		
Land and water rights	\$	37,659,281	\$	34,155,340	\$	7,318,865	\$	7,510,545	\$	44,978,146	\$	41,665,885		
Buildings and system		11,569,979		12,256,959		65,755,747		69,017,724		77,325,726		81,274,683		
Improvements other than buildings		8,737,383		8,995,237		2,308,114		786,861		11,045,497		9,782,098		
Machinery and equipment		5,635,944		5,867,832		4,764,526		5,178,227		10,400,471		11,046,059		
Infrastructure		37,901,615		36,462,177		-		-		37,901,615		36,462,177		
Construction in progress		35,273,010		16,311,920		12,765,330		3,592,117		48,038,340		19,904,037		
Total	\$	136,777,212	\$	114,049,465	\$	92,912,582	\$	86,085,474	\$	229,689,795	\$	200,134,938		

Additional information on the City of Mission's capital assets can be found in note 6 on pages 68-69 of this report.

Long-term debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Mission had total outstanding long-term debt of \$101,234,653 a decrease of \$5,902,876 compared to prior year. Additional information on the City of Mission's long-term debt can be found in note 9 on pages 71-78 of this report.

Moody's Investors Service rated the City of Mission's outstanding bonds as "Aa3".

The following table summarizes the City's total long-term debt obligations.

City of Mission Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	tivities	Total					
		2017	17 2016		 2017		2016		2017		2016	
General obligation debt	\$	40,800,666	\$	44,118,902	\$ -	\$	-	\$	40,800,666	\$	44,118,902	
Revenue bonds		-		-	40,996,805		44,649,199		40,996,805		44,649,199	
Capital leases		-		-	149,097		198,500		149,097		198,500	
Compensated absences		3,349,746		3,274,534	461,664		420,619		3,811,410		3,695,153	
City of McAllen-Anzalduas bridge		2,920,132		2,592,342	-		-		2,920,132		2,592,342	
Pension related debt		9,628,720		9,165,549	1,814,987		1,722,306		11,443,707		10,887,855	
OPEB related debt		885,657		793,512	 227,178		202,066		1,112,835		995,578	
Total	\$	57,584,921	\$	59,944,839	\$ 43,649,731	\$	47,192,690	\$	101,234,652	\$	107,137,529	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- According to the November 2017 issue of the Texas Labor Market Review, the unemployment rate for the City of Mission was 6.2 percent, decreasing from 7.6 percent in prior year. The state and national average unemployment rates are 3.7 percent and 3.9 percent respectively.
- Appraised values provided by the Hidalgo County Appraisal District and used in preparing the 2017-2018 Budget were \$54.9 million higher than the prior year.
- The 2017-2018 Budget was prepared using an adopted tax rate of \$0.4862 per \$100 valuation. The tax rate decreased by 0.2% compared to prior year.
- Water and sewer rates remained unchanged in the 2017-2018 Budget.
- The 2017-2018 general fund operating budget was prepared using \$3,068,750 as the estimated unrestricted fund balance at September 30, 2017. The actual unrestricted fund balance for the general fund was \$6,284,852. For the upcoming 2017-2018 fiscal year, \$2,367,818 is the projected unrestricted fund balance at September 30, 2018. Projected revenues reflect a 6.3% decrease and expenditures also reflect an 11.5% decrease compared to FY 2017 original budget.
- The City is currently analyzing its current financial situation and will implement the necessary measures to maintain adequate levels of fund balance in the General fund to mitigate risks, provide a back-up plan for revenue shortfalls, and ensure that appropriate amounts are available for emergencies. The City's Fund Balance Policy requires that the general fund total unrestricted fund balance (includes unassigned, committed, and assigned) will be no less than two (2) months of operating expenditures. At the end of FY 2017, the general fund unrestricted fund balance did not meet this requirement.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Mission's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 1201 East 8th Street, City of Mission, Texas, 78572.

Martin Garza Jr City Manager

Finance Director







STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Primary Government	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	MEDC	MRA	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,618,759	\$ 98,568	\$ 3,717,327	\$ 139,468	\$ 8,550,660	
Investments	12,300,333	6,299,118	18,599,451	1,302,421	7,610,158	
Receivables, net	8,485,374	3,593,896	12,079,270	649,414	10,805	
Internal balances	2,778,711	(2,778,711)	-	-	-	
Due from primary government	-	-	-	2,540	-	
Due from component unit	1,120,496	=	1,120,496	3,125	124,369	
Inventory	1,067	213,343	214,410	-	-	
Land held for resale	764,338	-	764,338	-	-	
Prepaid items	330,175	84,156	414,331	84,614	-	
Redevelopment assets	-	-	-	-	2,768,383	
Notes receivable current	2,400	-	2,400	=	-	
Long-term receivable	17,600	-	17,600	205.054	180,203	
Restricted assets	-	18,201,915	18,201,915	385,874	-	
Capital assets:	72.022.201	20 204 471	02 224 742	5 522 000		
Land, water rights, and construction in progress	72,932,291	20,294,471	93,226,762	5,523,909	-	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	63,844,921	72,618,111	136,463,032	10,242,454	10 244 570	
Total Assets	166,196,465	118,624,867	284,821,332	18,333,819	19,244,578	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge related to loss of refundings	499,503	566,784	1,066,287	-	-	
Deferred outflow related to pensions	5,061,597	963,944	6,025,541	=	-	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	5,561,100	1,530,728	7,091,828	-	=	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	3,930,153	2,279,729	6,209,882	73,261	3,110	
Customer deposits	=	2,374,820	2,374,820	=	- , ·	
Accrued interest payable	199,378	114,560	313,938	28,627	77,009	
Other liabilities	1,526,505	139,153	1,665,658	6,495	-	
Subdividers deposits		2,152,001	2,152,001	=	-	
Retainage payable	1,200,243	534,718	1,734,961	=	-	
Accrued payroll	295,069	82,244	377,313	9,305	-	
Due to primary government	-	-	-	792,137	-	
Due to component unit	126,909	-	126,909	-	328,360	
Unearned revenues	297,232	23,565	320,797	-	-	
Non-current liabilities:			-			
Due in more than one year	53,110,711	40,163,593	93,274,304	17,157,987	23,585,436	
Due within one year	4,474,210	3,486,140	7,960,350	1,167,692	2,017,850	
Total Liabilities	65,160,410	51,350,523	116,510,933	19,235,504	26,011,765	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflow related to pensions	150,708	30,157	180,865	-	-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	150,708	30,157	180,865	-	=	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	102,466,220	52,564,331	155,030,551	15,766,363	-	
Restricted for:						
Debt service	1,457,873	1,853,521	3,311,394	293,491	3,035,025	
Construction	-	10,689,614	10,689,614	-	-	
Capital Improvements	2,197,097	-	2,197,097	-	-	
Federal and other awards	656,733	-	656,733	-	-	
Tourism	1,163,834	-	1,163,834	-	-	
Municipal court	416,449	-	416,449	-	-	
MEDA	1,794,321	-	1,794,321	-	-	
Other purposes	75,066		75,066	-	-	
Unrestricted	(3,781,146)	3,667,449	(113,697)	(16,961,539)	(9,802,211)	
Total Net Position	\$ 106,446,447	\$ 68,774,915	\$ 175,221,362	\$ (901,685)	\$ (6,767,186)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

					Prog	gram Revenues			
	Expenses		Charges for Services			Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Bervices		ontiloutions		ontiloutions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	10,095,896	\$	1,896,971	\$	_	\$	_	
Public safety	Ψ	23,685,949	Ψ	62,576	Ψ	1,318,007	Ψ	510,086	
Highways and streets		7,571,683		935,777		1,348,849		10,577,736	
Health and welfare		1,371,370		221,780		1,052,438		-	
Cutlture and recreation		7,837,590		384,671		564,385		51,821	
Economic development		5,309,186		-		3,568,815		-	
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt		1,605,954		_		13,416		_	
Total Governmental Activities		57,477,628		3,501,775		7,865,910		11,139,643	
Business-type activities:									
Utility		17,031,578		19,036,658		73,923		893,581	
Golf Course		1,318,098		900,432				-	
Solid Waste		5,206,165		6,660,358		_		_	
Total Business-type Activities		23,555,841		26,597,448		73,923		893,581	
Total Primary Government	\$	81,033,469	\$	30,099,223	\$	7,939,833	\$	12,033,224	
COMPONENT UNITS:									
Mission Economic Development Corporation	\$	11,005,308	\$	5,736	\$	222,146	\$	81	
Mission Redevelopment Authority		4,491,342		-		980		-	
Total Component Units	\$	15,496,650	\$	5,736	\$	223,126	\$	81	
	Gen	eral revenues:							
		operty taxes							
		les taxes							
		anchise taxes							
		otel/motel taxes							
		coholic beverag							
		ared revenue-ta	x incr	ement zone					
	Int	erest earned							

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total General Revenues

Miscellaneous

Change in Net Position
Net Position - Beginning
Net Position - Ending

Transfers

Net (Expenses	Revenues	and Chan	ges in N	Net Position
1101	LADUISCS	, ixc v ciiucs	and Chan	203 111 1	TOU I OSITIOII

		Prima	ry Governmen	<u>t</u>		Component Units						
G	Activities	* -			_	MEDC		MRA				
\$	(8,198,925) (21,795,280) 5,290,679	\$	-	\$	(8,198,925) (21,795,280) 5,290,679							
	(97,152) (6,836,713)		-		(97,152) (6,836,713)							
	(1,740,371) (1,592,538) (34,970,300)		- - -		(1,740,371) (1,592,538) (34,970,300)							
	- - -		2,972,584 (417,666) 1,454,193		2,972,584 (417,666) 1,454,193							
\$	(34,970,300)	\$	4,009,111	\$	4,009,111 (30,961,189)							
						\$	(10,777,345)	\$	(4,490,362 (4,490,362			
	20,369,113		-		20,369,113		-		-			
	11,109,005		-		11,109,005		3,703,002					
	2,730,594		-		2,730,594		-					
	528,962		-		528,962		-					
	21,983		-		21,983		-					
	755,307		-		755,307		-		5,106,149			
	102,977		62,283		165,260		17,626		36,77			
	406,755		32,074		438,829		4,670					
	1 0 60 000		(4,860,000)									
	4,860,000		/ · = · · ·									
	40,884,696		(4,765,643)		36,119,053		3,725,298		5,142,922			
			(4,765,643) (756,532) 69,531,447		36,119,053 5,157,864 170,063,498		3,725,298 (7,052,047) 109,704		5,142,922 652,560 (7,419,740			

BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

ASSETS	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	2016 CO Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and each equivalents	\$ 95,978	\$ 43,446	\$ -	\$ 2,595,643	\$ 878,739	\$ 3,613,806
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	2,609,380	5 43,446 796,864	5 -	\$ 2,393,643 4,521,508	2,867,277	\$ 3,613,806 10,795,029
Prepaid items	41,364	790,804	_	4,321,306	1,053	42,417
Receivables:	.1,50				1,000	.2,
Taxes, including interest and penalties	1,816,512	461,517	-	-	-	2,278,029
Accounts	1,687,010	-	_	-	212,246	1,899,256
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	142,268	142,268
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(1,887,898)	(94,577)	-	-	(980)	(1,983,455)
Due from other governments	2,336,040	-	3,342,928	-	284,828	5,963,796
Due from other funds	3,846,230	450,000	21,130	-	2,510,364	6,827,724
Due from component unit	794,673	-	322,141	-	-	1,116,814
Long-term receivable	17,600	-	-	-	-	17,600
Inventory	1,067	-	-	-	-	1,067
Land held for resale	-	-	-	-	764,338	764,338
Total Assets	\$ 11,357,956	\$ 1,657,250	\$ 3,686,199	\$ 7,117,151	\$ 7,660,133	\$ 31,478,689
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,424,394	\$ -	\$ 662,268	\$ 1,116,584	\$ 223,353	\$ 3,426,599
Accrued interest payable	-	8,370	-	-	-	8,370
Other liabilities	1,513,892	-	-	-	12,613	1,526,505
Retainage payable	51,873	-	573,940	527,175	47,255	1,200,243
Accrued payroll	286,895	-	-	-	8,174	295,069
Due to other funds	683,045	-	3,094,182	-	417,480	4,194,707
Due to component unit	2,540	-	-	-	124,369	126,909
Unearned revenue	2,863				294,369	297,232
Total Liabilities	3,965,502	8,370	4,330,390	1,643,759	1,127,613	11,075,634
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	1,008,363	355,538				1,363,901
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,008,363	355,538				1,363,901
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable	62,261	-	-	-	-	62,261
Restricted	-	1,293,342	-	5,473,392	6,532,520	13,299,254
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	5,335,443	-	-	-	-	5,335,443
Unassigned	986,387		(644,191)			342,196
Total Fund Balances	6,384,091	1,293,342	(644,191)	5,473,392	6,532,520	19,039,154
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 11,357,956	\$ 1,657,250	\$ 3,686,199	\$ 7,117,151	\$ 7,660,133	\$ 31,478,689

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-4

\$106,446,447

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 19,039,154
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position	
("SNP") are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	136,777,212
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	1,363,901
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	1,343,959
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(36,690,088)
Payable for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(191,008)
Payables for long term liability not due in the current period and not reported in the funds.	(2,920,132)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(3,349,746)
Payables for net pension liability which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(9,628,720)
Payables for post employment benefit obligations which are not due in the current period are not reported in the fur	nds. (885,657)
Unamortized deferred inflows related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	(150,708)
Unamortized pension unavailabe for current-period expenditures and are deferred in the SNP.	5,061,597
Unamortized pre-paid bond insurance unavailable for current-period expenditures and are in the SNP.	287,758
Unamortized bond deferred charge on refunding unavailable for current-period expenditures and are deferred in the	e SNP. 499,503
Unamortized premium unavailable for current-period expenditures and are in the SNP.	(4,110,578)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Debt				2016 CO		Total		Total
	General	Serv	ice	Cap	ital	Capita	ıl	1	Nonmajor	Governmental
	Fund	Fur	nd	Projects Fund		Projects Fund			Funds	Funds
REVENUES		-								
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 31,851,786	\$ 2,35	8,131	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,464,739	\$ 35,674,656
Licenses and permits	555,266		-		-		-		-	555,266
Intergovernmental	3,379,155		-	8,8	40,450		-		4,624,751	16,844,356
Charges for services	881,944		-		-		-		154,219	1,036,163
Fines	832,596		-		-		-		-	832,596
Interest	63,142		8,808		-	49	,507		26,111	147,568
Miscellaneous	1,379,842						-		125,858	1,505,700
Total revenues	38,943,731	2,36	66,939	8,8	40,450	49	,507	_	6,395,678	56,596,305
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	8,671,668		-		-		-		1,111,223	9,782,891
Public safety	20,548,486		-		-		-		1,312,485	21,860,971
Highways and streets	5,769,536		-		-		-		843,142	6,612,678
Health and welfare	409,447		-		-		-		50,000	459,447
Culture and recreation	6,083,712		-		-		-		592,697	6,676,409
Economic development	-		-				-		5,309,187	5,309,187
Capital projects	-		-	9,8	56,359	14,501	,836		1,366	24,359,561
Debt service:										
Principal	51,003	2,93	35,000		-		-		-	2,986,003
Interest and fiscal charges	8,375	1,54	16,769		-					1,555,144
Total expenditures	41,542,226	4,48	31,769	9,8	56,359	14,501	,836		9,220,100	79,602,291
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures	(2,598,495)	(2,11	4,830)	(1,0	15,909)	(14,452	,329)		(2,824,422)	(23,005,986)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from sale of assets	555		-				-		12,505	13,060
Transfers in	5,440,000	87	75,000				-		2,687,594	9,002,594
Transfers out	(3,815,809)	(28	36,328)						(40,457)	(4,142,594)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	1,624,746	58	88,672						2,659,642	4,873,060
Net change in fund balances	(973,749)	(1,52	26,158)	(1,0	15,909)	(14,452	,329)		(164,780)	(18,132,926)
Fund balances at beginning of year	7,357,840	2,81	9,500	3	71,718	19,925	,721		6,697,300	37,172,079
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,384,091	\$ 1,29	93,342	\$ (6	44,191)	\$ 5,473	,392	\$	6,532,520	\$ 19,039,154

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-6

5,914,396

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (18,132,926)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities	
("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA	28,117,156
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(7,158,920)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(11,951)
Donation of capital assets increase net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	1,781,461
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	20,777
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	2,986,004
Pension expense for current period	(705,236)
Long term payable is not an expenditure in the funds but is an expense in the SOA.	(419,935)
Bond pre-paid insurance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	261,774
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	15,206
The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(763,803)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	(75,211)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities - statement of activities



EXHIBIT A-7

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

									Inte	ernal Service
		Busi	ness-type /	Activities Enterprise	Fund					Fund
				Golf		Solid				roup Health
	Utility			Course		Waste		T-t-1	En	nployee Plan Fund
ASSETS	Fund		-	Fund	-	Fund	-	Total		ruiid
Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,600	\$	3,385	\$	92,583	\$	98,568	\$	4,953
Investments	4,45	52,901		-		1,846,218		6,299,119		1,505,304
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	10,03	37,776		28,608		520,938		10,587,322		-
Investments	7,29	90,123		-		324,470		7,614,593		-
Prepaid items	1	77,749		6,198		210		84,157		-
Receivables	2,72	23,964		6,790		1,008,490		3,739,244		187,880
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(1)	12,995)		-		(32,354)		(145,349)		-
Due from other funds		-		-		2,500,000		2,500,000		359,934
Due from component unit		-		-		-		-		3,682
Inventories (at cost)		57,447		55,896		-		213,343		
Total Current Assets	24,62	29,565		100,877		6,260,555		30,990,997		2,061,753
Noncurrent Assets:										
Advance of funds receivable	1,76	62,044						1,762,044		
Capital assets:										
Land, water rights, and construction in progress	18,54	46,419		1,748,052		-		20,294,471		-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	67,44	46,639		2,311,790		2,859,682		72,618,111		-
Total Noncurrent Assets	87,75	55,102		4,059,842		2,859,682		94,674,626		
	·				<u></u>					
Total Assets	\$ 112,38	84,667	\$	4,160,719	\$	9,120,237	\$	125,665,623	\$	2,061,753
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred charge on refunding	1,30	05,869		117,046		107,813		1,530,728		
Total deferred outflows of resources		05,869		117,046		107,813		1,530,728		
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities:			_							
Accounts payable	\$ 1,84	44,468	\$	26,616	\$	408,644	\$	2,279,728	\$	172,036
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		331,118
Accrued payroll		60,832		8,120		13,293		82,245		-
Compensated absences payable		64,035		31,157		12,991		208,183		
Due to other funds	5,48	80,907		8,953		466		5,490,326		2,625
Unearned revenue	1/	-		23,565		7.410		23,565		-
Accrued interest		06,789		360		7,410		114,559		400
Other liabilities		31,165		30,805		77,183		139,153		400
Subdividers deposits		52,001		-				2,152,001		-
Retainage payable Customer deposits		34,718 74,820		-		-		534,718 2,374,820		-
				45 562		770.000				-
Current portion of long-term debt Total Current Liabilities		62,394 12,129		45,562 175,138		1,289,987		3,277,956 16,677,254		506,179
Total Current Etablitics	13,21	12,12)		175,156		1,207,707	-	10,077,234	-	300,177
Other Non-Current Liabilities:										
Long term compensated absences	17	75,420		78,062		-		253,482		-
Capital lease payable		-		103,535		-		103,535		-
Advance of funds payable		-		1,762,044		-		1,762,044		-
Other post employment benefit obligations	1,60	01,282		253,092		187,790		2,042,164		-
Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations payable, net of current portion		-		-		2,400,000		2,400,000		-
Revenue bonds, net of current portion, discount, and deferred amount on refunding		64,412		-		-		35,364,412		
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	37,14	41,114		2,196,733		2,587,790		41,925,637		
Total Liabilites	52,35	53,243		2,371,871		3,877,777		58,602,891		506,179
										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		21.772		2 2		***		20 :		
Deferred inflows related to pensions Total deferred outflows of resources		21,753 21,753		3,353 3,353		5,051 5,051		30,157 30,157		
Folar deferred outflows of resources		21,733		3,333		5,051	-	30,137	-	
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	48,73	33,036		4,141,612		(310,318)		52,564,330		-
Restricted for:										
Debt service	1,77	79,330		-		74,191		1,853,521		-
Construction		78,897				-		9,578,897		-
Capital Projects		14,095		32,815		763,807		1,110,717		-
Unrestricted	91	10,179		(2,271,887)		4,817,543		3,455,835		1,555,574
Total Net Position	\$ 61,31	15,537	\$	1,902,540	\$	5,345,223	\$	68,563,300	\$	1,555,574
	6.1							211.515		
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise	runds.							211,615		
Net Position of Business-type Activities							\$	68,774,915		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Business-type Activit	ties Enterprise Fund		
		Golf		
	Utility	Course		
	Fund	Fund		
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 19,045,287	\$ 901,766		
Operating Expenses:				
Insurance claim drafts	-	<u>-</u>		
Health insurance cost	-	<u>-</u>		
Utility administration	951,748	-		
Water distribution	2,529,931	-		
Water treatment	1,971,581	-		
Wastewater treatment and collection	1,815,478	-		
Industrial pretreatment	272,341	-		
Utility collection	531,920	-		
Organizational expenses	396,810	-		
Meter readers	435,855	-		
Northside water treatment plant	2,184,294	-		
Depreciation	5,076,791	230,867		
Cost of sales	-	98,236		
Golf course operation	-	952,581		
Solid waste disposal	-	· -		
Total Operating Expenses	16,166,749	1,281,684		
Operating income (loss)	2,878,538	(379,918)		
Non operating revenues (expenses)				
Interest earned	133,093	123		
Bond Interest expense	(684,606)	-		
Bond fiscal charges	(3,050)	-		
Other interest expense	-	(5,199)		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(554,563)	(5,076)		
Net Income (loss) before transfers				
and capital contributions	2,323,975	(384,994)		
Transfers In (Out)	(4,700,000)	300,000		
Capital Contributions	893,581	-		
Change in Net Position	(1,482,444)	(84,994)		
Net Position-Beginning of Year	62,797,981	1,987,534		
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 61,315,537	\$ 1,902,540		

Business-type Act	ivities Enter	prise Fund	Fund	
Solid	•		Group He	alth
Waste			Employee	
Fund		Total	Fund	
	_			
\$ 6,653,797	\$	26,600,850	\$ 3,	975,453
-		-	3,	987,952
-		-	1,	014,934
-		951,748		
-		2,529,931		
-		1,971,581		
-		1,815,478		
-		272,341		
-		531,920		
-		396,810		
-		435,855		
_		2,184,294		
404,280		5,711,938		
-		98,236		
-		952,581		
4,704,001		4,704,001		
5,108,281		22,556,714	5.	002,88
2,200,200				,
1,545,516		4,044,136	(1,	027,43
31,662		164,878		22,23
(64,581)		(749,187)		
(300)		(3,350)		
-		(5,199)		
(33,219)		(592,858)		22,23
1,512,297		3,451,278	(1.	005,19
7- 7	-			
(460,000)		(4,860,000)		
-		893,581		
1,052,297		(515,141)	(1,	005,19
4,292,926			2,	560,76
5,345,223			\$ 1,	555,57

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities (EXHIBIT A-2) are different because the net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with business-type activities.

Change in net position of business-type activities

(241,391)

\$ (756,532)



EXHIBIT A-9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Enterpris	se Fui	nds			Int	ernal Service Fund
		Utility	Go	olf Course		olid Waste				Group
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals		Health
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:										
Cash Received from Customers	\$	19,476,200	\$	885,680	\$	4,139,256	\$	24,501,136	\$	-
Cash Received from Interfund Services Used		-		-		-		-		3,614,090
Cash Payments from Interfund Services Used		-		-		-		-		(4,810,957)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(4,586,083)		(699,957)		(1,121,663)		(6,407,703)		-
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		315,055		(449,832)		(3,454,155)		(3,588,932)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		15,205,172		(264,109)		(436,562)		14,504,501		(1,196,867)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:										
Transfers From (To) Other Funds		(4,700,000)		300,000		(460,000)		(4,860,000)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		(4,700,000)		300,000		(460,000)		(4,860,000)		-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		(2.422.22.2		/# / -0.8\		(024.004)		(4.240.000)		
Principal and Interest Paid		(3,439,606)		(54,602)		(824,881)		(4,319,089)		-
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets		(13,139,868)		(1,461)		(181,339)		(13,322,668)		-
Proceed from Capital Grants		1,327,279				-	_	1,327,279		
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital & Related Financing Activities		(15,252,195)		(56,063)		(1,006,220)		(16,314,478)		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		(0.540.405)				(1.245.600)		(0.000.125)		(0.000)
Purchase of Investment Securities		(8,543,437)		-		(1,345,688)		(9,889,125)		(2,239)
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Securities		3,674,456		-		2,274		3,676,730		900,578
Interest on Investments		133,563		123		31,503	_	165,189		22,239
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities		(4,735,418)		123		(1,311,911)		(6,047,206)		920,578
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(9,482,441)		(20,049)		(3,214,693)		(12,717,183)		(276,289)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		19,522,817		52,042		3,828,214		23,403,073		281,242
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	10,040,376	\$	31,993	\$	613,521	\$	10,685,890	\$	4,953
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash										
Provided by Operating Activities:										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,878,538	\$	(379,918)	\$	1,545,516	\$	4,044,136	\$	(1,027,433)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash										
Provided by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation		5,076,791		230,867		404,280		5,711,938		-
Change in Assets and Liabilities:										
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		(648,358)		946		(2,514,541)		(3,161,953)		(187,186)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		44,375		(6,634)		-		37,741		-
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(2,736)		2,209		-		(527)		-
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds		136,595		-		-		136,595		(174,663)
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments		440,337		-		-		440,337		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		662,132		10,638		111,187		783,957		-
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		67,396		-		-		67,396		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		1,880		765		-		2,645		-
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		5,454,822		(130,817)		(2,866)		5,321,139		486
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		75,530		16,773		19,862		112,165		191,929
Increase (Decrease) in Subdividers Deposits Payable		118,294		-		-		118,294		-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		5,995		8,094		-		14,089		-
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		(17,032)		-		(17,032)		
Total Adjustments		11,433,053		115,809		(1,982,078)	_	9,566,784		(169,434)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	14,311,591	\$	(264,109)	\$	(436,562)	\$	13,610,920	\$	(1,196,867)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:										
Contributed Capital Assets	\$	893,581	\$	-	\$	-	\$	893,581	\$	-
Increase (decrease) in fair value investments	_	(18,469)	_		_	(10,204)		(28,673)	_	(1,595)
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities	\$	875,112	\$	-	\$	(10,204)	\$	864,908	\$	(1,595)
					_		_		_	

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Priva	te-purpose
	•	Trust
	<u> </u>	Fund
	Spee	er Library
	Br	eyfogle
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,812
Investments		-
Accrued interest receivable		-
Total Assets		6,812
LIABILITIES		
		_
Total Liabilities		_
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for scholarships and books		6,812
Tions in the continuings and books	-	0,012
Total Net Position	\$	6,812

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-11

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Priva	te-purpose
		Trust
		Fund
	Spec	er Library
	Bı	eyfogle
Additions:		
Investment Income	\$	-
Total Additions		-
Deductions:		
Scholarship Awards		-
Miscellaneous		-
Total Deductions		-
Change in Net Position		-
Net Position-Beginning of the Year		6,812
Net Position-End of the Year	\$	6,812

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Mission, Texas, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This statement will improve financial reporting of public employee pensions by state and local governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The City has implemented GASB No. 68 in this annual report.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. This statement will eliminate the source of a potential significant understatement of restated beginning net position and expense in the first year of implementation of Statement 68 in the accrual-basis financial statements of employers and non-employer contributing entities. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The City has implemented GASB No. 71 in this annual report. Additionally, in 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68 and amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This statement provides guidance for pension plans that are not administered through a trust.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Mission is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a four member Council. The accompanying financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Mission (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units

The Mission Economic Development Authority (MEDA) was originally organized to provide development activities that could not be carried out by the Mission Economic Development Corporation. City of Mission management has operational and fiscal responsibility for this component unit. The Board now consists of 5 members, 4 of whom are Board Members of the MEDC. All Economic Development Activity on behalf of the City was reassigned by City Resolution to Mission Economic Development Corporation. MEDA holds an investment in several lots of land in the Mission Industrial Park which are available for sale. MEDA is presented as a Blended Component Unit - Special Revenue Fund of the City as MEDA's current limited activity exclusively benefits the City.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

On September 12, 1994 the Mission Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) was issued a Certificate of Incorporation by the State of Texas as a nonprofit corporation under the Development Corporation Act of 1979 Vernon's Ann Civ. St. Art. 5190.6, as amended by adding Sec. 413. The Mission Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) was organized on behalf of the City of Mission, Texas for the specific public purpose of the promotion and development of commercial, industrial and manufacturing enterprises to promote and encourage employment and the public welfare. MEDC is governed by a seven member board of directors, each of whom is appointed by the City Council. Any director may be removed from office by the City Council for cause or at will. MEDC's primary source of revenues is sales tax revenues generated by the City of Mission. In addition, the City approves the programs and expenditures of MEDC and must approve amendments to MEDC's bylaws and Articles of Incorporation. MEDC is presented as a governmental fund type and has a September 30 year end.

Complete financial statements for the above component unit may be obtained at its administrative office at:

Mission Economic Development Corporation 1201 E. 8th St. Mission, Texas 78572

The City of Mission, Texas (the "City") authorized the creation of the Mission Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority") by the Resolution No. 1021 passed on November 26, 2001. The Authority was created and organized as a local government corporation pursuant to provisions of Subchapter D of Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 394 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Authority is organized as a public non-profit corporation for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental function to promote the common good and general welfare of Reinvestment Zone Number One (the "Zone") and neighboring areas; in the preparation and implementation of a project plan and a reinvestment zone financing plan for the zone; in the development of a policy to finance development and redevelopment of residential, educational facilities, commercial and park/open space properties in the Mission area; and in the development and implementation of a redevelopment policy for the Mission area, including the acquisition of land for redevelopment purposes. The Authority may issue bonds with consent of City Council. The Authority is managed by a Board of Directors consisting of seven members. Five of the members are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of City Council. The other two member positions are designated for participating taxing entities. MRA is presented as a governmental fund type and has a September 30 year end.

Complete financial statements for the above mentioned component unit may be obtained at is administrative office at:

Mission Redevelopment Authority 901 Business Park Drive Suite 200 Mission, Texas 78572

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities, demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirement of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general* revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held by the intermediary collecting governments at year end on behalf of the City also are accrued. Fines, permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reports the following fund types and related major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than private purpose trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. None of the special revenue funds are major.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The debt service fund is reported as a major fund.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital facilities, not being financed by the proprietary funds. The Capital Projects Fund and 2016 CO Capital Project Fund are major funds.

The City reports the following proprietary fund types and related major funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City reports all of its enterprise funds as major funds.

The Utility Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City and some residents outside of the City.

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of the Shary Municipal Golf Course.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the provision of garbage and brush collection for the residents of the City.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other department or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Group Health Employee Plan Fund is used to account for health insurance premiums collected from employees and various City departments. Health insurance claims are also reflected in this fund.

The City reports fiduciary fund types, in which the City accounts for assets received and held by the City in the capacity of trustee, agent or custodian. Expenditures are made only in accordance with the purpose for which the assets are received and cannot be used to support the City's programs. Within this category of fund types, the private-purpose trust fund is used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types. All resources of the fund, including any earnings or invested resources, may be used to support the organization's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds – A private purpose trust fund, The Speer Memorial Library-Breyfogle, is used to account for resources held in trust for use for Library Science courses. These funds are to be used for library staff who have been accepted into a Library Science program and who are taking library science courses from an American Library Association/Masters of Library Science (ALA/MLS) accredited program or institution. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support these activities.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applications for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing service, producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments consist of U.S. agency obligations and TexPool investments.

U.S. Treasury and agency obligations are reported at fair value. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. The City's local government investment pools are recorded at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79, Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

The City can legally invest in adequately secured investments in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act. With certain restrictions, the City's Investment Policy allows investments in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas, obligations of the U.S. Government and its Agencies or instrumentalities and State obligations.

The Mission Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) is authorized with certain restrictions to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas, obligations of the U.S. Government and its Agencies or instrumentalities and State obligations. Investments are reported at fair value in the component unit, except for pooled investments which are stated at amortized cost. MEDC's bank accounts are managed by the City and the City's investment policies are followed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Mission Redevelopment Authority is authorized to invest in any investments that are permitted by state statutes under the Public Funds Investment Act. During the year, MRA's investments consisted entirely of Money Market Mutual funds which are valued at cost which approximates market.

E. Interfund Activity

Lending/borrowing between funds that results in amounts outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds".

"Due to/from other funds" represents the current portion of interfund loans, and "advances to/from other funds" represent non-current portion of interfund loans. With respect to the government-wide financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance classification in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation.

F. Receivables

Included in accounts receivable of the City's Utility fund is an estimated amount for services rendered but not billed as of the close of the year. The receivable was estimated by prorating subsequent cycle billings, based upon meter readings sent to customers.

Property taxes receivable have been prorated between General and Debt Service Fund based upon rates adopted for the year of the levy.

G. Inventory

Inventory held by each fund is stated at cost (primarily first-in, first-out). Inventories are recorded under the consumption method. Under this method, the expenditure is initially recorded as an asset and subsequently expended upon usage.

H. Redevelopment Assets

Redevelopment assets are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation is not recorded on redevelopment assets because they are expenditures for planning, design and construction of economic development projects, which upon completion will be transferred to the City of Mission or other governmental entities. Governments usually acquire or incur construction or design costs related to the redevelopment property to attract private-sector investment in an economically depressed area. During the construction or planning and design phase, these capital project assets are considered redevelopment assets of these component units.

I. Land Held for Resale

The City through Mission Economic Development Authority holds commercial real estate lots available for sale within an economically depressed area. These lots will be sold to attract development to further benefit the City.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of long term debt, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$250 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in service concession agreements are reported at acquisition value.

Depreciation of capital assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations in the fund financial statements as well as the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation of general capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities is not provided in the fund financial statements; however, it is included in the gross expense by function in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported on proprietary fund balance sheets and in both the governmental activities and business-type activities column of government-wide Statement of Net Position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Assets	Useful Lives
Buildings	30 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	3-20 years
Water plant and water tower	20-50 years
Water lines	25 years
Sewer system	20 years
Infrastructure	10-45 years

L. Construction Period Interest

The Utility Fund (an enterprise fund) has capitalized interest cost during the construction period of water and wastewater projects. The capitalized interest is recorded as part of the cost of these projects and will be depreciated over the assets' estimated useful life. The amount of interest cost capitalized is net of interest earned on investments acquired with proceeds of related borrowings. Interest expense is not capitalized on capital assets of governmental funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources/Other Assets and Liabilities

Certain defined transactions that do not qualify for treatment as either assets or liabilities are required to be accounted for and reported as either deferred outflows of resources (a separate subheading following assets but before liabilities) or deferred inflows of resources (a separate subheading following liabilities but before equity).

Deferred outflows of resources—a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expenses) until then. It has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

Deferred inflows of resources—an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, deferred amounts from a refunding of debt (debits) are reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred amounts from refunding debt (credits) are reported as deferred inflows of resources and amortized over the lesser life of the refunded bonds or refunding debt.

Grant amounts received in advance of meeting timing requirements and advances of revenue from imposed nonexchange transactions such as property taxes or transactions recorded as a receivable prior to the period when resources are required to be used or are available, are reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level and are recognized as revenues at the government-wide level.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, as described in Note 1-T, are reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements of net position.

Continued Use of Other Assets and Liabilities—Prepayments continue to be reported as assets. Grant amounts received in advance of meeting requirements other than timing and receipts of prepayments continue to be reported as liabilities.

N. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported only in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences vested or accumulated are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the vesting method can be used to calculate the liability related to compensated absences for sick leave. The vesting method focuses on vesting sick leave. Vesting rights include vested rights and those rights that will eventually vest. With the exception of police officers and firefighters, discussed below, the City has recognized a liability for the vested part of employee sick leave. Per the City's Personnel Policy Manual, one-half of accumulated sick days up to a maximum of 90 days will vest once an employee either reaches 15 years of service or is eligible for official retirement as defined by the Texas Municipal Retirement System.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Per Texas Local Government Code Section 143.045, Police Officers and Firefighters are allowed to accumulate 15 sick days for 12 months of employment. They are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment of the full amount of accumulated sick leave not to exceed a total of 90 days' pay. There is no requirement on vested time to receive benefit.

O. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental/business type activities or the specific proprietary fund to which each relates, as applicable. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred charges amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received and discounts incurred on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Fund Balance Reporting

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, long term portions of receivables, redevelopment assets, and land held for resale. The City has prepaid expenses, inventories, long term portion of receivables, and land held for resale that are considered nonspendable.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- Restricted: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed: fund balances that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by an adoption of an ordinance, commit fund balance. Once committed, the funds cannot be used for any other purpose unless such constraints are removed or modified by the adoption of another ordinance by City Council.
- Assigned: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a
 particular purpose. The responsibility to assign funds rests with the City Council, or its designee, such
 as the City Manager. The City's policy dictates that any funds set aside by management as assigned
 fund balance, must be reported to City Council on the next regular Council meeting. Council has the
 authority to change or remove the assignment with majority vote.
- Unassigned: fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

- The City of Mission determined that it is essential that they maintain adequate levels of fund balance in the General Fund to mitigate risks, provide a back-up plan for revenue shortfalls, and ensure that appropriate amounts are available for emergencies.
- The General Fund Unrestricted Fund Balance will be no less than two (2) months of operating expenditures.
- Should the Unrestricted Fund Balance decline to less than two (2) months of operating expenditures, all one-time revenues will be applied to replenish the targeted minimum balance. The targeted fund balance must be replenished within two years.

Furthermore, the City's Charter contains a requirement that a provision must be made in the annual budget and in the appropriation ordinance for a contingent appropriation in an amount no more than three (3) percent of the total budget to be used in case of unforeseen items of expenditure. Unused contingent funds will be used to replenish the targeted minimum unrestricted fund balance.

Order of Expenditures of Funds

• When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds. A detailed classification of fund balances is included in Note 29.

Q. Prepaid Items

In the governmental fund types, payments made for services that benefit periods beyond the current year are recorded as prepaid expenditures and are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of total assets.

R. Internal Service Fund Activity

Because the principal users of the internal service activities are the City's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statement. Only the net profit or loss before investment income is allocated to the operating programs benefited. The investment income is combined with other unrestricted income as general revenue in the statement of activities.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City recognizes a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension plan, or the City's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan, measured as of the City's fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Projected earning on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows or resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

U. New Accounting Standards

In the current fiscal year, the City implemented the following new standards. The provisions of these new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements, if applicable.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires disclosure of tax abatement information about a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and those that are entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. During the current fiscal year, the City did not have any tax abatements.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67*, *No. 68 and No. 73*, addresses the presentation and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an actuarial standard of practice for financial reporting purposes, and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee contribution requirements.

V. Rounding Adjustments

Throughout this comprehensive annual financial report, dollar amounts are rounded, thereby creating differences between the details and the totals.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

As mandated by the City Charter, budgets are required for all City funds each year. For the year ended September 30, 2017 budgets were not adopted for the Fiduciary Funds, but were adopted for the Internal Service Funds. Budget comparisons to actual expenditures for these funds are not required to be included in the financial statements. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all government funds, except for the Capital Projects Funds. Budgets for the Capital Projects Funds are adopted over the multiple-year term of the projects.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with the Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and those expected to be collected during a 30 day period after the close of the City's fiscal year.

Property taxes are billed and collected by the Hidalgo County Tax Office for the City by contract agreement. Tax collections are transferred directly into the City's bank account.

The City is a Home-Rule Charter City with a maximum authorized tax rate for all purposes of \$2.50 per \$100 valuation. The combined tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2017 (2016 levy), was \$0.4962 per \$100 valuation.

Taxes receivable consists of property taxes of \$2,278,029 and sales taxes of \$1,827,916 for a total taxes receivable of \$4,105,945.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Primary Government

Deposits – At September 30, 2017, the carrying value of the City's deposits was \$14,311,121 and the bank balance was \$11,129,023. The entire bank balance was covered by FDIC insurance or was fully collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name. The type of deposits held at year end was demand accounts.

Investments – The primary objective of the City's investment activity is the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. Each investment transaction shall be conducted in a manner to avoid capital losses, whether they are from security defaults or erosion of market value.

The City pools the cash, based on the City's needs, into either deposits in bank accounts, in short-term investments with TexPool, or in longer-term investments in U.S. Government Bonds. However, each fund's balance of cash and investments is maintained in the books of the City.

The City's investments' fair value measurements are as follows at September 30, 2017:

			Fair Value Measurement Using				Using
Investments	F	air Value	Le	vel 1 Inputs	Le	evel 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Certificates of deposit	\$	6,046,267	\$	6,046,267	\$	-	\$ -
U.S. Government Bonds		11,715,498		-		11,715,498	
	\$	17,761,765	\$	6,046,267	\$	11,715,498	\$ -

Quoted market prices are the basis of the fair value for investments. The amount of increase or decrease in the fair value of investments during the current year is included in the City's investment income of \$350,181.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City's investment policy limits average maturities of all investments to three years or less. The maximum final stated maturity of any investment shall not exceed five years. Portfolio diversification is employed as a way to control the risk. The City's investment portfolio is required to have sufficient liquidity to meet anticipated cash flow requirements.

The following is the Interest Rate Risk using Specific Identification, as of September 30, 2017:

			Maturity Period					
				3 Months		4-12	(Over One
Investment Type]	Fair Value		or Less		Months		Year
TexPool	\$	8,452,276	\$	8,452,276	\$	-	\$	-
Federal Farm Credit Bank		4,496,273		200,500		4,046,293		249,480
Federal National Mortgage		5,744,843		-		5,496,382		248,461
Federal Home Loan Mortgage		476,125		-		476,125		-
Federal Home Loan Bank		998,257		-		500,757		497,500
Certificates of Deposits		6,046,267		1,751,802		1,650,585		2,643,880
	\$	26,214,041	\$	10,404,578	\$	12,170,142	\$	3,639,321

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not fulfill its obligations.

The City's investment policy authorizes the following pools:

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"). Chapter 2258 of the Texas Government Code, in addition to the other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act required Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower that AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating services; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

TexPool policies require that local government deposits be used to purchase investments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) of 1987, as amended. The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts has oversight responsibility for TexPool. TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company) to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term, fully collateralized investments, including direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States or State of Texas or their agencies; federally insured certificates of deposit issued by Texas banks or savings and loans; and fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements secured by United States Government agency securities and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Trust Company was incorporated by the State Treasurer by authority of the Texas Legislature as a special purpose trust company with direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve Bank to manage, disburse, transfer, safe keep, and invest public funds and securities more efficiently and economically. The State Comptroller of Public Account exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than fair value to report net position to compute share prices. The fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. As permitted by GASB No. 79, Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the City's investments in TexPool are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

The City's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The City's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the City's Investment policies.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and other investments specifically allowed by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995 (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code).

As of September 30, 2017, the following was the composition of the City's credit rating by investment:

Credit Quality Distribution of Securities With Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments

Investment Type	Rating	Exposure
TexPool	AAA	32%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	17%
Federal National Mortgage	AAA	22%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	AAA	2%
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	4%
Certificates of Deposits	N/A	23%

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Portfolio diversification is critically important to the City to help mitigate the risk of loss. The following are employed terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer, as a way to control risk.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2017, the following was the composition of the City's investment portfolio:

Investment Type	Rating	Exposure
TexPool	AAA	32%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	17%
Federal National Mortgage	AAA	22%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	AAA	2%
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	4%
Certificates of Deposits	N/A	23%
		100%

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that the City will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

The City's investments are categorized as a level one custodial credit risk, meaning that its investments are insured or registered or securities held by the City or its' agent in the City's name.

The City is prohibited from investing in the following types of investments:

- a. Obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal.
- b. Obligations whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and bears no interest.
- c. Collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity date of greater than ten years.
- d. Collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.

The Public Funds Investment Act, the City's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral For Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A reconcilement of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position for the primary government follows:

Cash on hand	\$	7,451
Carrying amount of deposits	14,	304,012
Investments	26,2	214,041
Less: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - investments		(6,812)
Cash and Investments on Statement of Net Position	\$40,	518,692
Cash and cash equivalents	3,	717,326
Investments	18,	599,451
Restricted assets	18,2	201,915
Cash and Investments on Statement of Net Position	\$40,	518,692

B. Component Units

Mission Economic Development Corporation

Deposits - At September 30, 2017, the carrying value and bank balance of the Mission Economic Development Corporation's deposits was \$582,234. Deposits include demand accounts, money market and certificate of deposits. At September 30, 2017, all deposits were not fully insured or collateralized. See custodial credit risk below.

Investments - During the year, MEDC's investments consisted of obligations of the U.S. Government or its Agencies and instrumentalities and public funds investment pools.

MEDC is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowed stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company) to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term, fully-collateralized investments, including direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States or State of Texas or their agencies, federally insured certificates of deposit issued by Texas banks or saving and loans and fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements secured by United States Government agency securities and placed through a primary government securities dealer. The Trust Company was incorporated by the State Treasurer by authority of the Texas Legislature as a special purpose trust company with direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve Bank to manage, disburse, transfer, safekeep, and invest public funds and securities more efficiently and economically.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. The fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Accordingly, MEDC's investments in TexPool are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. TexPool is currently rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. This rating indicates excellent safety and a superior capacity to maintain principal value and limit exposure to loss.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies; MEDC reports its information to the City of Mission Council. Additionally, investment practices of MEDC were in accordance with local policies. The MEDC's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and its adopted investment policies.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

MEDC's investment policy limits average maturities of all investments to one year or less. The maximum final stated maturity of any investment shall not exceed five years. Portfolio diversification is employed as a way to control the risk. MEDC's investment portfolio is required to have sufficient liquidity to meet anticipated cash flow requirements.

The following is the Interest Rate Risk using Specific Identification, as of September 30, 2017:

			Maturity Period							
	A	Amortized	3	Months	Months 4-12		C	over One		
Investment Type	Cost		Investment Type C		st or Less			Months		Year
TexPool	\$	200,296	\$	200,296	\$	-	\$	-		
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Medium Term NTS		502,028		-		502,028		-		
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Medium Term NTS		250,340		-		250,340		-		
Federal Farm CR Bks Cons Systemwide BDS		249,765		-		249,765		-		
Southwest Natl BK Wichita Kans CTF DEP		99,991				99,991				
	\$	1,302,420	\$	200,296	\$	1,102,124	\$	-		

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not fulfill its obligations.

MEDC's investment policy authorizes the following investment pools:

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provision of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"). Chapter 2258 of the Texas Government Code, in addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

Statutes authorize MEDC to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and other investments specifically allowed by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code).

As of September 30, 2017, the following was the composition of MEDC's credit rating by investment:

Credit Quality Distribution of Securities
With Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments

Investment Type	Rating	Exposure
TexPool	AAA	15%
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Medium Term NTS	AAA	39%
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Medium Term NTS	AAA	19%
Federal Farm CR Bks Cons Systemwide BDS	AAA	19%
Southwest Natl BK Wichita Kans CTF DEP	N/A*	8%

^{*} Certificate of deposit

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Risk is controlled through portfolio diversification, which shall be achieved limiting investments to those instruments allowed by the Act, avoiding over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector, limitation of average maturity of operating funds investments to one year, and avoidance of over-concentration of assets in specific instruments other than U.S. Treasury Securities and Insured or Collateralized Certificates of Deposits and risk of liquidity due to technical complications shall be controlled by the selection of securities dealers.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2017, the following was the composition MEDC's investment portfolio:

Investment Type	Rating	Exposure
TexPool	AAA	15%
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Medium Term NTS	AAA	39%
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Medium Term NTS	AAA	19%
Federal Farm CR Bks Cons Systemwide BDS	AAA	19%
Southwest Natl BK Wichita Kans CTF DEP	N/A*	8%
		100%

^{*} Certificate of deposit

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. Broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public funds Investment Act, the MEDC's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral For Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments.

At September 30, 2017, MEDC had deposits collateralized by pledged securities of \$2,065,764; all deposits were fully collateralized.

A reconcilement of cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position for MEDC follows:

Petty cash	\$ 500
Carrying amount of deposits	524,842
Investments	1,302,420
Cash and Investments on Statement of Net Position	\$1,827,762
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 139,468
Investments	1,302,420
Restricted assets	385,874
Cash and Investments on Statement of Net Position	\$1,827,762
Cash and Investments on Statement of Net Position	\$1,827,762

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Mission Redevelopment Authority

Investment Accounting Policy - The Authority is required by the Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the Authority adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the Authority were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments, which are allowable for the Authority. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, the state of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Authority policy authorizes all the State allowable investments. No person may invest the Authority funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

The Authority's management believes that it has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Act and the Authority's investment policies.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public Funds Investment Act, the Authority's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments.

Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the Authority of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the Authority, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. The Authority's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract.

The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the Authority's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect Authority funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. For the deposit and investment balances noted below, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the balance was covered by collateral pledged in the name of the Authority and held in a third party depository.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

As of the fiscal year end, the bank balance and the carrying value of the Authority's deposits was \$9,216,707.

Investments

As of September 30, 2017, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

						Mat	turity Period		
	A	Amortized	Fair	Les	ss Than	O	ne to Five	O	ver Five
Investment Type		Cost	 Value	One	e Year		Years		Years
Certificate of Deposits	\$	3,638,356	\$ 3,611,398		2,041,850	\$	1,569,548	\$	-
US Government Bonds		3,993,870	3,998,760		3,998,760				
	\$	7,632,226	\$ 7,610,158		6,040,610	\$	1,569,548	\$	-

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Authority's investment policy identifies the types of allowable investments as governed by the Public Funds Investments Act, to reduce the credit risk associated with the investments. At September 30, 2017, the Authority's Money Market Mutual Fund investment rating was A- by Standard & Poor's Rating Service.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority considers the investment in the Money Market Mutual Fund to have maturity of less than one year due to the fact the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the Authority, unless there has been a significant change in value. The Authority's investment policy limits money market mutual funds to those with a stable net asset value of \$1 per share and those with a weighted average maturity of less than two years.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2017 were as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund			Amount
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	3,539,960
General Fund	Utility Fund		306,270
Debt Service Fund	Utility Fund		450,000
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		21,090
Capital Projects Fund	Utility Fund		40
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Utility Fund		2,031,696
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund		476,044
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Group Health Fund		2,624
		\$	6,827,724

The remaining balances resulted from a routine lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments made between the funds. All amounts are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

B. Due to/from the primary government and component units at September 30, 2017 were as follows:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity		Amount
Primary Gov't - General Fund	Component Unit - MRA		\$ 6,218
Primary Gov't - Capital Projects Fund	Component Unit - MRA		322,141
Primary Gov't - General Fund	Component Unit - MEDC		788,455
Primary Gov't - Group Health Fund	Component Unit - MEDC	_	3,682
		_	\$ 1,120,496

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

C. Interfund Transfers:

	Transfers In:									
		Non-Major								
			Go	vernmental						
	Ge	eneral Fund		Funds		Total				
Transfers Out:										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,815,809	\$	3,815,809				
Utility Fund		4,400,000		300,000		4,700,000				
Debt Service Fund		-		286,328		286,328				
Non-Major Governmental Funds		460,000		440,457		900,457				
Total Transfers Out	\$	4,860,000	\$	4,842,594	\$	9,702,594				

Transfers out from the General to Non-Major Governmental Funds were to sustain the operating activities of those funds.

A transfer from the Utility Fund to the General Fund is to supplement the General fund for administrative services provided to the enterprise fund.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Balance at			Dec	creases and		Balance at
	Sept	ember 30, 2016		Increases	Rec	lassifications	Sep	tember 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	34,155,340	\$	3,503,941	\$	-	\$	37,659,281
Construction in progress		16,311,920	_	22,655,761		(3,694,672)		35,273,009
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		50,467,260		26,159,702		(3,694,672)		72,932,290
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		21,328,890		80,060		-		21,408,950
Improvements other than buildings		16,982,901		851,417		(3,170)		17,831,148
Machinery and equipment		27,493,470		1,384,294		(118,667)		28,759,097
Infrastructure		91,502,876	_	5,120,984		<u>-</u>		96,623,860
Total capital assets, being depreciated		157,308,137		7,436,755		(121,837)		164,623,055
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(9,071,931)		(767,040)		-		(9,838,971)
Improvements other than buildings		(7,987,664)		(1,106,101)		-		(9,093,765)
Machinery and equipment		(21,625,638)		(1,604,231)		106,716		(23,123,153)
Infrastructure		(55,040,699)	_	(3,681,548)		-		(58,722,247)
Total accumulated depreciation		(93,725,932)		(7,158,920)		106,716		(100,778,136)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		63,582,205		277,835		(15,121)		63,844,919
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	114,049,465	\$	26,437,537	\$	(3,709,793)	\$	136,777,209
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,639,981	\$	18,597	\$	-	\$	3,658,578
Water rights		3,870,564		-		-		3,870,564
Construction in progress		3,592,117		10,071,148		(897,936)		12,765,329
Total assets, not being depreciated		11,102,662	_	10,089,745		(897,936)		20,294,471
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and system		135,683,908		2,811,456		-		138,495,364
Improvements other than buildings		3,455,081		-		-		3,455,081
Furniture and equipment		13,171,239	_	535,778		(61,840)		13,645,177
Total assets, being depreciated		152,310,228	_	3,347,234		(61,840)		155,595,622
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and system		(66,666,184)		(4,551,016)		-		(71,217,200)
Improvements other than buildings		(2,668,220)		(211,443)		-		(2,879,663)
Furniture and equipment		(7,993,012)		(949,479)		61,840		(8,880,651)
Total accumulated depreciation		(77,327,416)	_	(5,711,938)		61,840		(82,977,514)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		74,982,812		(2,364,704)				72,618,108
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	86,085,474	\$	7,725,041	\$	(897,936)	\$	92,912,579

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	241,713
Public safety		1,475,524
Highways and streets, including depreciation of		
general infrastructure assets		3,985,336
Sanitation		15,328
Culture and recreation	-	1,441,019
Total depreciation expense -Governmental activities	\$	7,158,920
		_
Business-type Activities:		
Utility	\$	5,076,791
Golf Course		230,867
Solid Waste	_	404,280
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	5,711,938

Mission Economic Development Corporation

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 for MEDC, was as follows:

	Balance at	Balance at		
	September 30, 2016	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ -	\$ 5,523,909	\$ -	\$ 5,523,909
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		5,523,909		5,523,909
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	679,653	502,189	\$ -	1,181,842
Building	9,268,541	416,181	=	9,684,722
Total capital assets, being depreciated	9,948,194	918,370		10,866,564
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	(34,426)	(174,281)	-	(208,707)
Building	(135,166)	(280,237)		(415,403)
Total accumulated depreciation	(169,592)	(454,518)		(624,110)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9,778,602	463,852		10,242,454
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,778,602	\$ 5,987,761	\$ -	\$ 15,766,363

Depreciation expense charged to MEDC governmental activities totaled \$454,518 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2017 were as follows:

]	Due from				
					9	Special		Other	All	owance for		Net
	Taxes		Α	ccounts	Ass	sessments	Go	vernments	Un	collectibles	R	eceivables
Governmental Activities:												
General	\$ 1,816,	512	\$	1,687,010	\$	-	\$	2,336,039	\$	(1,887,897)	\$	3,951,664
Debt Service	461,	517		-		-		-		(94,577)		366,940
Capital Projects		-		-		-		3,342,928		-		3,342,928
Other Governmental				305,738		142,268		191,336		(980)		638,362
Total	\$ 2,278,	029	\$	1,992,748	\$	142,268	\$	5,870,303	\$	(1,983,454)	\$	8,299,894
Duginaga tema Astiritias												
Business-type Activities:	ф		Ф	2.722.075	Ф		ф		Ф	(112.005)	ф	2 (10 070
Utility	\$	-	\$	2,723,965	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(112,995)	\$	2,610,970
Golf Course		-		6,790		-		-		-		6,790
Solid Waste				1,008,490						(32,354)		976,136
Total	\$	_	\$	3,739,245	\$		\$	-	\$	(145,349)	\$	3,593,896

Revenues of the Utility and Solid Waste Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period.

		Solid Waste
	Utility Fund	Fund
Gross operating revenues	\$ 19,114,277	\$ 6,677,637
Uncollectibles related to current year	(68,990)	(23,840)
Net operating revenues	\$ 19,045,287	\$ 6,653,797

NOTE 8 – DISAGGREGATION OF OTHER LIABILITIES

At September 30, 2017 the City had the following other liabilities:

	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type	
Payable To		Activities	A	ctivities	 Total
Due to state	\$	128,576	\$	71,994	\$ 200,570
Due to other governmental agencies		554		-	554
Wages and deductions		197,287		39,286	236,573
Court deposits/refunds		7,012		-	7,012
Due to others		1,193,076		27,873	 1,220,949
	\$	1,526,505	\$	139,153	\$1,665,658

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificates of Obligation

The City issues Certificates of Obligation to finance construction projects.

Certificates of Obligation payable at September 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:

\$5,495,000 Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009, payable in annual installments ranging from \$85,000	¢.	2.015.000
to \$415,000 through February 15, 2029, interest at 3.00% to 5.25%.	Þ	2,015,000
\$2,930,000 Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010, payable in annual installments ranging from \$75,000		
to \$340,000 through February 15, 2025, interest at 2.00% to 4.00%.		695,000
\$2,625,000 Combination Tay & Limited Plades Payanua Cartificates of		

\$2,635,000 Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2012, payable in annual installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$500,000 through February 15, 2032, interest at 2.00% to 4.00%.

2,030,000

\$17,610,000 Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2016, payable in annual installments ranging from \$875,000 to \$1,575,000 through February 15, 2031, interest at 2.00% to 5.00%.

16,735,000

\$ 21,475,000

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Certificates of obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental										
Year Ending		Activities									
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total								
2018	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 895,068	\$ 2,215,068								
2019	1,365,000	853,193	2,218,193								
2020	1,415,000	800,499	2,215,499								
2021	1,470,000	745,636	2,215,636								
2022	1,535,000	681,802	2,216,802								
2023-2027	7,420,000	2,358,204	9,778,204								
2028-2032	6,950,000	576,982	7,526,982								
	\$ 21,475,000	\$ 6,911,384	\$ 28,386,384								

General Obligation

The City has issued General Obligation Bonds, the proceeds of which have been used to advance refund various prior year outstanding long term debt obligations.

General Obligations payable at September 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:

Governmental activities.	
\$7,565,000 Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009,	
payable in annual installments ranging from \$230,000 to \$565,000 through	
February 15, 2026, interest at 3.00% to 5.25%.	\$ 2,840,000
	, , ,
\$3,165,000 Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012,	
payable in annual installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$270,000 through	
February 15, 2028, interest at 1.00% to 3.50%.	2,525,000
\$2,285,000 Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014,	
payable in annual installments ranging from \$165,000 to \$240,000 through	
February 15, 2025, interest at 2.63%.	1,710,000
1 coldary 15, 2025, interest at 2.05/0.	1,710,000
\$2,025,000 Tayor Canaral Obligation Defunding Dands Series 2016	
\$8,085,000 Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016,	
payable in annual installments ranging from \$165,000 to \$1,210,000 through	
February 15, 2029, interest at 2.00% to 5.00%.	7,920,000
	\$ 14,995,000

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental	
Year Ending		Activities	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 708,787	\$ 2,023,787
2019	1,355,000	666,740	2,021,740
2020	1,405,000	611,856	2,016,856
2021	1,460,000	554,430	2,014,430
2022	1,520,000	498,629	2,018,629
2023-2027	7,270,000	1,195,914	8,465,914
2028-2032	670,000	20,925	690,925
	\$ 14,995,000	\$ 4,257,281	\$ 19,252,281

Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations

The City also issued Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations to finance acquisition of equipment for the Fire Department.

Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations payable at September 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:

\$368,865 Public Property Finance Act Contract No. 6564, payable in annual installments of \$59,379, including principal and interest, through March 1, 2021, interest at 3.091%. \$ 220,088

Public Property Finance Contractual Obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental				
Year Ending			A	ctivities		
September 30,	P	Principal Interest Total				
2018	\$	52,571	\$	6,807	\$	59,378
2019		54,196		5,183		59,379
2020		55,871		3,507		59,378
2021		57,450		1,920		59,370
	\$	220,088	\$	17,417	\$	237,505

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged future waterworks and sewer system net revenues, to repay \$36,570,000 plus interest in Junior Lien revenue bonds issued in 2009, 2014, 2015 and 2016. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for all or a portion of the City's contractual obligations for design, construction, professional services, legal, fiscal, issuance and engineering costs of certain water and wastewater system improvements and refunding on old issues, i.e. EDAP project and wastewater plant expansion. The bonds are payable solely from waterworks and sewer system net revenues and are payable through 2044. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 34 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$42,915,909. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total waterworks and sewer system net revenues were \$3,624,530 and \$7,563,698, respectively.

Revenue bonds payable at September 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

Business-type activities:

Utility Fund:

\$7,780,000 2009 Waterworks and Sewer System Junior Lien Revenue Taxable Serial Bonds payable in annual installments ranging from \$275,000 to \$465,000 from December 30, 2009 through February 15, 2029; non-interest bearing.

\$ 5,485,000

\$10,370,000 2014 Waterworks and Sewer System Junior Lien Refunding Bonds payable in annual installments ranging from \$675,000 to \$1,100,000 from February 15, 2015 through February 15, 2026; interest at 2.00% to 5.00%.

8,250,000

\$16,140,000 2015 Waterworks and Sewer System Junior Lien Refunding Bonds payable in annual installments ranging from \$490,000 to \$730,000 from February 15, 2017 through February 15, 2044; interest at 0.29% to 2.11%.

15,650,000

\$8,260,000 2016 Waterworks and Sewer System Junior Lien Revenue Taxable Serial Bonds payable in annual installments ranging from \$250,000 to \$1,075,000 from February 15, 2017 through February 15, 2027; interest at 2.00% to 4.00%.

7,185,000

\$ 36,570,000

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

-	•	
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Year Ending		Activities	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 2,325,000	\$ 696,205	\$ 3,021,205
2019	2,370,000	647,405	3,017,405
2020	2,430,000	593,270	3,023,270
2021	2,505,000	536,436	3,041,436
2022	2,570,000	472,020	3,042,020
2023-2027	12,875,000	1,488,701	14,363,701
2028-2032	3,660,000	906,576	4,566,576
2033-2037	3,035,000	646,366	3,681,366
2038-2042	3,355,000	328,318	3,683,318
2043-2047	1,445,000	30,612	1,475,612
	\$ 36,570,000	\$ 6,345,909	\$ 42,915,909

Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations

The City also issued Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations to finance acquisition of equipment for the Solid Waste Fund. Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations payable at September 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

Business-type activities – Solid Waste Fund:

\$4,880,000 Texas Public Property Finance Contractual Obligation, Series 2014, payable in annual installments ranging from \$205,000 to \$815,000 through February 15, 2021, interest at 1.87%.

\$ 3,170,000

Public Property Finance Contractual Obligation debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Business-type				
Year Ending		Activities				
September 30,	Principal	Principal Interest Total				
2018	\$ 770,000	\$ 52,080	\$ 822,080			
2019	785,000	37,540	822,540			
2020	800,000	22,720	822,720			
2021	815,000	7,620	822,620			
2022						
	\$ 3,170,000	\$ 119,960	\$ 3,289,960			

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

In 2010, the City closed on a commitment from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) administered by the Texas Water Development Board which authorized the issuance of \$8,285,000 in revenue bonds. These bonds titled Waterworks and Sewer System Junior Lien Revenue Bonds Taxable Series 2009 were used for projects to make water system improvements. The DWSRF funding mechanism allowed the City to issue as many bond coupons in installments as needed to fund the authorized projects. At the completion of the authorized project, the total amount of coupons issued by the City was \$7,780,000.

On August 16, 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Series 2016 in the amount of \$8,085,000 to advance refund a portion of Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2005A; Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007; Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009; General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009. Bond proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of old debt resulting in an economic gain of \$920,000. Deferred loss on refunding at September 30, 2017 totaled \$344,794.

Outstanding balance on partially defeased bonds are as follows at September 30, 2017:

\$5,495,000 Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009	\$ 2,015,000
\$7,565,000 Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009	2,840,000
	\$ 4,855,000

Bonds are included in bond payable schedules above as well as debt service requirements.

Arbitrage Compliance

The City of Mission is subject to federal arbitrage regulations and as of September 30, 2017, the City was in compliance with all arbitrage rebate and yield restriction reporting requirements. In addition the City had no accrued liabilities in regards to arbitrage rebate or yield restrictions. The City adheres to its adopted written procedures to monitor post-issuance compliance of the federal tax laws applicable to the Bonds as requested by the Internal Revenue Service.

Texas Water Code Compliance

The City of Mission is subject to Texas Water Code, Chapter 16, Section 16.356 related to Economically Distressed Areas Programs (EDAP). For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City confirms they did not use any revenue received from fees collected from a water supply or sewer service constructed in whole or in part from funds from the economically distressed areas program account for purposes other than utility purposes.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance at September 30, 2016	Additional Obligations and Net Increases	Retirements and Net Decreases	Balance at September 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Certificates of obligation	\$ 23,420,000	\$ -	\$ 1,945,000	\$ 21,475,000	\$ 1,320,000
Public property finance					
contractual obligations	271,092	-	51,004	220,088	52,571
General obligations	15,985,000	-	990,000	14,995,000	1,315,000
Plus bond premium	4,442,810		332,232	4,110,578	332,232
Total bonds payable	44,118,902		3,318,236	40,800,666	3,019,803
Compensated absences	3,274,534	1,594,009	1,518,797	3,349,746	1,454,407
Net pension liability	9,165,549	463,171	-	9,628,720	-
Net other postemployment					
benefit obligation	793,512	92,145	-	885,657	-
Anzalduas bridge payable	2,592,342	327,790		2,920,132	
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 59,944,839	\$ 2,477,115	\$ 4,837,033	\$ 57,584,921	\$ 4,474,210
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 39,325,000	\$ -	\$ 2,755,000	\$ 36,570,000	\$ 2,325,000
Public property finance					
contractual obligations	3,930,000	_	760,000	3,170,000	770,000
Plus bond premium	1,394,199	-	137,394	1,256,805	137,394
Total bonds payable	44,649,199	-	3,652,394	40,996,805	3,232,394
Capital leases	198,500	-	49,403	149,097	45,564
Compensated absences	420,619	258,791	217,745	461,665	208,182
Net pension liability	1,722,306	92,681	-	1,814,987	_
Net other postemployment					
benefit obligation	202,066	25,111	-	227,177	-
Business-type activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 47,192,690	\$ 376,583	\$ 3,919,542	\$ 43,649,731	\$ 3,486,140

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Generally, the general and special revenue funds liquidate the portion of compensated absences and pension liabilities that pertain to thier own fund.

After adoption of GASB 65, the deferred gain/loss on refunding is now reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources. See Note 12.

The Utility Fund capitalized \$106,885 of bond interest expense as part of various construction projects for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Additional disclosures on capital lease commitments are presented in Note 21.

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT - LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE

A. Mission Economic Development Corporation (MEDC)

MEDC has issued sales tax revenue bonds to finance various construction projects to enhance economic development in the Mission area. These bonds are to be repaid with sales tax revenue.

Sales tax revenue bond payable at September 30, 2017 for the MEDC is comprised of the following:

\$4,380,000 - Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 due in annual principal installments ranging from \$90,000 to \$325,000 from January 15, 2011 through 2024; interest at 3.85%. \$2,380,000

The annual requirements to retire the sales tax revenue bond including interest are as follows:

Vear	Ending
i cai	Linuing

September 30,	Principal]	Interest	 Total
2018	\$	365,000	\$	84,604	\$ 449,604
2019		380,000		70,263	450,263
2021		395,000		55,344	450,344
2021		295,000		42,061	337,061
2022		305,000		30,511	335,511
2023-2027		640,000		24,833	664,833
	\$	2,380,000	\$	307,616	\$ 2,687,616

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT - LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE (Continued)

Sales tax revenue notes payable at September 30, 2017 for the MEDC is comprised of the following:

\$6,000,000 - Sales and Use Tax Revenue Note, Series 2016-A due in semi-annual installments of \$300,000 including interest at 2.85%. Note matures August 1, 2036. Note is collateralized by sales tax revenues collected.

\$ 5,239,409

\$2,000,000 - Sales and Use Tax Revenue Note, due in monthly installments of \$20,105, including interest at 3.795%. Note matures on December 1, 2021. Note is collateralized by sales tax revenues collected.

1,875,013

\$ 7,114,422

The annual requirements to retire the sales tax revenue note payable including interest are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2018	\$ 471,915	\$ 218,450	\$ 690,365	
2019	478,869	203,159	682,028	
2020	485,718	187,760	673,478	
2021	493,147	171,781	664,928	
2022	500,711	155,667	656,378	
2023-2027	2,444,652	1,024,500	3,469,152	
2028-2032	1,500,000	573,793	2,073,793	
2033-2037	739,410	92,277	831,687	
	\$ 7,114,422	\$ 2,627,387	\$ 9,741,809	

NOTE 10 – COMPONENT UNIT – LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt obligations for MEDC for the year ended September 30, 2017:

	September 30, 2016	Additional Obligations and Net Increases	Retirements and Net Decreases	September 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Bonds and notes:					
Sales Tax Refunding Bond	\$ 2,730,000	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 365,000
Sales Tax Revenue Note - LSNB	2,000,000	-	124,987	1,875,013	157,542
Sales Tax Revenue Note - Frost	6,000,000		760,591	5,239,409	300,000
Total bonds and notes	10,730,000		1,235,578	9,494,422	822,542
Other Liabilities:					
Capital leases	9,149,531		318,273	8,831,258	330,564
Total other liabilities	9,149,531		318,273	8,831,258	330,564
Total long-term debt obligations	\$ 19,879,531	\$ -	\$ 1,553,851	\$ 18,325,680	\$ 1,153,106

The above listed refunding bond issue is to be repaid from the 1/2 cent sales tax levied under the Section 4B referred to in Note 1(A).

B. Mission Redevelopment Authority (MRA)

Revenue Bonds Payable

The Mission Redevelopment Authority periodically issues bonds to pay for the costs incurred within the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) for infrastructure improvements. These bonds will be repaid from property taxes collected on property within TIRZ.

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT - LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE (Continued)

Bonds payable at September 30, 2017 for the MRA are comprised of the following:

\$10,620,000 in tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2009. The interest rates on the bonds range from 3.00% - 5.25%. Interest on the bonds is payable on each March 1st and September 1st. The bonds mature serially September 1st beginning 2010 and ending 2029.

\$ 1,470,000

\$7,455,000 in tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2013. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. Interest on the bonds is payable on each March 1st and September 1st. The bonds mature serially September 1st beginning 2015 and ending 2030.

6,015,000

\$16,990,000 in tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2017. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. Interest on the bonds is payable on each March 1st and September 1st. The bonds mature serially September 1st beginning 2017 and ending 2030.

16,780,000

\$ 24,265,000

As of September 30, 2017, the debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding were as follows:

T 7	T 1'
vear	Hnama
1 Cai	Ending

September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,805,000	\$ 846,462	\$ 2,651,462
2019	1,875,000	777,426	2,652,426
2020	1,950,000	704,438	2,654,438
2021	2,020,000	625,250	2,645,250
2022	2,095,000	546,500	2,641,500
2023-2027	9,845,000	1,973,957	11,818,957
2028-2030	4,675,000	385,794	5,060,794
	\$ 24,265,000	\$ 5,859,827	\$ 30,124,827

State Infrastructure Loan Agreement

On March 25, 2008 MRA entered into a State Infrastructure Loan Agreement with the State of Texas, acting by and through the Texas Department of Transportation (TXDOT). The agreement became effective on April 3, 2008, upon execution by the State. The loan amount of \$3,000,000 was used to finance the actual costs of the extension of Anzalduas Road from the proposed General Service Administration Complex north to US 83 Expressway. The MRA has agreed to repay the loan over a period of fifteen (15) years at a 3.85% interest rate.

\$ 1,406,516

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT - LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE (Continued)

As of September 30, 2017, the debt service requirements on the loan agreement were as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30,	1	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2018	\$	212,850	\$	54,151	\$ 267,001
2019		221,045		45,956	267,001
2020		229,555		37,446	267,001
2021-2024		743,066		57,936	 801,002
	\$	1,406,516	\$	195,489	\$ 1,602,005

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations debt for MRA for the year ended September 30, 2017:

			Additional				
	September 30,		Obligations and Retirements		tirements and	September 30,	Due Within
		2016	Net Increases	N	let Decreases	2017	One Year
Tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2005	\$	5,030,000	\$ -	\$	5,030,000	\$ -	\$ -
Tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2009		7,815,000	-		6,345,000	1,470,000	470,000
Tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2013		6,380,000	-		365,000	6,015,000	375,000
Tax increment contract revenue bonds series 2017		-	16,990,000		210,000	16,780,000	960,000
Less issuance discounts		(220,150)	(110,159)		(222,228)	(108,081)	-
Plus issuance premiums		79,510	864,088		21,983	921,615	-
Less losses		-	(898,721)		(16,957)	(881,764)	
Total contract revenue bonds		19,084,360	16,845,208		11,732,798	24,196,770	1,805,000
State infrastructure bank loan		1,611,475	-		204,959	1,406,516	212,850
Total governmental activities		20,695,835	16,845,208		11,937,757	25,603,286	2,017,850

Optional Redemption for Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds

The Authority reserves the right, at its option, to redeem bonds prior to their scheduled maturities, in whole or from time to time, in part, on the call date or any date thereafter at a price of par value plus unpaid accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed from redemption. This optional redemption applies to bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2020 or September 1, 2024, or September 1, 2028 for Series 2005 and Series 2009, Series 2013, and Series 2017 bonds respectively.

Scheduled Mandatory Redemption for Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds

The Series 2009 Term bonds due September 1, 2022, September 1, 2025, September 1, 2027, and September 1, 2029, are subjected to mandatory redemption by lot or other customary method at a price of par plus accrued interest on September 1st in the years and amounts as reflected in the debt service schedules.

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT - LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE (Continued)

The Series 2013 Term bonds due September 1, 2030 are subjected to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part, prior to their stated maturity at the redemption prices of par plus accrued interest on September 1 in the years and amounts as reflected in the debt service schedules.

The Series 2017 Term bonds due September 1, 2030 are subjected to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part, prior to their stated maturity at the redemption prices of par plus accrued interest on September 1 in the years and amounts as reflected in the debt service schedules.

NOTE 11 – INTERFUND ADVANCES

Revenues increased for the Golf Course during the year. The Golf Course staff will continue to increase tournament play and use specials to entice players to golf during off-peak times. The Media Relations Department and social media are being utilized to increase play as well. The expenditures continue to be closely monitored with increased efforts to complete projects in-house in order to decrease expenditures for external contractors. The advance payable decreased by \$136,325 compared to prior years balance. At September 30, 2017 the balance of the advance in the amount of \$1,762,044 is reflected as long-term advance receivable in the Utility Fund; and long-term advance payable in the Golf Course Fund. Beginning in 2017 a transfer from the Utility Fund has been budgeted and will continue for subsequent years to reduce advance payable going forward.

NOTE 12 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

At the government-wide financial statements, deferred outflows include deferred charges on refunding of the bonds.

At the fund level financial statements, the City has the following Deferred Inflows of Resources:

						Total
	De		Del	Debt Service		erred Inflows
	General Fund		Fund		of Resources	
Delinquent property						
taxes, unavailable	\$	1,008,364	\$	355,538	\$	1,363,902

At the government-wide financial statements, the City reports cumulative deferred charges on refundings as Deferred Outflows of Resources in the amount of \$1,066,287 which is net of cumulative amortization of \$105,809.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are \$6,025,541 and \$180,865, respectively. See Note 16 for details regarding pensions.

NOTE 13 – UNEARNED REVENUES

Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. The following summarizes unearned revenues in governmental activities:

Park dedication fees	\$ 287,606
Grants	6,763
Other	2,863
Total unearned revenue	\$ 297,232

Unearned revenues of \$23,565 in the Golf Course Fund, an enterprise fund, represent collections of annual membership dues that will be recognized as revenue in the next fiscal year.

NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM RECEIVABLE

Long-Term Notes Receivables at September 30, 2017 for the City of Mission are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities:

Housing Rehab Receivable

Promissory note receivable for housing assistance provided under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program to an ineligible recipient. The principal amount is payable in equal monthly installments of \$200 on the ninth day of each month, beginning November 9, 2007 and continuing until the principal has been paid in full. The final maturity date is January 9, 2026.

	_ \$	20,000
Total long-term note receivable		20,000
Less: current portion		(2,400)
	\$	17,600

NOTE 15 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

A. Primary Government

Business-Type Activities:

The waterworks and sewer system revenue bond indentures require that during the period over which the bonds are outstanding, the City maintain certain separate accounts and funds to account for (1) the proceeds from the issuance of the revenue bonds (2) the debt service deposits made from revenues and (3) extensions and improvement deposits made from revenues. These restricted assets can be used only in accordance with the revenue bond indenture. Similar requirements exist for the debt service of the Public Property Financing Contractual Obligations.

The City also holds certain deposits from subdividers for future utility improvements, and the amount of retainage of certain construction contracts.

NOTE 15 – RESTRICTED ASSETS (Continued)

Restricted assets included in the Utility Fund as of September 30, 2017 consist of:

		Cash and				
	Cash Equivalents		I1	Investments		Total
Revenue bond reserve fund	\$	4,283,515	\$	4,277,654	\$	8,561,169
Bond interest and sinking 1,270		1,270,683		145,817		1,416,500
Cash with fiscal agent		3,403,408		-		3,403,408
Revenue bond extension						
and improvement fund		124,617		188,259		312,876
Subdividers deposits		548,248		1,604,390		2,152,638
Capital recovery fund		407,306		1,074,003		1,481,309
	\$	10,037,777	\$	7,290,123	\$	17,327,900

Restricted assets included in the Golf Course Fund as of September 30, 2017 consist of reserves for capital projects in the amount of \$28,608.

Restricted assets included in the Solid Waste Fund as of September 30, 2017 consist of reserves for capital projects of \$439,337, capital outlays of \$324,470 and debt service in the amount of \$81,601.

A. <u>Mission Economic Development Corporation</u>

Restricted assets held by Mission Economic Development Corporation at September 30, 2017 consisted of Debt Service, Capital Projects Reserves and Mission Education in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$385,874.

B. Mission Redevelopment Authority

Restricted assets held by Mission Redevelopment Authority at September 30, 2017 consisted of Debt Service Reserves required by the Tax Increment Contract Bonds in the amount of \$3,035,025.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS

Plan Descriptions:

The City participates in two defined benefit pension plans. All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). In addition, the City contributes to the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS), which provides benefits to the City's volunteer emergency services personnel. A brief description of each of the pension plans follows:

- 1. The City of Mission participates as one of 860 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.
- 2. The Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) is a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension, disability and death benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. The nine member Board of Trustees, appointed by the Governor, establishes policy for the administration of the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System. The TESRS was created as a standalone agency by the 83rd Legislature via the passage of SB 220, effective September 1, 2013, to assume the related functions of the abolished Office of the Fire Fighters' Pension Commissioner. While the agency is new, the System has been in existence since 1977. TESRS, which is under the authority of Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapters 861-865 of the Texas Government Code, provides death and disability benefits to active volunteer fire fighters and first responders, and a pension to members with vested service, as well as to their survivor/beneficiaries. For financial reporting purposes, the State of Texas is considered the primary reporting government. TESRS' financial statements are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. TESRS issues a publicly available Annual Financial Report, which includes financial statements, notes, and required supplementary information, which can be obtained at www.tesrs.org.

Benefits Provided:

TMRS

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Employees can retire at age 60 and above with 5 or more years of service, or with 20 years of service regardless of age. The contribution rate for employees is 6% and the matching percentage for the City is 200%. The City has also adopted 100% updated service credit (USC) on a repeating basis and annuity increases (AI) on a repeating basis, at 70% of the change in the CPI. Employees are vested after 5 years of service.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

TESRS

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), re-codified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50% vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing 10% for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100% vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percent multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2% compounded annually. There is no provision for automatic postretirement benefit increases.

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount or continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of most recent measurement date of the net pension liability, membership data for the pension plans are as follows:

	TMRS	TESRS
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	160	12
Inactive employees entitled to but no yet receiving benefits	281	-
Active employees	670	3
Total participants	1,111	15

Contributions:

TMRS

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Employees for the City of Mission were required to contribute 6% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The minimum contribution rates for the City of Mission were 8.51% and 8.00% in calendar years 2017 and 2016, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2017, were \$2,171,026, and were equal to the required contributions.

TESRS

Under TESRS, contributions are made by governing bodies for the participating departments. No contributions are required from the individuals who are members of the System, nor are they allowed. The governing bodies of each participating department are required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services for a department (this minimum contribution is \$36 per member and the department may make a higher monthly contribution for its members). This is referred to as a Part One contribution, which is the legacy portion of the System contribution that directly impacts future retiree annuities.

The state is required to contribute an amount necessary to make the System "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total of all contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year.

The board rule defining contributions was amended effective July 27, 2014 to add the potential for actuarially determined Part Two contributions that would be required only if the expected future annual contributions from the state are not enough with the Part One contributions to provide an adequate contribution arrangement as determined by the most recent actuarial valuation. This Part Two portion, which is actuarially determined as a percent of the Part One portion (not to exceed 15%), is to be actuarially adjusted near the end of each even-numbered calendar year based on the most recent actuarial valuation. Based on the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2016, the Part Two contributions were established by the board to be 2% of the Part One contributions beginning September 1, 2017.

Additional contributions may be made by governing bodies within two years of joining the System, to grant up to ten years of credit for service per member. Prior service purchased must have occurred before the department began participation in the System.

A small subset of participating departments has a different contribution arrangement which is being phased out over time. Such arrangement funds retirees and beneficiaries that have been in the H.B. 258 Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act (TLFFRA) fund before merging into the S.B. 411. In this arrangement, contributions made in addition to the monthly contributions for active members, are made by local governing bodies on a pay-as-you-go basis for members who were pensioners when their respective departments merged into the System. There is no actuarial impact associated with this arrangement as the pay-as-you-go contributions made by these governing bodies are always equal to benefit payments paid by the System. For the City of Mission, total additional deposit was \$1,200 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by board rule, and there is no maximum contribution rate. The City's total contributions to TESRS (including the deposit for TLFFRA) for the year ending September 30, 2017, were \$2,496, equal to the contributions required under both S.B. 411 and H.B. 258 for the year.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability:

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016 for TMRS and August 31, 2016 for TESRS, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates.

Actuarial Assumptions

Schedule	of Actua	arial
Someane	OI III	ni iwi

Assumptions	TMRS	TESRS
Valuation Date	12/31/16	8/31/16
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	N/A
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed	N/A
Remaining	29 years	N/A
Amortization Period		
Asset Valuation	10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft	N/A
Method	corridor	
Inflation	2.5%	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.5% to 10.5% including inflation	N/A
Investment Rate of	6.75%	7.75%, net of pension plan investment
Return		expense, 4.75% net real rate of return plus inflation
Retirement Age	Experienced-based table of rates	N/A
	that are specific to the City's plan of benefits.	
Mortality Assumption	RP-2000 Combined Healthy	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Lives
	Mortality Table scaled BB by 109%	Mortality Tables for males and for
	for males and 103% for females	females projected to 2024 by Scale
		AA

TMRS

For TMRS, actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014, first used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.55%
International Equity	17.50%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	4.15%
Real Return	10.00%	4.15%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.75%
Absolute Return	10.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	7.75%
Total	100%	

TESRS

For TESRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future net real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%). In addition, the final 7.75% assumption reflected a reduction of 0.20% for adverse deviation. The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Equities:		
Large cap domestic	32.00%	5.72%
Small cap domestic	10.00%	5.96%
Developed International	21.00%	6.21%
Emerging markets	6.00%	7.18%
Master limited partnership	5.00%	7.61%
Fixed income:		
Domestic	21.00%	1.61%
International	5.00%	1.81%
Cash	0.00%	0.00%
Total	100%	

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

TMRS

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

TESRS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the August 31, 2016 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) in 30 years using the conservative level dollar amortization method. Because of the 30-year amortization period with the conservative amortization method and with a lower value of assets, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability for the TMRS pension and the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the TESRS pension, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability and proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
City's Net Pension Liability -			
TMRS	\$24,657,430	\$11,426,624	\$592,287
	6.75%	7.75%	8.75%
City's Proportionate Share of			
the Net Pension Liability -			
TESRS	\$12,102	\$6,480	\$2,934

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability – TMRS</u>

Changes in the City's net pension liability for the TMRS pension for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 are as follows:

			Incre	ase (Decrease)		
	To	otal Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)	N	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 9/30/2016	\$	78,340,383	\$	67,469,611	\$	10,870,772
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		3,428,663		-		3,428,663
Interest		5,322,821		-		5,322,821
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		139,268		-		139,268
Change of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		2,171,026		(2,171,026)
Contributions - employee		-		1,657,278		(1,657,278)
Net investment income		-		4,560,867		(4,560,867)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,396,210)		(2,396,210)		-
Administrative expense		-		(51,496)		51,496
Other changes		<u>-</u> _		(2,775)		2,775
Net changes		6,494,542		5,938,690		555,852
Balance at 9/30/2017	\$	84,834,925	\$	73,408,301	\$	11,426,624

<u>City Proportion of Net Pension Liability – TESRS</u>

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the TESRS at September 30, 2017 is \$6,480, and the proportion percentage of the aggregate net pension liability allocated to the City is 0.027%. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual required contributions of each of the participating departments for the plan's fiscal year.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued financial report. The TMRS financial report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com. The TESRS financial report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com. The TESRS financial report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,881,181 for the TMRS pension plan and \$1,360 for the TESRS pension plan for a total pension expense of \$3,882,541.

NOTE 16 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At September 30, 2017, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TM	IRS		TESRS		Total					
	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	In	Deferred flows of esources	Out	eferred flows of sources	Inflo	ferred ows of ources	О	Deferred utflows of Resources	In	Deferred of the sources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	258,456 867,335	\$	175,531	\$	7 95	\$	-	\$	258,463 867,430	\$	175,531
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,037,842 1,861,910		5,334		604		-		3,038,446 1,861,910		5,334
Total	\$	6,025,543	\$	180,865	\$	706	\$		\$	6,026,249	\$	180,865

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,861,910 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the measurement year ending December 31, 2017 (i.e., recognized in the City's financial statements September 30, 2018). The remaining deferred outflows and (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be amortized and recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	TMRS	T	ESRS
2018	\$ 1,286,903	\$	305
2019	1,286,905		559
2020	1,129,827		(27)
2021	192,705		(132)
2022	82,592		-
Thereafter	3,836		
	\$ 3,982,768	\$	706

NOTE 17 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Post Retirement Health Care Benefits

Plan Description

City of Mission, Texas Healthcare Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Mission. The plan covers health insurance benefits. Eligible City retirees and their dependents may continue health care coverage through the City for up to 24 months after retirement from the City. The City pays 100% of the employee's premiums for retirees who complete 25 years of service. Employees who do not meet the 25 years of service are required to pay for coverage for themselves at 100% after retirement. All employees pay 100% of the dependent coverage. The City does not issue separate audited financial statements for the postemployment benefit plan.

Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Total premiums and health claims for fiscal year 2017 were \$56,273 for retirees, contributed by the City.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Plan.

Annual required contribution	\$ 196,428
Interest on net OPEB obligation	37,832
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(64,713)
Annual OPEB cost	169,547
Contributions Made	52,290
Increase in net OPEB obligation	117,257
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	995,577
Net OPEB obligation -end of year	\$ 1,112,834

NOTE 17 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
9/30/2015	197,038	31.85%	874,680
9/30/2016	180,304	32.90%	995,577
9/30/2017	169,547	30.84%	1,112,834

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of September 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,545,005, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,545,005.

The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$18,094,923 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 8.5%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend.

Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. The actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the ARC for the current year are as follows:

- a) The actuarial cost method used is the Projected Unit Credit method.
- b) As of this valuation date, there are no assets, hence no need for actuarial value of assets.
- c) See table below for disclosure of significant actuarial assumptions.
- d) The amortization method is level dollar. The amortization period is 30 years. The period is open.

NOTE 17 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Valuation date	September 30, 2016
Discount rate	3.8%
Claims costs	Derived from claim and enrollment records
	for the period September 2013 through
	September 2016, and adjusted for the risk
	characteristics of the covered group
Rate of Inflation	2.5%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capita	1.6%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.3%
Expected health share of GDP in 2020	18.5%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.0%
Year of Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2075

B. Supplemental Death Benefits

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1st of any year to be effective the following January 1st.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

The City offers supplemental death benefits to:

	Plan Year 2016	Plan Year 2017
Active employees	Yes	Yes
Retirees	Yes	Yes

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$42,396, \$38,670, and \$35,480 respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE 18 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Litigation

The City is currently a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the City plans to contest the suits, it is the opinion of management and its outside attorneys that the possible outcome of the lawsuits and an estimate of the loss, if any, cannot presently be determined.

B. Federally Assisted Grant Programs

The City participates in several Federal and State assisted grant programs. Although the City grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 19 – CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT COMMITMENTS

At September 30, 2017, the City had several active construction projects. The projects include renovation of parks and improvements of infrastructure.

A. Primary Government

	Total Contract	Spent to	Remaining
Project	Amount	Date	Commitment
Inspiration Rd US 83 Exp N to Mile 3	\$ 11,281,166	\$ 10,821,290	\$ 459,876
Taylor Rd US 83 Exp to N Dove	3,452,992	3,224,278	228,714
Mile 2 N Project	7,720,647	7,502,960	217,687
Mission Event Center	15,582,919	10,684,279	4,898,640
Madero International Bridge	1,276,483	611,463	665,020
Wescan Lane (Sno-Bird Estate Subdivision)	337,290	25,000	312,290
Mission Tennis Center	116,700	86,431	30,269
Drainage Improvement for Erma St.	417,002	30,000	387,002
N.WWTP 4.5MGD Expansion Project	16,496,556	9,726,427	6,770,129
Water Tower - Bus 83/Glasscock	2,000,000	90,858	1,909,142
Bentsen Palms lift Station Project	1,235,213	1,073,413	161,800
Mission Event Center Water Tower	2,300,000	441,653	1,858,347
	\$ 62,216,968	\$ 44,318,052	\$ 17,898,916

The City has entered into several Advance Funding Agreements (AFA's) with the Texas Department of Transportation to fund various road widening and improvement projects within the City limits. These AFA's commit state or federal resources to the projects and require participation of the City in the cost of the projects. The City has signed engineering contracts in relation to these AFA's and the commitments under such contracts are reflected in the commitment summary noted above.

NOTE 20 – OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

A. Primary Government

The City leases office equipment and golf carts under operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$125,627 for the year ended September 30, 2017. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

September 30,	_	
2018	\$	65,135
2019		65,135
2020		1,192
2021		-
2022		
Total	\$	131,462

NOTE 21 – CAPITAL LEASE COMMITMENTS

A. Primary Government

The City has entered into lease agreements as a lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment for the golf course owned by the City reflected under business-type activities. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments totaling \$252,876 at the inception date. Depreciation expense for the equipment totaled \$39,696 for the year ended September 30, 2017. The equipment and related depreciation is included in Note 6.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

September 30,	
2018	\$ 49,413
2019	49,413
2020	49,413
2021	8,237
2022	
Total minimum lease payments	156,476
Less interest:	(7,380)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 149,096

NOTE 21 – CAPITAL LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

B. Mission Economic Development Corporation

MEDC leases a 55,000 square foot facility under a lease agreement classified as a capital lease. The facility is used as the Center for Education and Economic Development (CEED). The lease has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments totaling \$9,268,541 at the inception date. Depreciation expense for the building totaled \$276,769 for the year ended September 30, 2017. The building and related depreciation is included in Note 6.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

September 30,	
2018	\$ 660,000
2019	660,000
2020	660,000
2021	660,000
2022	660,000
Thereafter	9,047,500
Total minimum lease payments	12,347,500
Less interest:	(3,516,242)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 8,831,258

NOTE 22 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carried commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year; no negative statements or jury awards have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The City established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation and health insurance in a previous year. Effective December 1, 1996, the City became fully insured for workers compensation insurance through a conventional policy. The City's health insurance program is self-funded.

Health insurance premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund by all other funds and are available to pay health claims and administrative costs of the program including costs associated with wellness programs. Inter-fund premiums are based primarily on claims experience and are reported as quasi-external transactions.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Health liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claims liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors.

NOTE 22 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The following is a reconciliation of the claims liability:

	2017		 2016
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	242,417	\$ 169,874
Incurred claims and adjustments		3,987,952	3,125,125
Claims payments		(3,899,251)	(3,052,582)
Unpaid claims (IBNRs), end of fiscal year	\$	331,118	\$ 242,417

NOTE 23 – COMPONENT UNIT TRANSACTIONS

A. The City's economic development activities via City Council Resolution delegated all economic development activities to MEDC.

City of Mission provides personnel services to carry out the daily operating activities of MEDC. MEDC does not reimburse the City of Mission for the services provided as well as accounting and overhead costs.

The President of the board of directors for MEDC is also the President of Lone Star National Bank. On May 31, 2016, MEDC obtained a loan from Lone Star National Bank. At September 30, 2017, the balance outstanding on the note was \$1,875,013.

B. During the year ended September 30, 2017 Mission Redevelopment Authority reimbursed the City for costs incurred related to various projects in the amount of \$2,942,015. At September 30, 2017, the MRA owed the City \$6,218 for administrative costs. Additionally, the City owed MRA \$124,369 for property taxes collected but not yet remitted.

NOTE 24 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Mission Economic Development Corporation (the "Issuer") pursuant to Texas Civil Statutes Article 5190.6(the "Act"), and the Industrial Revenue Bond Program (the "Rules"), Title 10 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 180, promulgated by the Office of the Governor, Economic Development and Tourism Division (the "Division") has issued the following Industrial Development Bonds to finance various projects in the State of Texas:

		Balance at September 30, 2017		
\$6,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Variable Rate Demand Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (CMI Project) Series 2007	\$	4,380,000		
\$40,200,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (Dallas Clean Energy McCommas Bluff Project) Series 2011		27,455,000		
\$48,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Water Supply Revenue Bonds (Enviro Water Minerals Project), Series 2015 (Green Bonds)		48,000,000		

NOTE 24 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	Balance at September 30, 2017
\$24,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Variable Rate Demand Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (IESI TX Corp. Project) Series 2007	24,000,000
\$50,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Senior Lien Revenue Bonds (Natgasoline Project) Series 2016A	50,000,000
\$202,885,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Senior Lien Revenue Bonds (Natgasoline Project) Series 2016B	202,885,000
\$9,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Taxable Power Purchase Agreement Revenue Bonds (Nelson Gardens Energy, LLC Project) Series 2013	8,700,000
\$56,200,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (Allied Waste North America, Inc. Project) Series 2008A	56,200,000
\$56,800,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Refunding Bonds (Republic Services, Inc. Project) Series 2012	56,800,000
\$41,750,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Refunding Bonds (Waste Management, Inc. Project) Series 2006	41,750,000
\$67,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (Waste Management, Inc. Project) Series 2008	67,000,000
\$50,000,000 Mission Economic Development Corporation Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (CarbonLITE Recycling, LLC Project) Series 2016	50,000,000
	\$ 637,170,000

NOTE 24 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

All of the bonds listed above are payable solely from, and secured solely by a pledge of payments made under loan agreements between the borrowers and MEDC which are assigned under separate Trust Indentures with various banks. The payments required under the loan agreement are further guaranteed under either Guaranty Agreements or Irrevocable Letters of Credit issued in favor of the Trustee under the Trust Indenture.

Neither the State of Texas, Mission, Texas nor any political corporation, subdivision or agency of the State of Texas shall be obligated to pay the principal of, premium, if any, the interest on, or the purchase price of the bonds, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Texas, Mission, Texas or any other political corporation, subdivision, or agency thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, interest on, or the purchase price of the bonds.

In connection with the process which ultimately may lead to the issuance of conduit debt, MEDC charges an application fee of \$2,500 per application. During the year ended September 30, 2017, there were no applications submitted.

Upon issuance of conduit debt, an issuance fee is assessed based on the terms of the agreements. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, there was on bond issued for which MEDC earned \$97,500.

After conduit debt has been issued, MEDC charges an annual fee based upon the original par value of the bonds, which ranges from 2 basis points to 5 basis points depending on the type of project and the rating of the bonds being issued. For the year ended September 30, 2017, MEDC received \$244,665 of which \$122,332 was paid to the advisor for local access fees.

In total, MEDC collected \$439,665 in fees related to conduit debt of which \$219,832 was paid to its advisors for application, issuance, advisor and local access fees.

NOTE 25 – COMPLIANCE WITH REVENUE BOND COVENANTS

A. Certain Required Annual Disclosure

The bond covenants of the Utility Fund revenues bonds require that on an annual basis the City of Mission make available certain disclosures related to the operation of the Utility Fund. A separate report containing these required disclosures is available at City Hall.

B. Revenue Bond Coverage

Per the Revenue Bond debt covenants, the City's Utility Fund is required to maintain a 125% coverage over the succeeding fiscal year's debt service requirement (first lien bonds); or 125% over the greater of the average annual debt service requirements or the succeeding fiscal year's debt service requirements (junior lien bonds). For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 the City's Utility Fund met these coverage requirements.

NOTE 26 – TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE

On September 24, 2001, the City established a Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number One (TIRZ) pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code. The zone was formed to facilitate the provision of public works or improvements. A portion of the real property advalorem taxes levied by participating taxing entities is set aside for this purpose beginning with taxes levied after January 1, 2002 tax levies. The amount set aside out of the annually adopted tax levy, is based upon the appraised value each January 1st compared to the base year appraised value of property in the zone as of January 1, 2001. The City of Mission and Hidalgo County are the only taxing entities participating in the Increment Zone. The City accounts for TIRZ as a Special Revenue Fund.

Effective October 1, 2008 the City elected to transfer only the amounts of the tax increment which has been collected for the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone 1. Hidalgo County also elected, to transfer to the Zone only the amount of the tax increment actually collected each year. For the current year the amounts transferred were \$2,568,815 and \$2,537,333 from the County and City respectively.

NOTE 27 – INTEREST IN INTERNATIONAL TOLL BRIDGE

Pursuant to the Hidalgo-Mission-McAllen Interlocal Government Agreement, dated April 1, 2003 ("2003 Agreement"), the City of McAllen, Texas and the City of Mission, Texas own and operate the Anzalduas International Crossing ("Anzalduas Bridge") linking United States, south of the City of Mission, Texas and the westernmost part of the city of Reynosa, Tamaulipas, Mexico. According to that agreement, the ownership interest of the City of McAllen and the City of Mission are 66 2/3% and 33 1/3%, respectively.

The agreement also provides that complete management and control of the Anzalduas Bridge, with the exception of fixing rates and charges for services and the issuance of debt, which is reserved by the Board of Commissioners of McAllen, shall be vested in a Board of Trustees consisting of five (5) voting-members, two of which are appointed from the existing members of the Hidalgo Bridge Board by McAllen, with the Mayors of the cities of McAllen, Hidalgo and Mission serving as ex-officio Board members. The Mayor of Granjeno also serves as an ex-officio non-voting member of the Board. In addition, the budget is subject to final approval by the Board of Commissioners of McAllen.

The agreements also provide that these cities as well as the City of Hidalgo will share in the unallocated balance of surplus net revenues at the following percentages: City of McAllen, 44%; City of Mission, 23%; and the City of Hidalgo, 33%. Per separate interlocal agreement, the City of Mission will share 6% of its portion of the unallocated balance of surplus net revenues with the City of Granjeno, Texas.

In order to finance the construction of the Anzalduas Bridge, the City of McAllen issued \$39,160,000 in revenue bonds during fiscal year ending 2007 in two separate series, \$26,000,000 Series 2007A and \$13,160,000 Series B. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of net revenues of the McAllen International Toll Bridge ("Hidalgo Bridge"), located in Hidalgo, Texas and the Anzalduas Bridge. According to the 2003 Agreement, both the City of McAllen and the City of Hidalgo are responsible for the Series 2007A bonds from each city's respective share of net revenues of the Hidalgo Bridge. The City of McAllen is responsible for Series 2007B bonds from its share of net revenues of the Hidalgo Bridge as well as the City of Mission from its share of net revenues of the Anzalduas Bridge. Commencement of operations was December 15, 2009.

NOTE 27 – INTEREST IN INTERNATIONAL TOLL BRIDGE (Continued)

Per the agreement, the City of Mission was not required to make any capital contributions to obtain its ownership interest; therefore no dollar amount is reflected in these financial statements as representing its ownership interest.

However, until sufficient excess revenues as defined in the Interlocal Agreement are available, the debt service costs related to Series 2007B Bonds as noted above are being advanced to Anzalduas Bridge Fund from the City of McAllen's General Fund, including an allocated amount being advanced on behalf of the City of Mission by the City of McAllen. As of September 30, 2016, the amount advanced since the inception for the City of Mission is \$2,920,132 and is reflected as part of non-current liabilities due in more than one year in the Statement of Net Position. See also Note 9.

NOTE 28 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Finance – Related Legal and Contractual Provision

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

During the year ended September 30, 2017 the City complied with the budgetary requirements for the General Fund.

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds:

The following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name	Defi	cit Amount	Remarks
Capital Projects	\$	644,191	Will be covered by General Fund. Various projects
			are accounted for in this fund, transfers are made
			once final reconciliation of individual projects are
			verified.

Mission Redevelopment Authority

A net position deficit exists in the amount of \$6,767,186 for year ended September 30, 2017. This deficit is due to MRA issuing debt to pay for facilities that were conveyed, or will be conveyed, to the City or the State of Texas. MRA anticipates that with the expected development in the area, tax increment revenues will be sufficient to cover operating costs of MRA and to service the outstanding debt.

NOTE 29 – FUND BALANCES

At September 30, 2017 the City of Mission has classified its fund balances with the following hierarchy:

Assigned – The City Council has assigned resources for the purpose of meeting subsequent year's budget-appropriation of fund balance. In addition, resources have been assigned for the purpose of payment of certain capital asset replacements needed, and for funds to be used for various programs to be conducted by the Boy's and Girl's Club.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance has no constraints on its use.

]	Debt			2016 CO Capital	О	ther
	(General	Se	ervice	C	apital	Projects	Gover	nmental
		Fund]	Fund	Proje	ects Fund	Fund	Fu	unds
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Long term receivable	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Inventory		1,067		-		-	-		-
Prepaid		41,194		-		-	-		-
Restricted:									
Capital improvements		-		-	((644,191)	5,473,392	2	229,020
Debt service		-	1	,293,342		-	-		-
Aquatics programs		-		-		-	-		-
Municipal Courts									
Technology		-		-		-	-		175,249
Building security		-		-		-	-		81,047
Juvenile case manager		-		-		-	-		160,154
PD asset sharing		-		-		-	-	(656,733
Drainage improvements		-		-		-	-	1,	682,093
Scholarships and books		-		-		-	-		25,972
Tourism		-		-		-	-	1,	163,835
Perpetual care		-		-		-	-		36,374
Records preservation		-		-		-	-		9,157
PEG		-		-		-	-	:	515,005
Economic development		-		-		-	-	1,0	029,983
Tax increment		-		-		-	-		3,562
MEDA- land for resale		-		-		-	-	,	764,338
Assigned:									
Asset replacement		68,093		-		-	-		-
Boys and Girls Club		-		-		-	-		-
Subsequent year's budget-									
appropriation of fund balance		5,267,350		-		-	-		-
Unassigned		986,387							
Total fund balances	\$	6,384,091	\$ 1	,293,342	\$ ((644,191)	\$ 5,473,392	\$ 6,	532,522

NOTE 29 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. Certain amounts which were classified as restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. Significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balance are as follows:

General fund - assigned	\$ 3,489,259
Other governmental funds	8,593,441
	\$ 12,082,700

NOTE 30 – COMMITMENTS

A. Mission Economic Development Corporation

MEDC has published notices of intent and its Board of Directors has committed funds for the following projects:

		Expended to	Remaining
Incentives	Committed	Date	Commitment
Royal Technology	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 100,000
Southwest Steel Coil	450,000	-	450,000
Wonderful Citrus	3,000,000	600,000	2,400,000
Metal Processing International	55,000	-	55,000
Other infrastructure projects	100,000	50,000	50,000
Infrastructure projects *	1,000,000	569,559	430,441
Total	\$ 5,905,000	\$ 2,419,559	\$ 3485441

^{*\$1,000,000} is for Shary Road and Anzalduas International Corridor (Bryan Road) projects only.

B. Mission Redevelopment Authority

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Authority has the following engineering contracts commitments:

- 1) The Military Highway and Inspiration Road Expansion Project \$688,536 remaining.
- 2) The Police & Fire Substation at Schuerbach & Military Roads, effective March 28, 2017, not to exceed \$3.7 million
- 3) The design and construction of a water tower, located in the vicinity of the special events center, effective June 29, 2017, not to exceed \$2,376,614.
- 4) Agreement between MRA & Halff Associates for the Anzalduas Hwy Wastewater & Water Trunklines Ph. 2 Project \$15,500 effective June 29, 2017; and
- 5) Agreement between MRA & Halff Associates for the Anzalduas Hwy Wastewater & Water Trunklines Ph. 2 Project \$93,000 effective March 28, 2017.

NOTE 31 – REDEVELOPMENT ASSETS

Mission Redevelopment Authority

Redevelopment assets include engineering and design costs for various road improvement and infrastructure related projects. The changes in redevelopment assets for the year ended September 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Balance				Balance
Redevelopment Projects	10/1/2016	Increase	Decr	ease	9/30/2017
US 83 Overpass at Inspiration Road-Phase I	\$ 339,750	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 339,750
US 83 Overpass at Inspiration Road-Phase II	1,856,962	-		-	1,856,962
US 83 Overpass at Inspiration Road-Phase III	118,844	22,500		-	141,344
Military Highway West Wastewater & Water Trunklines	83,948	-		-	83,948
Anzalduas Lift Stations	346,380				346,380
Total Redevelopment Assets	\$2,745,884	\$22,500	\$		\$2,768,384

During the fiscal year, the Authority recorded redevelopment expenditures as follows:

Bentsen Palms Lift Station	\$ 709,785
Mission Water Tower	617,494
Rail Project	100,000
North Inspiration Row Acquisitio	301,288
Event Center	500,000
Military and Inspiration Expansion	611,463
Anzalduas Phase 2	101,984
	\$ 2,942,014

The reimbursements represents payments to the City of Mission for redevelopment projects managed by the City.

NOTE 32 – LAND HELD FOR RESALE

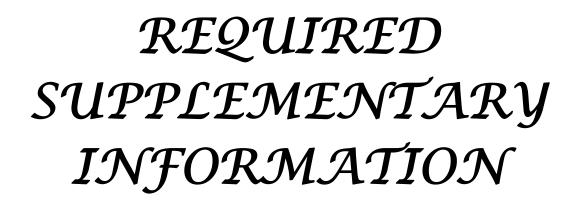
The City through its blended component unit, Mission Economic Development Authority holds commercial real estate lots available for sale within an economically depressed area. At September 30, 2017 the remaining properties are stated at a cost of \$764,338, which is less than their estimated fair value. These lots will continue to be sold to attract development to further benefit the City.

NOTE 33 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year end, the following event or transaction occurred.

MRA entered into an agreement with the City to reimburse the City for the Anzalduas Highway Wastewater and Water Trunklines Project on October 17, 2017. MRA will reimburse the City project costs, without interest, not to exceed \$4,954,337.

For the purposes of reporting subsequent events, management has considered events occurring up to March 8, 2018, the date the report was available to be issued. No further subsequent events were noted.





CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budget Basis	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original Dudget	T mai Budget	Dasis	(regative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes:				
Current ad valorem taxes	\$ 17,280,000	\$ 17,280,000	\$ 17,209,176	\$ (70,824)
Delinquent ad valorem taxes	443,000	443,000	414,508	(28,492)
Interest and penalties on taxes	340,000	340,000	366,520	26,520
Net Ad Valorem Tax Revenue	18,063,000	18,063,000	17,990,204	(72,796)
Sales tax	7,825,000	7,825,000	7,406,003	(418,997)
Sales tax-tax abatement	3,912,500	3,912,500	3,703,002	(209,498)
Franchise business tax	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,511,580	111,580
Telecommunication access fee	217,000	217,000	219,013	2,013
Mixed drink tax	35,000	35,000	21,983	(13,017)
Total Taxes	32,452,500	32,452,500	31,851,785	(600,715)
Licenses and permits:				
Occupational licenses	50,000	50,000	37,471	(12,529)
Moving and building permits	275,000	275,000	291,716	16,716
Health permits	27,000	27,000	30,590	3,590
Electrical permits	70,000	70,000	71,548	1,548
Mechanical permits	35,000	35,000	33,521	(1,479)
Plumbing permits	55,000	55,000	57,310	2,310
Alarm permits	12,000	12,000	11,040	(960)
Miscellaneous	35,000	35,000	22,069	(12,931)
Total Licenses and Permits	559,000	559,000	555,265	(3,735)
Intergovernmental:				
MCISD and SISD Dare Program	639,000	639,000	664,623	25,623
Reimb TXDOT/ROW	1,400,000	1,400,000	-	(1,400,000)
ReimbHidalgo CoTaylor Rd.	533,590	533,590	621,923	88,333
ReimbCity of McAllen-Taylor Rd.	2,283,590	2,283,590	650,333	(1,633,257)
ReimbMcallen Bridge Board	-	-	30,000	30,000
County contribution-rural fires	40,000	40,000	21,175	(18,825)
County restitution reimbursement	1,500	1,500	232	(1,268)
Overhead-MRA	215,000	215,000	255,307	40,307
TIRZ Reimbursement	850,000	850,000	500,000	(350,000)
FEMA reimbursement	-	-	67,155	67,155
FBI overtime	-	-	4,251	4,251
Task Force	25,000	25,000	31,856	6,856
Peace Officers Fire Prev.	-	-	1,036	1,036

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

				variance with	
				Final Budget	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Budget	Positive	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)	
DEA Overtime Task Force	32,000	32,000	34,013	2,013	
Hidalgo County-library	<u> </u>	419,668	433,822	14,154	
Total Intergovernmental	6,019,680	6,439,348	3,315,726	(3,123,622)	
Charges for services:					
Birth certificate service	1,100	1,100	1,230	130	
Inspection fee-2%	35,000	35,000	35,768	768	
Construction material testing fee	25,000	25,000	33,398	8,398	
Fire inspection fee	22,000	22,000	23,456	1,456	
Judicial fee-City	5,500	5,500	4,622	(878)	
Corporation court fines tax	50,000	50,000	35,803	(14,197)	
Abondoned motor vehicle fee	2,500	2,500	3,010	510	
Library reservations fee	60	60	125	65	
Lot cleaning	25,000	25,000	38,904	13,904	
Lot cleaning-admin. Fee	10,000	10,000	12,216	2,216	
Lease-service center complex	6,000	6,000	12,000	6,000	
Library copies	30,000	30,000	42,301	12,301	
Rent-City buildings	6,000	6,000	7,706	1,706	
Basketball fees & charges	8,500	8,500	2,026	(6,474)	
Softball fees & charges	11,000	11,000	1,840	(9,160)	
Football fees & charges	7,500	7,500	1,650	(5,850)	
Kickball fees & charges	2,400	2,400	600	(1,800)	
Volleyball fees & charges	4,100	4,100	5,485	1,385	
Park facility rentals	20,000	20,000	18,496	(1,504)	
Other recreational fees	8,000	8,000	1,540	(6,460)	
Bannworth pool fees	64,500	64,500	52,898	(11,602)	
Mayberry pool fees	-	-	23,153	23,153	
TAAF summer programs	-	-	50,382	50,382	
Year-round swim program	-	-	7,270	7,270	
Library rentals	75	75	100	25	
Cemetery charges	75,000	75,000	86,237	11,237	
Vital statistics	115,000	115,000	126,734	11,734	
Burial transit permit	1,000	1,000	1,125	125	
Animal control & shelter fee	3,000	3,000	2,492	(508)	
Contracted animal service fee	-	-	10,830	10,830	
Zoning and subdivision fees	40,000	40,000	43,220	3,220	
5% credit card fee	11,000	11,000	13,405	2,405	
Food manager/handler ID fee	18,000	18,000	21,335	3,335	
Arrest fees-M.P.D.	46,000	46,000	39,321	(6,679)	

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

				Variance with	
			Actual	Final Budget	
	Budgeted .	Amounts	Budget	Positive	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)	
Truancy prevention & diversion	5,000	5,000	6,914	1,914	
Police Dept. service charges	8,000	8,000	7,613	(387)	
Total Charges for Services	666,235	666,235	775,205	108,970	
Fines:					
Corporation court fines	690,000	690,000	668,934	(21,066)	
Warrant execution fee	155,000	155,000	147,581	(7,419)	
Library fines	7,500	7,500	16,081	8,581	
Total Fines	852,500	852,500	832,596	(19,904)	
Interest:					
Interest earned on investments	35,000	35,000	43,958	8,958	
Interest earned on demand deposits	8,500	8,500	21,733	13,233	
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value	-	-	(3,045)	(3,045)	
Total Interest	43,500	43,500	62,646	19,146	
Miscellaneous:					
ReimbTX Citrus Fiesta	30,000	30,000	48,021	18,021	
ReimbOther state agencies	50,000	50,000	46,593	(3,407)	
Child safety fees	10,000	10,000	7,322	(2,678)	
Library donations/memorial	200	200	346	146	
Insurance settlement	25,000	62,528	64,798	2,270	
Miscellaneous income	35,000	35,000	157,335	122,335	
Coke machine & vending machines	2,000	2,000	524	(1,476)	
Street signs reimbursement	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)	
Oil lease	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)	
Reimbursement-MEDC	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	
Miscellaneous-Court settlements	-	-	9,285	9,285	
Contribution and donations	500	500	-	(500)	
Total Miscellaneous	1,155,700	1,193,228	1,334,224	140,996	
Total Revenues	41,749,115	42,206,311	38,727,447	(3,478,864)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Legislative:					
Personal services	1,800	1,800	1,800	-	
Employee benefits	1,365	1,365	1,342	23	
Other purchased services	16,120	16,120	10,838	5,282	
Sales parenased services	10,120	10,120	10,030	3,202	

	,		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted .	Amounts	Budget	Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)
Supplies	2,800	2,800	2,395	405
Miscellaneous	500	500	544	(44)
	22,585	22,585	16,919	5,666
Executive Administration:				
Personal services	515,335	515,335	404,711	110,624
Employee benefits	139,200	139,200	105,364	33,836
Purchased property services	1,752	1,752	1,960	(208)
Other purchased services	15,250	15,250	14,139	1,111
Supplies	4,550	4,550	3,288	1,262
Miscellaneous	800	800	801	(1)
	676,887	676,887	530,263	146,624
Finance Department:				
Personal services	407,270	407,270	344,442	62,828
Employee benefits	114,082	114,082	94,663	19,419
Purchased property services	4,000	2,500	3,437	(937)
Other purchased services	9,600	10,157	7,134	3,023
Capital outlays	1,500	1,500	1,127	373
Supplies	6,300	7,243	6,671	572
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	880	120
	543,752	543,752	458,354	85,398
Municipal Court:				
Personal services	509,510	509,510	499,963	9,547
Employee benefits	148,477	148,477	141,813	6,664
Other purchased services	4,550	4,550	4,902	(352)
Supplies	8,000	8,000	5,612	2,388
Miscellaneous	6,340	6,340	5,609	731
	676,877	676,877	657,899	18,978
Planning:				
Personal services	554,871	514,871	484,449	30,422
Employee benefits	173,012	173,012	157,026	15,986
Purchased property services	7,000	7,000	6,821	179
Other purchased services	27,000	28,000	23,941	4,059
Supplies	19,600	19,470	14,089	5,381
Capital outlays	-	40,000	38,710	1,290
Miscellaneous	102,950	102,080	85,536	16,544
	884,433	884,433	810,572	73,861

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Final Budget Positive	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budget Basis	(Negative)	
Facilities Maintenance:					
Personal services	369,884	369,884	354,009	15,875	
Employee benefits	140,607	140,607	126,995	13,612	
Purchased property services	61,500	61,500	51,428	10,072	
Other purchased services	5,500	5,500	4,706	794	
Supplies	175,550	175,550	209,402	(33,852)	
Capital outlays	62,000	62,000	42,792	19,208	
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	655	345	
	816,041	816,041	789,987	26,054	
Fleet Maintenance:					
Personal services	65,000	65,000	63,750	1,250	
Employee benefits	15,404	15,404	14,731	673	
Professional & technical services	903,000	903,000	841,344	61,656	
Supplies	-	-	498	(498)	
Miscellaneous	60,000	60,000	130,536	(70,536)	
	1,043,404	1,043,404	1,050,859	(7,455)	
Organizational Expense:					
Professional & technical services	1,024,000	1,024,000	908,412	115,588	
Purchased property services	155,300	155,300	137,388	17,912	
Other purchased services	167,175	167,175	184,489	(17,314)	
Supplies	27,000	27,000	6,859	20,141	
Capital outlays	405,000	405,000	288,976	116,024	
Miscellaneous	537,650	537,650	438,221	99,429	
	2,316,125	2,316,125	1,964,345	351,780	
Purchasing:					
Personal services	185,560	185,560	182,915	2,645	
Employee benefits	55,350	55,350	53,034	2,316	
Purchased property services	2,550	2,550	1,724	826	
Other purchased services	17,500	17,500	18,325	(825)	
Supplies	1,450	1,650	1,256	394	
Capital outlay	-	-	267	(267)	
Miscellaneous	6,565	6,365	5,896	469	
	268,975	268,975	263,417	5,558	

			Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted .	Amounts	Budget	Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)
City Secretary:				
Personal services	229,308	229,308	229,031	277
Employee benefits	70,459	70,459	67,977	2,482
Professional & technical services	6,000	6,000	3,185	2,815
Purchased property services	2,300	2,300	2,213	87
Other purchased services	15,150	15,150	14,436	714
Supplies	700	700	726	(26)
Miscellaneous	1,400	1,400	874	526
	325,317	325,317	318,442	6,875
Risk Management:				
Personal services	88,769	88,769	88,667	102
Employee benefits	28,876	28,876	29,255	(379)
Professional & technical services	8,500	8,500	7,920	580
Purchased property services	2,000	2,000	1,915	85
Other purchased services	341,950	341,950	305,735	36,215
Supplies	8,450	8,450	8,425	25
Miscellaneous	100	100	150	(50)
	478,645	478,645	442,067	36,578
Elections:				
Professional & technical services	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Other purchased services	4,957	4,957	-	4,957
Supplies	20	20	-	20
	29,977	29,977		29,977
Civil Service:				
Personal services	90,195	90,195	90,096	99
Employee benefits	24,450	24,450	25,043	(593)
Professional & technical services	41,000	41,000	33,030	7,970
Other purchased services	7,200	7,200	7,689	(489)
Supplies	10,000	10,000	13,233	(3,233)
Miscellaneous	<u></u> _	<u> </u>	4	(4)
	172,845	172,845	169,095	3,750
Human Resources:				
Personal services	181,514	181,514	180,918	596
Employee benefits	48,619	48,619	46,595	2,024
Professional & technical services	12,000	12,000	13,568	(1,568)
Purchased property services	1,500	1,500	1,415	85

	-,		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	Budget	Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)
Other purchased services	3,060	3,060	3,255	(195)
Supplies	1,640	1,541	1,473	68
Miscellaneous	835	934	1,163	(229)
	249,168	249,168	248,387	781
Information Technology:				
Personal services	163,514	163,514	165,129	(1,615)
Employee benefits	52,724	52,724	50,806	1,918
Purchased property services	83,000	87,500	86,590	910
Other purchased services	6,100	1,100	1,408	(308)
Supplies	800	1,300	1,077	223
Capital outlay	3,300	3,300	3,047	253
Miscellaneous	25	25	26	(1)
	309,463	309,463	308,083	1,380
Media Relations:				
Personal services	122,079	122,079	120,752	1,327
Employee benefits	33,778	33,778	31,807	1,971
Purchased property services	600	600	-	600
Other purchased services	1,950	1,950	2,277	(327)
Supplies	2,400	2,400	6,034	(3,634)
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	485	515
	161,807	161,807	161,355	452
Legal:				
Personal services	289,380	289,380	283,817	5,563
Employee benefits	61,832	61,832	58,444	3,388
Purchased property services	18,200	18,200	18,184	16
Other purchased services	8,300	8,300	5,869	2,431
Supplies	1,700	1,700	1,088	612
Miscellaneous	3,400	3,400	3,445	(45)
	382,812	382,812	370,847	11,965
Total General Government	9,359,113	9,359,113	8,560,891	798,222
Public Safety:				
Police Department:				
Personal services	10,885,818	10,885,818	10,185,673	700,145
Employee benefits	3,064,028	3,064,028	2,734,930	329,098
Professional & technical services	105,000	143,000	136,351	6,649
Purchased property services	425,450	425,450	417,853	7,597

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

	Actual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A	Amounts	Budget	Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)
Other purchased services	225,400	230,400	217,133	13,267
Supplies	467,250	423,250	325,856	97,394
Miscellaneous	23,950	24,950	19,117	5,833
	15,196,896	15,196,896	14,036,913	1,159,983
Fire Department:				
Personal services	4,446,613	4,558,502	4,361,636	196,866
Employee benefits	1,205,913	1,218,376	1,088,509	129,867
Purchased property services	149,212	164,212	150,966	13,246
Other purchased services	101,100	101,100	96,123	4,977
Supplies	212,200	177,200	163,145	14,055
Capital outlays	-	20,000	19,988	12
Miscellaneous	11,750	11,750	6,213	5,537
	6,126,788	6,251,140	5,886,580	364,560
Fire Prevention Bureau:				
Personal services	430,578	430,578	395,746	34,832
Employee benefits	109,923	109,923	95,415	14,508
Purchased property services	6,300	6,300	5,096	1,204
Other purchased services	12,200	12,200	10,160	2,040
Supplies	22,830	22,830	13,644	9,186
Capital outlays	6,300	6,300	6,260	40
Miscellaneous	400	400	81	319
	588,531	588,531	526,402	62,129
Total Public Safety	21,912,215	22,036,567	20,449,895	1,586,672
Highways and Streets:				
Street Department:				
Personal services	858,788	858,788	788,231	70,557
Employee benefits	377,817	377,817	324,291	53,526
Professional & technical services	58,000	58,000	45,449	12,551
Purchased property services	1,226,500	1,481,000	1,244,977	236,023
Other purchased services	10,300	10,300	11,856	(1,556)
Supplies	546,300	709,800	685,079	24,721
Capital outlays	4,805,000	5,065,000	2,666,323	2,398,677
Miscellaneous	76,720	78,720	114,107	(35,387)
	7,959,425	8,639,425	5,880,313	2,759,112
Total Highways and Streets	7,959,425	8,639,425	5,880,313	2,759,112

	,		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted A	Amounts	Budget	Positive	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)	
Health and Welfare:					
Health Regulations and Inspections:					
Personal services	286,193	286,193	271,574	14,619	
Employee benefits	95,055	95,055	90,357	4,698	
Professional & technical services	-	150	450	(300)	
Purchased property services	2,400	1,500	1,052	448	
Other purchased services	7,050	6,410	6,276	134	
Supplies	39,600	40,640	28,739	11,901	
Capital outlays	10,000	10,000	8,907	1,093	
Miscellaneous	2,300	2,650	2,091	559	
	442,598	442,598	409,446	33,152	
Total Health and Welfare	442,598	442,598	409,446	33,152	
Culture and Recreation:					
Mission Historical Museum:					
Personal services	183,470	183,470	175,720	7,750	
Employee benefits	66,628	66,628	62,651	3,977	
Purchased property services	27,500	27,500	28,031	(531)	
Other purchased services	13,200	13,200	12,437	763	
Supplies	3,500	3,500	3,236	264	
Miscellaneous	200	200	168	32	
	294,498	294,498	282,243	12,255	
Parks and Recreation Administration:					
Personal services	203,296	203,296	194,728	8,568	
Employee benefits	58,264	58,264	54,743	3,521	
Purchased property services	27,000	27,000	27,769	(769)	
Other purchased services	6,300	6,300	6,932	(632)	
Supplies	3,200	3,200	3,048	152	
Capital outlays	1,200	1,200	1,040	160	
Miscellaneous	355	355	351	4	
	299,615	299,615	288,611	11,004	
Parks:					
Personal services	1,021,278	1,021,278	890,699	130,579	
Employee benefits	406,951	406,951	358,561	48,390	
Purchased property services	486,000	523,528	516,639	6,889	
Other purchased services	13,000	13,000	12,709	291	
Supplies	233,950	233,950	175,038	58,912	

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

				variance with
			Actual	Final Budget
	Budgeted .	Amounts	Budget	Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)
Capital outlays	467,450	467,450	352,596	114,854
Miscellaneous	2,300	2,300	1,665	635
	2,630,929	2,668,457	2,307,907	360,550
Recreation:				
Personal services	208,150	208,150	204,915	3,235
Employee benefits	52,493	52,493	46,836	5,657
Professional and technical services	58,708	58,708	17,270	41,438
Other purchased services	13,000	13,000	9,464	3,536
Supplies	24,400	24,400	19,518	4,882
Miscellaneous	300	300	279	21
	357,051	357,051	298,282	58,769
Library:				
Personal services	785,437	785,437	762,193	23,244
Employee benefits	233,649	233,649	217,571	16,078
Purchased property services	108,050	120,428	119,484	944
Other purchased services	90,650	76,350	74,065	2,285
Supplies	34,700	37,485	36,919	566
Capital outlays	3,000	7,300	7,254	46
Miscellaneous	74,200	488,705	486,886	1,819
	1,329,686	1,749,354	1,704,372	44,982
Bannworth Pool:				
Personal services	118,439	118,439	109,186	9,253
Employee benefits	31,399	31,399	24,684	6,715
Purchased property services	48,800	48,800	41,575	7,225
Other purchased services	7,800	7,800	8,450	(650)
Supplies	19,700	19,700	8,730	10,970
Capital outlays	17,000	17,000	15,009	1,991
Miscellaneous	450	450	250	200
	243,588	243,588	207,884	35,704
Mayberry Pool:				
Personal services	179,897	179,897	167,203	12,694
Employee benefits	42,200	42,200	32,780	9,420
Purchased property services	44,500	44,500	40,001	4,499
Other purchased services	9,100	9,100	7,950	1,150
Supplies	37,525	37,525	10,920	26,605
Capital outlays	5,700	5,700	4,446	1,254
	318,922	318,922	263,300	55,622

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

			Actual	Final Budget	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Budget	Positive	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Basis	(Negative)	
Total Culture and Recreation	5,474,289	5,931,485	5,352,599	578,886	
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	51,000	51,000	51,003	(3)	
Interest	8,384	8,384	8,375	9	
	59,384	59,384	59,378	6	
Total Debt Service	59,384	59,384	59,378	6	
Total Expenditures	45,207,024	46,468,572	40,712,522	5,756,050	
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenue Over Expenditures	(3,457,909)	(4,262,261)	(1,985,075)	2,277,186	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	555	555	
Transfers in	4,400,000	4,860,000	4,860,000	-	
Transfers out	(4,142,900)	(4,142,900)	(3,815,809)	327,091	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	257,100	717,100	1,044,746	327,646	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,200,809)	(3,545,161)	(940,329)	2,604,832	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,320,862	7,320,862	7,320,862		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4,120,053	\$ 3,775,701	\$ 6,380,533	\$ 2,604,832	

EXHIBIT B-2

RECONCILIATION OF THE GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY SCHEDULE TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Net Changes in the General Fund Fund Balance

\$ (940,329)

Amounts included in the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures for funds which did not meet the requirements for GASB 54 and were merged into the General Fund. Budgets were approved for these funds.

Revenues:

Capital Assets Fund revenues and transfers-in	80,434
Boys and Girls Club Fund revenues and transfers-in	715,850

Expenditures:

Capital Assets expenditures	(98,591)
Boys and Girls Club expenditures	(731,113)

Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (973,749)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PENSION PLAN TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	3,428,663	\$	3,146,606	\$	2,887,755
Interest (on the total pension liability)		5,322,821		5,036,145		4,642,161
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		139,268		(255,681)		270,001
Changes of assumptions		-		1,263,377		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(2,396,210)		(2,443,370)		(2,158,651)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	6,494,542	\$	6,747,077	\$	5,641,266
Total pension liability - beginning		78,340,383		71,593,306		65,952,040
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	84,834,925	\$	78,340,383	\$	71,593,306
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,171,026	\$	2,068,394	\$	1,973,751
Contributions - employee	Ψ	1,657,278	Ψ	1,563,024	Ψ	1,528,747
Net investment income		4,560,867		97,759		3,514,549
Benefit payments, including refunds of		4,500,007		71,137		3,314,347
employee contributions		(2,396,210)		(2,443,370)		(2,158,651)
Administrative expense		(51,496)		(59,540)		(36,688)
Other		(2,775)		(2,941)		(3,016)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,938,690	\$	1,223,327	\$	4,818,692
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	*	67,469,611	-	66,246,284	-	61,427,592
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	73,408,301	\$	67,469,611	\$	66,246,284
Net Pension Liability (a-b)	\$	11,426,624	\$	10,870,772	\$	5,347,022
rect ension Enablity (a s)	Ψ	11,120,021	<u>Ψ</u>	10,070,772	<u>Ψ</u>	3,317,022
Plan Fiduciary Net Positioon as a Percentage						
of the Total Pension Liability [b/a]		86.53%		86.12%		92.53%
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$	27,583,776	\$	26,048,066	\$	25,321,089
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage						
of Covered Employee Payroll		41.43%		41.73%		21.12%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITIES OF COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PENSION PLAN TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TESRS)

	 2017	 2016	 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.027%	0.064%	0.079%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,480	\$ 17,083	\$ 14,356
City's number of active members*	3	3	7
City's net pension liability per active member	\$ 2,160	\$ 5,694	\$ 2,051
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	81.4%	76.9%	83.5%

^{*} There is no compensation for active members, so number of active members is used instead

Notes to Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities
GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until
a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which
information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR ALL PENSION PLANS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	2017		2016		2015	
Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS)				<u>.</u>		_
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,296	\$	2,496	\$	4,224
Contributions in relation to the contractually						
required contribution	\$	1,296	\$	2,496	\$	4,224
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Number of active members*		3		3		7
Contributions per active member	\$	432	\$	832	\$	603

^{*} There is no compensation for active members, so number of active members is used instead.

	2017	2016	2015
Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS)			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,171,026	\$ 2,068,394	\$ 2,041,476
Contributions in relation to the actuarially			
determined contribution	\$ 2,171,026	\$ 2,068,394	\$ 2,041,476
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	=	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 28,707,904	\$ 28,187,323	\$ 25,843,740
Contribution as a percentage of covered			
employee payroll	7.56%	7.34%	7.90%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date-Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become effective in January, 13 months later.

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-yer trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS VALUATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

				Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	A	ctuarial		Accrued		Unfunded	Annual	Percentage
Valuation	7	lue of		Liability	Percent	AAL	Covered	Covered
Date		Assets		(AAL)	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
July 1,		(a)		(b)	(a/b)	(b-a)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
2012	\$		-	\$ 1,386,881	0.0%	\$ 1,386,881	\$ 19,719,814	7.0%
2014	\$		-	\$ 1,520,543	0.0%	\$ 1,520,543	\$ 20,262,429	7.5%
2016	\$		-	\$ 1,545,005	0.0%	\$ 1,545,005	\$ 18,094,923	8.5%

^{*} Estimated

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2017

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary schedules:

- 1. The City Manager submits a proposed operating budget for all funds, as mandated by the City Charter, to the City Council 60 to 90 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The City Council selects the time and place of a public hearing on the budget to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The appropriated budget is adopted by a majority vote of the City Council, and signed into law by a budget ordinance.
- 4. The budget amounts used in this report are as amended by the City Council.
- 5. Budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. The total estimated expenditures of the General Fund and Debt Service Fund may not exceed the total estimated revenues plus cash on hand of each fund.
- 7. The current level of budgetary control is the department level within each fund.

Due to the City's budgetary control level (department), the City Council approved several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year. Approved budgetary appropriations increased the following budgets by:

Special Revenue Funds \$ 3,739,776 Capital Project Funds \$ 20,660,141

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. Significant outstanding encumbrances in the General Fund are classified as assigned.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, only one General Fund Department expenditures exceeded appropriations by a total of \$7,455. See Exhibit B-1.

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2017

Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

The following is an explanation of differences between budgetary basis and GAAP revenues and expenditures:

Revenues:		General Fund
Actual revenues (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule (Exhibit B-1)		\$ 38,727,447
Adjustments due to GASB Statement 54: Capital Asset Replacement Fund revenues Boys and Girls Club revenues	434 215,850	
Total adjustments necessary		216,284
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit A-5)		<u>\$ 38,943,731</u>

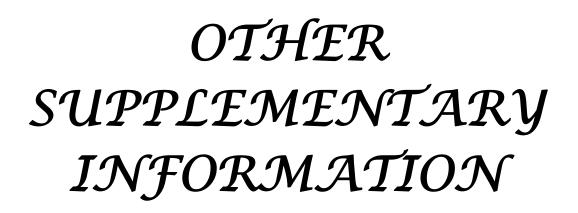
Note: Does not include other financing resources.

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2017

Budget to GAAP Reconciliation (Continued)

Expenditures:		General Fund
Actual expenditures (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule (Exhibit B-1)		\$40,712,522
Adjustments due to GASB Statement 54: Capital Asset Replacement Fund expenditures Boys and Girls Club expenditures	98,591 731,113	
Total adjustments necessary		829,704
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit A-5)		<u>\$41,542,226</u>







NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)</u>: To account for federal funds granted to the City for the sole purpose of improving the health and welfare of the community.

Aquatics Fund: To account for the swimming pool recreation facility.

<u>Police Department Special Fund</u>: To account for monies confiscated in drug related cases; expenditures from the fund are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

<u>Police Federal Sharing Fund</u>: To account for federal seizures awarded to the City. Expenditures are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

<u>Municipal Court Technology Fund</u>: To account for collections and expenditures of municipal court technology fee.

Designated Purpose Fund: To account for revenues and expenditures of various grants.

<u>Drainage Assessment Fund</u>: To account for the cost of drainage improvements at problem locations throughout the City. Property owners in the City are assessed a monthly amount according to a set rate schedule.

<u>Cemetery Fund</u>: To account for fees associated with the maintenance of the City's cemeteries. The City currently has three cemeteries that it must maintain: Laurel Cemetery, Catholic Cemetery, and San Jose Cemetery.

Records Preservation Fund: To account for fees collected for providing preservation of records.

<u>Speer Memorial Library Fund</u>: To account for contributions from private sources restricted to the provision of scholarships and library books.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u>: To account for collections and expenditures of hotel and motel taxes to promote tourism.

<u>Municipal Court Building Security Fund</u>: To account for fees collected for providing security to the Municipal Court Building.

<u>Park Dedication Fund</u>: To account for park dedication fees received from developers for new parks and park improvements.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Cont'd)

<u>Juvenile Case Manager</u>: To account for fines collected on fine-only misdemeanor offense cases and fees are to be used only to finance the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager.

<u>PEG Capital Fund:</u> To account for PEG capital fees received from holders of a state issued certificate of franchise authority that constitute 1% of their gross revenue. These revenues, under state and federal law, must be separated from general fund revenue and may only be used for capital costs of PEG facilities.

<u>Tax Increment Reinvestment Fund</u>: To account for a portion of property taxes levied by the City and Hidalgo County to facilitate the provision of public works or improvements.

Mission Economic Development Authority: To provide development activities that could not be carried out by the Mission Economic Development Corporation. City of Mission management has operational and fiscal responsibility for this component unit. MEDA is presented as a Blended Component Unit - Special Revenue Fund of the City as MEDA's current limited activity exclusively benefits the City.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

<u>2009 Certificates of Obligations</u>: To account for various park improvements, including two new gyms for the Boys and Girls Club Department.

<u>2012 Certificates of Obligations</u>: To account for funding on the Inspiration Street Widening Project.

EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 2017

ASSETS	 Special Revenue Funds	1	Ionmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 740,690	\$	138,048	\$	878,738	
Investments	2,776,306		90,972		2,867,278	
Prepaid items	1,053		-		1,053	
Receivables:						
Accounts	212,246		-		212,246	
Special assessments	142,268		-		142,268	
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(980)		-		(980)	
Due from other governments	284,828		-		284,828	
Due from other funds	2,510,364		-		2,510,364	
Land held for resale	 764,338		-		764,338	
Total Assets	\$ 7,431,113	\$	229,020	\$	7,660,133	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 223,353	\$	-	\$	223,353	
Other liabilities	12,613		-		12,613	
Retainage payable	47,255		-		47,255	
Accrued payroll	8,174		-		8,174	
Due to other funds	417,480		-		417,480	
Due to component unit	124,369		-		124,369	
Unearned revenue	 294,369		-		294,369	
Total Liabilities	 1,127,613		-		1,127,613	
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	6,303,500		229,020		6,532,520	
Total Fund Balances	6,303,500		229,020		6,532,520	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,431,113	\$	229,020	\$	7,660,133	



EXHIBIT C-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

TOK THE TELL ENDED SELTEMBER SO, 2017		Nonmajor	Total Nonmajor	
	Special	Capital	Governmental	
	Revenue	Projects	Funds (See	
	Funds	Funds	Exhibit A-5)	
REVENUES				
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 1,464,739	\$ -	\$ 1,464,739	
Intergovernmental	4,624,751	-	4,624,751	
Charges for services	247,452	-	247,452	
Interest	24,275	1,836	26,111	
Miscellaneous	32,625	<u> </u>	32,625	
Total Revenues	6,393,842	1,836	6,395,678	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	1,111,223	-	1,111,223	
Public safety	1,312,485	-	1,312,485	
Highways and streets	843,142	-	843,142	
Culture and recreation	592,697	-	592,697	
Health and welfare	50,000	-	50,000	
Economic development	5,309,187	-	5,309,187	
Capital projects	<u></u> _	1,366	1,366	
Total Expenditures	9,218,734	1,366	9,220,100	
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,824,892)	470	(2,824,422)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of assets	12,505	-	12,505	
Transfers in	2,687,594	-	2,687,594	
Transfers out	(40,457)	<u> </u>	(40,457)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,659,642	<u> </u>	2,659,642	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(165,250)	470	(164,780)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	6,468,750	228,550	6,697,300	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 6,303,500	\$ 229,020	\$ 6,532,520	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

ASSETS	 CDBG	quatics Fund	Police epartment ecial Fund	Police Federal uring Fund
TIBSE IS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,615	\$ 681	\$ -	\$ 17,083
Investments	-	-	326,156	151,373
Prepaid items	78	-	-	975
Receivables:				
Accounts	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	79,262	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	452,671
Land held for resale	 	 	 	
Total Assets	\$ 93,955	\$ 681	\$ 326,156	\$ 622,102
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 69,168	\$ 681	\$ 1,416	\$ 41,543
Other liabilities	1,160	-	3,352	-
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-
Accrued payroll	2,084	-	-	-
Due to other funds	21,543	-	245,213	-
Due to component unit	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	 	 	 	
Total Liabilities	93,955	681	249,981	41,543
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	-	_	76,175	580,559
Total Fund Balances	-		76,175	580,559
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 93,955	\$ 681	\$ 326,156	\$ 622,102

	icipal Court	Designated		Drainage	_	_		tecords	
To	echnology	Purpose	A	Assessment	C	Cemetery		servation	
	Fund	 Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		
\$	2,854	\$ -	\$	41,463	\$	37,345	\$	9,308	
	30,056	-		747,838		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-	
	-	15,946		109		-		-	
	-	-		142,268		-		-	
	-	-		(980)		-		-	
	-	205,566		-		-		-	
	170,000	23,373		801,312		-		-	
	-	 		-		-		-	
\$	202,910	\$ 244,885	\$	1,732,010	\$	37,345	\$	9,308	
\$	27,660	\$ 76,223	\$	716	\$	971	\$	151	
	-	7,492		459		-		-	
	-	-		47,255		-		-	
	-	4,659		1,116		-		-	
	-	149,748		373		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-	
	-	 6,763		-		-		-	
	27,660	 244,885		49,919		971		151	
	175,250	-		1,682,091		36,374		9,157	
	175,250	 		1,682,091		36,374		9,157	
\$	202,910	\$ 244,885	\$	1,732,010	\$	37,345	\$	9,308	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	r Memorial Library	otel/Motel Tax Fund	cipal Court ing Security Fund	D	Park edication Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,935	\$ 40,519	\$ 81,047	\$	41,198
Investments	20,037	449,632	-		-
Prepaid items	-	-	-		-
Receivables:					
Accounts	-	172,372	-		-
Special assessments	-	-	-		-
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-		-
Due from other governments	-	-	-		-
Due from other funds	-	501,312	-		250,000
Land held for resale	_		_		
Total Assets	\$ 25,972	\$ 1,163,835	\$ 81,047	\$	291,198
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,592
Other liabilities	-	-	-		-
Retainage payable	-	-	-		-
Accrued payroll	-	-	-		-
Due to other funds	-	-	-		-
Due to component unit	-	-	-		-
Unearned revenue	 	 	 <u>-</u>		287,606
Total Liabilities	 -	-	-		291,198
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted	25,972	1,163,835	81,047		-
Total Fund Balances	25,972	1,163,835	81,047		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 25,972	\$ 1,163,835	\$ 81,047	\$	291,198

Juvenile Case Manager Fund		PEG Capital Fund		Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Fund		Mission Economic Development Authority		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)	
\$	39,731	\$	968	\$	127,931	\$	280,012	\$	740,690
	49,995		250,216		-		751,003		2,776,306
	-		-		-		-		1,053
	-		23,819		-		-		212,246
	-		-		-		-		142,268
	-		-		-		-		(980)
	-		-		-		-		284,828
	71,696		240,000		-		-		2,510,364
\$	161,422	\$	515,003	\$	127,931	\$	764,338 1,795,353	\$	764,338 7,431,113
\$	200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,032	\$	223,353
	150		-		-		-		12,613
	-		-		-		-		47,255
	315		-		-		-		8,174
	603		-		-		-		417,480
	-		-		124,369		-		124,369
	-				-		-		294,369
	1,268				124,369		1,032		1,127,613
1	160,154		515,003		3,562		1,794,321		6,303,500
	160,154		515,003		3,562		1,794,321		6,303,500
\$	161,422	\$	515,003	\$	127,931	\$	1,795,353	\$	7,431,113

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		A	quatics	D	Police epartment	Police Federal
	CDBG		Fund		ecial Fund	aring Fund
REVENUES						 <u> </u>
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental	1,052,438		_		29,138	74,145
Charges for services	-		-		_	-
Interest	-		_		2,276	2,722
Miscellaneous	-		_		273	-
Total Revenues	1,052,438		-		31,687	76,867
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,002,438		-		-	-
Public safety	-		-		172,037	198,916
Highways and streets	-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	-
Health and welfare	50,000		-		-	-
Economic development	-					_
Total Expenditures	1,052,438				172,037	198,916
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures					(140,350)	 (122,049)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of assets	-		-		12,505	-
Transfers in	-		-		_	-
Transfers out	-		-		-	(40,457)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-		12,505	(40,457)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-		(127,845)	(162,506)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 				204,020	 743,065
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 	\$		\$	76,175	\$ 580,559

Teo	cipal Court chnology Fund	Designated Purpose Fund	Drainage Assessment Fund	C	emetery Fund	Pre	ecords servation Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 935,777	\$	-	\$	-
	-	900,215	-		-		-
	32,231	-	-		9,600		6,838
	721	-	6,238		111		22
	- 22.052	 2,000	 181		0.711		
	32,952	 902,215	 942,196		9,711		6,860
	54,123	-	-		8,672		4,554
	-	941,532	-		-		-
	-	-	843,142		-		-
	-	110,944	-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-
		 -	 		-		-
	54,123	 1,052,476	 843,142		8,672		4,554
	(21,171)	 (150,261)	99,054		1,039		2,306
	-	-	-		-		-
	-	150,261	-		-		-
		 <u>-</u> _	-				-
	-	150,261	-		-		-
	(21,171)	-	99,054		1,039		2,306
	196,421	 	 1,583,037		35,335		6,851
\$	175,250	\$ 	\$ 1,682,091	\$	36,374	\$	9,157

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Memorial brary	otel/Motel Fax Fund	Build	cipal Court ing Security Fund	D	Park edication Fund
REVENUES							
Taxes and special assessments	\$	-	\$ 528,962	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-	-		-		-
Charges for services		-	-		24,042		43,392
Interest		146	3,621		219		-
Miscellaneous			1,171		_		_
Total Revenues	-	146	 533,754		24,261		43,392
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-	-		12,534		-
Public safety		-	-		-		-
Highways and streets		-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-	438,361		-		43,392
Health and welfare		-	-		-		-
Economic development		_	 		_		-
Total Expenditures			 438,361		12,534		43,392
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		146	 95,393		11,727		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-		-		-
Transfers in		-	-		-		-
Transfers out		-	-		-		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		146	95,393		11,727		-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		25,826	1,068,442		69,320		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	25,972	\$ 1,163,835	\$	81,047	\$	

Juvenile Case Manager Fund		PEG Capital Fund		Re	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Fund		Mission Economic Development Authority		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds (See xhibit C-1)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,464,739
	-		-		2,568,815		-		4,624,751
	38,116		93,233		-		-		247,452
	671		2,490		42		4,996		24,275
							29,000		32,625
	38,787		95,723		2,568,857		33,996		6,393,842
	28,418		484		-		-		1,111,223
	-		-		-		-		1,312,485
	-		-		-		-		843,142
	-		-		-		-		592,697
	-		-		-		-		50,000
					5,106,182		203,005		5,309,187
	28,418		484		5,106,182		203,005		9,218,734
	10,369		95,239		(2,537,325)		(169,009)		(2,824,892)
	-		-		-		-		12,505
	-		-		2,537,333		-		2,687,594
	-		-		-		-		(40,457)
	-		-		2,537,333		-		2,659,642
	10,369		95,239		9		(169,009)		(165,250)
	149,785		419,764		3,553		1,963,330		6,468,750
\$	160,154	\$	515,003	\$	3,562	\$	1,794,321	\$	6,303,500

EXHIBIT C-5

Variance with

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Fi	nal Budget
					Positive
	1	Budgeted	Actual	(]	Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
Community Development Block Grant	\$	1,233,082	\$ 1,052,438	\$	(180,644)
Total Intergovernmental		1,233,082	 1,052,438		(180,644)
Total Revenues		1,233,082	 1,052,438		(180,644)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government:					
General administration		217,240	205,348		11,892
Housing rehabilitation		965,842	797,090		168,752
Total General Government		1,183,082	 1,002,438		180,644
Health and Welfare:					
Other social services		50,000	50,000		-
Total Health and Welfare		50,000	 50,000		-
Total Expenditures		1,233,082	 1,052,438		180,644
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			 		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

EXHIBIT C-6

Variance with

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

POLICE DEPARTMENT SPECIAL FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			Final Budget
	D 1 . 1	1	Positive
D.	Budgeted	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
State Seizures:			
State seizures	\$ -	\$ 29,138	\$ 29,138
Miscellaneous		273	273
Total State Seizures		29,411	29,411
Interest:			
Interest earned on investments	-	2,251	2,251
Interest earned on demand deposits	<u>-</u> _	25_	25
Total Interest		2,276	2,276
Total Revenues		31,687	31,687
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Safety:			
State Seizures:			
Professional & technical services	24,500	30,000	(5,500)
Purchased property services	2,520	37,816	(35,296)
Other purchased services	50,000	37,264	12,736
Supplies	22,000	17,331	4,669
Capital outlays	100,000	48,547	51,453
Miscellaneous	5,000	1,079	3,921
Total Public Safety	204,020	172,037	31,983
Total Expenditures	204,020	172,037	31,983
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(204,020)	(140,350)	63,670
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Sale of capital assets		12,505	12,505
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		12,505	12,505
Net Change in Fund Balance	(204,020)	(127,845)	76,175
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	204,020	204,020	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$ 76,175	\$ 76,175

EXHIBIT C-7

Variance with

POLICE FEDERAL SHARING FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			(
Intergovernmental:			
Equitable Sharing	\$ -	\$ 74,145	\$ 74,145
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	(487)	(487)
Total Intergovernmental	-	73,658	73,658
Interest:			
Interest earned on investments	-	1,608	1,608
Interest earned on demand deposits	<u> </u>	1,601	1,601
Total Interest	-	3,209	3,209
Total Revenues		76,867	76,867
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Safety:			
Professional & technical services	2,800	2,784	16
Purchased property services	95,000	58,167	36,833
Other purchased services	50,000	-	50,000
Supplies	126,300	40,523	85,777
Capital outlays	468,064	95,309	372,755
Miscellaneous	900	2,133	(1,233)
Total Public Safety	743,064	198,916	544,148
Total Expenditures	743,064	198,916	544,148
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(743,064)	(122,049)	621,015
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers out	(39,999)	(40,457)	(458)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(39,999)	(40,457)	(458)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(783,063)	(162,506)	620,557
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	743,065	743,065	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (39,998)	\$ 580,559	\$ 620,557

EXHIBIT C-8

Variance with

MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Final Budget Positive		
	B	udgeted	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Charges for Services:						
Court technology fees	\$	35,000	\$ 32,231	\$	(2,769)	
Total Charges for Services		35,000	 32,231		(2,769)	
Interest:						
Interest earned on investments		600	300		(300)	
Interest earned on demand deposits		150	502		352	
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value			 (81)		(81)	
Total Interest		750	 721		(29)	
Total Revenues		35,750	32,952		(2,798)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Purchased property services		35,725	27,645		8,080	
Supplies		1,500	1,182		318	
Capital outlays		27,700	24,067		3,633	
Miscellaneous		1,175	 1,229		(54)	
Total General Government		66,100	54,123		11,977	
Total Expenditures		66,100	 54,123		11,977	
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(30,350)	(21,171)		9,179	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		196,421	 196,421			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	166,071	\$ 175,250	\$	9,179	

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

				Fi	nal Budget Positive	
	В	udgeted	 Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental:						
DHS-Stonegarden Grant 2011	\$	250,000	\$ -	\$	(250,000)	
DHS-Stonegarden Grant 2015		250,000	249,333		(667)	
DHS-Stonegarden Grant 2013		250,000	-		(250,000)	
Bullet Proof Vest Grant		13,633	11,578		(2,055)	
Idea Grant-B&G Club		3,791	3,822		31	
Urban County Grant-B&G Club		-	20,690		20,690	
OVAG Grant# 0802439		42,000	42,059		59	
Local Border Security Program		205,000	205,000		-	
Tx. Dept of Transportation-STEP Grant		125,813	62,820		(62,993)	
NIBRS project grant		26,700	-		(26,700)	
Cops Hiring		316,470	141,679		(174,791)	
Body camera project grant		152,880	93,492		(59,388)	
Valley Baptist legacy foundation		500,000	-		(500,000)	
Texas Parks and Wildlife		500,000	-		(500,000)	
LEOSE-Peace Officer Allocation		9,202	9,202		-	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Grant		60,540	60,540		-	
Total Intergovernmental		2,706,029	900,215		(1,805,814)	
Miscellaneous:						
Local Wal-Mart Grants-Public Safety		4,500	2,000		(2,500)	
Total Miscellaneous		4,500	2,000		(2,500)	
Total Revenues		2,710,529	 902,215		(1,808,314)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety:						
Bullet Proof Vest Grant:						
Capital outlays	-	27,266	 23,167		4,099	
		27,266	 23,167		4,099	

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

	Budgeted	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
VCLG Grant:	Buugeteu	Actual	(Negative)
Personal services	35,069	32,023	3,046
Employee benefits	6,931	10,036	(3,105)
	42,000	42,059	(59)
TXDOT-Step Grant:			
Personal services	104,821	52,163	52,658
Employee benefits	20,992	10,657	10,335
	125,813	62,820	62,993
COPS Hiring			
Personal services	320,000	138,227	181,773
Employee benefits	101,960	32,320	69,640
	421,960	170,547	251,413
Fire Prevention Grant			
Purchased property services	1,500	-	1,500
Supplies	1,000	-	1,000
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000	
	4,500	2,000	2,500
Edward Byrne Memorial Grant:			
Capital outlays	60,540	60,540	
	60,540	60,540	
LEOSE Grant			
Other purchased services	9,202	9,202	
	9,202	9,202	
Local Border Security Program:			
Personal services	170,489	170,362	127
Employee benefits	34,511	34,638	(127)
	205,000	205,000	
NIBRS Grant:			
Capital outlays	26,700	<u> </u>	26,700
	26,700		26,700

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budgeted	Actual	(Negative)
Body Armor Grant:			
Capital outlays	192,870	116,865	76,005
	192,870	116,865	76,005
Stonegarden Grant:			
Personal services	104,776	-	104,776
Employee benefits	26,104	-	26,104
Capital outlays	119,120		119,120
	250,000		250,000
2012 Stonegarden Grant			
Personal services	112,950	117,504	(4,554)
Employee benefits	28,150	23,597	4,553
Capital outlay	108,900	108,232	668
	250,000	249,333	667
2013 Stonegarden Grant:			
Personal Services	130,880	-	130,880
Capital outlay	119,120		119,120
	250,000		250,000
Total Public Safety	1,865,851	941,533	924,318
Culture and Recreation:			
Urban County Grant-Boys & Girls Club:			
Personal services	-	19,500	(19,500)
Employee benefits		1,190	(1,190)
	-	20,690	(20,690)
Idea -B&G Club Grant:			
Personal services	3,333	3,468	(135)
Employee benefits	458	354	104
	3,791	3,822	(31)

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

			Final Budget Positive
	Budgeted	Actual	(Negative)
Texas Parks and Wildlife:			
Capital outlay	1,500,000	86,431	1,413,569
	1,500,000	86,431	1,413,569
Total Culture and Recreation	1,503,791	110,943	1,392,848
Total Expenditures	3,369,642	1,052,476	2,317,166
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(659,113)	(150,261)	508,852
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	659,113	150,261	(508,852)
Transfer out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	659,113	150,261	(508,852)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u> </u>		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

EXHIBIT C-10

Variance with

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

DRAINAGE ASSESSMENT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

					nal Budget Positive
	I	Budgeted	 Actual	<u>(N</u>	Negative)
Revenues:					
Special Assessments:					
Drainage assessments	\$	870,000	\$ 932,902	\$	62,902
Drainage assessments-Granjeno		2,800	2,875		75
Total Assessments		872,800	 935,777		62,977
Interest:					
Interest earned on investments		600	6,395		5,795
Interest earned on demand deposits		1,100	3,416		2,316
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value			 (3,573)		(3,573)
Total Interest		1,700	 6,238		4,538
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous income			 181		181
Total Miscellaneous			 181		181
Total Revenues		874,500	 942,196		67,696
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Highways and Streets:					
Personal services		77,450	74,037		3,413
Employee benefits		30,678	27,862		2,816
Professional and technical services		20,000	1,850		18,150
Purchased property services		90,000	23,131		66,869
Other purchased services		-	417		(417)
Capital outlays		1,265,000	708,526		556,474
Supplies		50,000	4,612		45,388
Miscellaneous		2,000	 2,707		(707)
Total Highways and Streets		1,535,128	843,142		691,986
Total Expenditures		1,535,128	 843,142		691,986
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(660,628)	99,054		759,682
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,583,037	 1,583,037		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	922,409	\$ 1,682,091	\$	759,682

EXHIBIT C-11

Variance with

						al Budget
	Budgeted		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
_	В	uagetea	<i>F</i>	Actual	(IV	eganve)
Revenues:						
Interest:						
Interest earned on demand deposits	\$	-	\$	111	\$	111
Perpetual care		8,000		9,600		1,600
Total Interest		8,000		9,711		1,711
Total Revenues		8,000		9,711		1,711
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government						
Supplies		2,000		1,936		64
Miscellaneous		150		89		61
Capital outlay		7,500		6,647		853
Total General Government		9,650		8,672		978
Total Expenditures		9,650		8,672		978
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,650)		1,039		2,689
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		35,335		35,335		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	33,685	\$	36,374	\$	2,689

EXHIBIT C-12

Variance with

RECORDS PRESERVATION FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

					al Budget
					ositive
	В	udgeted	 Actual	(No	egative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Service:					
Vital statistics preservation fee	\$	6,000	\$ 6,838	\$	838
Total Charges for Service		6,000	 6,838		838
Interest:					
Interest earned on demand deposits		-	22		22
Total Interest		<u>-</u>	 22		22
Total Revenues		6,000	 6,860		860
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Record Preservation:					
Purchased property services		1,075	1,075		-
Other purchased service		1,750	1,723		27
Supplies		4,175	1,738		2,437
Miscellaneous		100	 18		82
Total Record Preservation		7,100	 4,554		2,546
Total Expenditures		7,100	4,554		2,546
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,100)	2,306		3,406
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		6,851	6,851		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	5,751	\$ 9,157	\$	3,406

EXHIBIT C-13

Variance with

SPEER MEMORIAL LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Fina	l Budget
				Po	ositive
	Budgeted		 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Interest:					
Interest earned on investments	\$	-	\$ 200	\$	200
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value		_	 (54)		(54)
Total Interest		-	 146		146
Total Revenues		<u>-</u>	 146		146
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Miscellaneous			 -		_
Total Culture and Recreation			 		
Total Expenditures					
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	146		146
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		25,826	 25,826		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	25,826	\$ 25,972	\$	146

EXHIBIT C-14

Variance with

HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Budgeted		Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		budgeted		Actual		(Negative)	
Taxes:							
Hotel occupancy tax	\$	700,000	\$	526,505	\$	(173,495)	
Penalties and interest-hotel occupancy tax	Ť	-	Ť	2,457	T	2,457	
Total Taxes		700,000		528,962		(171,038)	
Interest:							
Interest earned on demand deposits		500		2,334		1,834	
Interest earned on investments		100		2,331		2,231	
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value		-		(1,044)		(1,044)	
Total Interest		600		3,621		3,021	
Miscellaneous Income:							
Miscellaneous		-		1,171		1,171	
Total Miscellaneous Income				1,171		1,171	
Total Revenues		700,600		533,754		(166,846)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Culture and Recreation:							
Tourist Promotion & Advertising:							
Miscellaneous		442,000		415,769		26,231	
Other purchased services		25,000		22,592		2,408	
		467,000		438,361		28,639	
Total Expenditures		467,000		438,361		28,639	
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		233,600		95,393		(138,207)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,068,442		1,068,442			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,302,042	\$	1,163,835	\$	(138,207)	

EXHIBIT C-15

Variance with

MUNICIPAL COURT BLDG SECURITY FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

					al Budget
	_				Positive
	B	udgeted	 Actual	<u>(N</u>	Vegative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Services:					
Municipal court security fees	\$	26,600	\$ 24,042	\$	(2,558)
Total Charges for Services		26,600	 24,042		(2,558)
Interest:					
Interest earned on investments		450	-		(450)
Interest earned on demand deposits		100	 219		119
Total Interest		550	 219		(331)
Total Revenues		27,150	 24,261		(2,889)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Purchased property services		2,500	-		2,500
Other purchased services		11,500	9,860		1,640
Supplies		500	-		500
Capital outlay		10,000	2,498		7,502
Miscellaneous		124	 176		(52)
Total Expenditures		24,624	12,534		12,090
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		2,526	11,728		9,201
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		69,319	 69,319		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	71,845	\$ 81,047	\$	9,201

EXHIBIT C-16

Variance with

PARK DEDICATION FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Bı	udgeted	 Actual			
Revenues:						
Charges for Services:						
Park dedication fee	\$	250,874	\$ 43,392	\$	(207,482)	
Total Charges for Services		250,874	 43,392		(207,482)	
Total Revenues		250,874	 43,392		(207,482)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation:						
Zone 1-Northwest:						
Capital outlays		157,926	 		157,926	
		157,926	 		157,926	
Zone 2-Northeast:						
Capital outlays		1,328	 -		1,328	
		1,328	 -		1,328	
Zone 3-Southwest:						
Capital outlays		4,333	 -		4,333	
		4,333	 -		4,333	
Zone 4-Southeast:						
Capital outlays		87,287	 43,392		43,895	
		87,287	 43,392		43,895	
Total Expenditures		250,874	43,392		207,482	
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-		-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$		

EXHIBIT C-17

Variance with

JUVENILE CASE MANAGER FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Bud	geted	Actual	I	al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:		8****			
Charges for Services:					
Juvenile case manager fee	\$	40,000	\$ 38,116	\$	(1,884)
Total Charges for Services		40,000	38,116		(1,884)
Interest:					
Interest earned on investments		150	600		450
Interest earned on demand deposits		200	309		109
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value		-	(238)		(238)
Total Interest		350	671		321
Total Revenues		40,350	 38,787		(1,563)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Personal services		21,056	18,718		2,338
Employee benefits		8,127	7,448		679
Other purhcased services		1,000	647		353
Supplies		1,500	1,358		142
Capital Outlay		1,000	-		1,000
Miscellaneous		250	247		3
Total Expenditures		32,933	 28,418		4,515
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		7,417	10,369		2,952
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		149,785	 149,785		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	157,202	\$ 160,154	\$	2,952

EXHIBIT C-18

Variance with

PEG CAPITAL FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Fin	al Budget Positive
	F	Budgeted	Actual		egative)
Revenues:				1	
Charges for Services:					
PEG capital fee	\$	88,000	\$ 93,233	\$	5,233
Total Charges for Services		88,000	 93,233		5,233
Interest:					
Interest earned on investment		-	2,516		2,516
Interest earned on demand deposit		-	603		603
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value		<u>-</u> _	 (629)		(629)
Total Interest		<u> </u>	2,490		2,490
Total Revenues		88,000	 95,723		7,723
Expenditures:					
Miscellaneous:					
Depository charges		300	 484		(184)
Total Expenditures		300	484		(184)
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		87,700	95,239		7,539
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		419,764	 419,764		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	507,464	\$ 515,003	\$	7,539

EXHIBIT C-19

Variance with

TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Fii	nal Budget
					Positive
	I	Budgeted	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:			 		
Intergovernmental:					
Contribution-Hidalgo County	\$	2,400,000	\$ 2,568,815	\$	168,815
Total Intergovernmental		2,400,000	 2,568,815		168,815
Interest:					
Interest earned on demand deposits			 42		42
Total Interest		<u>-</u>	42		42
Total Revenues		2,400,000	 2,568,857		168,857
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic Development		4,885,300	5,106,182		(220,882)
Total Expenditures		4,885,300	 5,106,182		(220,882)
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,485,300)	 (2,537,325)		(52,025)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		2,484,500	 2,537,333		52,833
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,484,500	 2,537,333		52,833
Net Change in Fund Balance		(800)	9		808
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,553	 3,553		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,753	\$ 3,562	\$	808

EXHIBIT C-20

Variance with

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			·
Taxes:			
Current ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,190,000	\$ 2,180,454	\$ (9,546)
Delinquent ad valorem taxes	110,000	105,012	(4,988)
Interest & penalties on taxes	75,000	72,665	(2,335)
Total Taxes	2,375,000	2,358,131	(16,869)
Interest:			
Interest earned on investments	4,000	8,160	4,160
Interest earned on demand deposits	3,000	5,256	2,256
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value		(4,608)	(4,608)
Total Interest	7,000	8,808	1,808
Total Revenues	2,382,000	2,366,939	(15,061)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	2,935,000	2,935,000	-
Interest and fiscal agent charges	1,552,245	1,546,769	5,476
Total Debt Service	4,487,245	4,481,769	5,476
Total Expenditures	4,487,245	4,481,769	5,476
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,105,245)	(2,114,830)	(9,585)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	875,000	875,000	-
Transfers out	(279,500)	(286,328)	(6,828)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	595,500	588,672	(6,828)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,509,745)	(1,526,158)	(16,413)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,819,500	2,819,500	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,309,755	\$ 1,293,342	\$ (16,413)

EXHIBIT C-21

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		2009	2	2012	Tota	ıl Nonmajor
	Ce	ertifiates of	Certi	fiates of	Cap	ital Projects
	C	bligation	Obl	igation		Funds
ASSETS		_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	137,942	\$	106	\$	138,048
Investments		90,972		_		90,972
Total Assets	\$	228,914	\$	106	\$	229,020
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other liabilities						
Total Liabilities				<u>-</u>		
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for capital projects		228,914		106		229,020
Total Fund Balances		228,914		106		229,020
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	228,914	\$	106	\$	229,020

EXHIBIT C-22

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		2009	20	012	Total	Nonmajor
	Certifiates of		Certifiates of		Capital Projects	
					-	-
	Ot	oligation	Obli	gation		Funds
Revenues:						
Interest	\$	1,836	\$		\$	1,836
Total Revenues		1,836		<u>-</u>		1,836
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Capital projects		1,366		-		1,366
Total Expenditures		1,366		<u>-</u>		1,366
Net Change in Fund Balance		470		-		470
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		228,444		106		228,550
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	228,914	\$	106	\$	229,020

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the government's council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

<u>Utility Fund</u>: To account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City and some residents outside the city limits.

<u>Golf Course Fund</u>: To account for the operations and maintenance of Shary Municipal Golf Course.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u>: To account for the provision of garbage and brush collection for the residents of the City.

Page 1 of 4

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

UTILITY FUND

ENTERPRISE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017		Actual	Variance	
	Budgeted	Budget	Positive	
	Amounts	Basis	(Negative)	
Operating Revenues:				
Water sales, net of adjustment	\$ 11,725,000	\$ 11,590,138	\$ (134,862)	
Connection fee	120,000	118,341	(1,659)	
Reconnect fee	100,000	113,325	13,325	
W/W system cap. recovery fee	-	54,017	54,017	
Sewage service	6,113,000	5,648,208	(464,792)	
Wastewater assessment	75,000	69,938	(5,062)	
Service charge	60,000	59,580	(420)	
Industrial sewer surcharge	37,000	25,592	(11,408)	
Waterline and sewer line	1,100	-	(1,100)	
TIRZ reimbursement	4,837,785	1,327,279	(3,510,506)	
5% credit card fee	20,000	30,239	10,239	
Miscellaneous income	30,000	27,098	(2,902)	
Operating Revenues	23,118,885	19,063,755	(4,055,130)	
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Interest earned	57,000	133,093	76,093	
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value		(18,469)	(18,469)	
Nonoperating Revenues	57,000	114,624	57,624	
Total Revenues	23,175,885	19,178,379	(3,997,506)	
Operating Expenses:				
Utility Administration:				
Personal services	775,643	696,277	79,366	
Employee benefits	209,198	213,018	(3,820)	
Purchased property services	18,326	20,833	(2,507)	
Other purchased services	22,750	15,363	7,387	
Supplies	6,550	5,856	694	
Miscellaneous	700	401	299	
	1,033,167	951,748	81,419	
Water Distribution:				
Personal services	1,064,307	1,032,759	31,548	
Employee benefits	399,070	396,820	2,250	
Purchased property services	590,500	457,185	133,315	
Other purchased services	37,700	30,352	7,348	

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CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS

UTILITY FUND

ENTERPRISE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017		Actual	Variance
	Budgeted	Budget	Positive
	Amounts	Basis	(Negative)
Supplies	724,250	597,321	126,929
Capital outlays	3,478,000	1,754,537	1,723,463
Miscellaneous	13,300	15,494	(2,194)
	6,307,127	4,284,468	2,022,659
Water Treatment:			
Personal services	435,801	408,492	27,309
Employee benefits	150,696	144,421	6,275
Professional & technical services	110,000	109,449	551
Purchased property services	261,800	309,238	(47,438)
Other purchased services	10,720	11,570	(850)
Supplies	758,800	986,619	(227,819)
Capital outlays	750,000	569,733	180,267
Miscellaneous	52,300	1,792	50,508
	2,530,117	2,541,314	(11,197)
Wastewater Treatment and Collection:			
Personal services	439,375	438,739	636
Employee benefits	146,755	152,689	(5,934)
Professional & technical services	60,000	53,248	6,752
Purchased property services	976,250	846,034	130,216
Other purchased services	10,350	10,398	(48)
Supplies	228,800	116,783	112,017
Capital outlays	1,824,785	908,419	916,366
Miscellaneous	234,100	197,588	36,512
	3,920,415	2,723,898	1,196,517
Industrial Pretreatment:			
Personal services	49,406	51,286	(1,880)
Employee benefits	15,411	15,958	(547)
Purchased property services	165,000	180,475	(15,475)
Other purchased services	1,200	690	510
Supplies	21,650	14,932	6,718
Capital outlays	18,000	10,710	7,290
Miscellaneous	75,000	9,000	66,000
	345,667	283,051	62,616

Page 3 of 4

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS UTILITY FUND ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

TOXTILL TEXIX EXPERSES SETTEMBER 30, 2017	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Utility Billing and Collection:			
Personal services	257,515	255,263	2,252
Employee benefits	84,418	88,592	(4,174)
Purchased property services	25,070	17,855	7,215
Other purchased services	155,500	153,106	2,394
Supplies	16,200	15,234	966
Capital outlays	11,950	10,531	1,419
Miscellaneous	2,244	1,870	374
	552,897	542,451	10,446
Organizational Expense:			
Professional & technical services	130,000	2,550	127,450
Purchased property services	35,000	28,130	6,870
Other purchased services	107,400	87,524	19,876
Capital outlays	50,000	18,597	31,403
Miscellaneous	461,600	278,606	182,994
	784,000	415,407	368,593
Meter Readers:			
Personal services	247,206	248,017	(811)
Employee benefits	99,833	98,225	1,608
Purchased property services	12,500	12,491	9
Other purchased services	4,000	4,309	(309)
Supplies	82,150	72,423	9,727
Capital outlays	26,000	25,486	514
Miscellaneous	1,200	390	810
	472,889	461,341	11,548
Northside Water Treatment Plant:			
Personal services	316,185	317,164	(979)
Employee benefits	110,998	111,767	(769)
Professional & technical services	20,000	13,028	6,972
Purchased property services	432,700	440,382	(7,682)
Other purchased services	4,800	3,692	1,108
Supplies	1,126,200	1,297,842	(171,642)
Capital outlays	428,067	56,920	371,147

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CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS
UTILITY FUND

ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Actual	Variance
	Budgeted	Budget	Positive
	Amounts	Basis	(Negative)
Miscellaneous	9,350	419	8,931
	2,448,300	2,241,214	207,086
2014 TWDB:			
Professional & technical services	291,880	245,462	46,418
	291,880	245,462	46,418
2015 TWDB:			
Professional & technical services	2,930,987	17,976	2,913,011
Capital outlays	14,613,353	7,737,405	6,875,948
	17,544,340	7,755,381	9,788,959
Total Operating Expenses	36,230,799	22,445,735	13,785,064
Nonoperating Expenses:			
Bond interest expense	947,294	684,606	262,688
Bond fiscal charges	4,400	3,050	1,350
Bond principal	2,685,000	2,755,000	(70,000)
Nonoperating Expenses	3,636,694	3,442,656	194,038
Transfers:			
Transfers in (out)	(4,700,000)	(4,700,000)	
Capital Contributions		893,581	893,581
Operating and Nonoperating Expenses,			
Transfers and Capital Contributions (Budgetary Basis)	44,567,493	29,694,810	14,872,683
Net Position (Budgetary Basis)	\$ (21,391,608)	(10,516,430)	\$ 10,875,177
Adjustments:			
Current year depreciation of capital assets, not budgeted		(5,076,791)	
Bond principal		2,755,000	
Amount budgeted as expense per budget basis,			
capitalized per GAAP basis		11,355,776	
		9,033,985	
Net Position (GAAP Basis)		\$ (1,482,445)	

GOLF COURSE FUND ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 **EXHIBIT C-24** Page 1 of 3

TOR THE TERR ENDED SET TEMBER 30, 2017	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues:			
Pro shop sales	\$ 90,000	\$ 51,368	\$ (38,632)
Cart and club rental	185,000	156,916	(28,084)
Pull carts and club rentals	2,600	872	(1,728)
Food and beverage sales	115,000	89,936	(25,064)
Daily green fees	375,000	323,224	(51,776)
Trail fees	62,000	39,764	(22,236)
Juniors' fees	28,000	31,912	3,912
Capital fees	43,000	42,261	(739)
Prepaid members	200,000	132,026	(67,974)
Driving range	42,000	32,154	(9,846)
Miscellaneous income	1,000	1,333	333
Operating Revenues	1,143,600	901,766	(241,834)
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Interest earned		123	123
Nonoperating Revenues	-	123	123
Total Revenues	1,143,600	901,889	(241,711)
Operating Expenses:			
Cost of sales-pro shop	60,000	48,725	11,275
Cost of sales-restaurant	52,000	49,511	2,489
Total Cost of Sales	112,000	98,236	13,764
Golf Course Operation:			
Club House:			
Personal services	256,792	229,066	27,726
Employee benefits	80,058	73,972	6,086
Purchased property services	90,979	83,120	7,859
Other purchased services	7,400	8,260	(860)
Supplies	78,200	11,621	66,579
Capital outlays	750	711	39
Miscellaneous	400	166	234

GOLF COURSE FUND ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 **EXHIBIT C-24** Page 2 of 3

TOR THE TERM ENDED SET TEMBER 30, 2017		A	V :
	D. L. J.	Actual	Variance
	Budgeted	Budget	Positive
	Amounts	Basis	(Negative)
Grounds:			
Personal services	296,036	291,789	4,247
Employee benefits	112,720	113,091	(371)
Purchased property services	15,500	23,825	(8,325)
Other purchased services	500	-	500
Supplies	93,800	63,486	30,314
Capital outlays	750	750	-
	519,306	492,941	26,365
Restaurant:			
Personal services	35,701	17,534	18,167
Employee benefits	14,847	11,565	3,282
Supplies	52,200	8	52,192
Miscellaneous	200	124	76
	102,948	29,231	73,717
Organizational Expense:			
Other purchased services	7,900	7,729	171
Miscellaneous	17,700	17,225	475
	25,600	24,954	646
Total Golf Course Operation	1,274,433	1,052,278	222,155
Depreciation	-	230,867	(230,867)
Total Operating Expenses	1,274,433	1,283,145	(8,712)
Nonoperating Expenses:			
Capital lease interest expense	7,340	5,199	2,141
Bond and capital lease principal	51,698	49,403	2,295
Nonoperating Expenses	59,038	54,602	4,436
r		2 .,002	.,.50

GOLF COURSE FUND ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 **EXHIBIT C-24** Page 3 of 3

	D. J. J. J.	Actual	Variance
	Budgeted	Budget	Positive
	Amounts	Basis	(Negative)
Transfers:			
Transfers in (out)	300,000	300,000	
Operating and Nonoperating Expenses,			
and Capital Contributions (Budgetary Basis)	1,033,471	1,037,747	(4,276)
Net Position (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 110,129	(135,858)	\$ (245,987)
Adjustments:			
Bond and capital lease principal		49,403	
Amount budgeted as expense per budget basis,			
capitalized per GAAP basis		1,461	
		50,864	
Net Position (GAAP Basis)		\$ (84,994)	

SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 **EXHIBIT C-25**Page 1 of 2

		Actual	•	Variance
	Budgeted	Budget		Positive
	 Amounts	 Basis	1)	Negative)
Operating Revenues:	 _	 	·	_
Garbage fees	\$ 5,708,000	\$ 5,840,746	\$	132,746
Brush fees	642,500	672,679		30,179
Roll-off fees	5,000	11,503		6,503
Franchise fees	-	135,431		135,431
Miscellaneous income	 3,000	 3,642		642
Operating Revenues	 6,358,500	 6,664,001		305,501
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Interest earned	6,000	31,662		25,662
Net increase (decrease) in investment fair value	-	(10,204)		(10,204)
Nonoperating Revenues	6,000	 21,458		15,458
Total Revenues	 6,364,500	 6,685,459		320,959
Operating Expenses:				
Personal services	780,257	847,216		(66,959)
Employee benefits	238,784	261,306		(22,522)
Purchase property services	207,250	209,589		(2,339)
Other purchased services	46,000	44,079		1,921
Supplies	497,350	445,205		52,145
Capital outlays	200,000	181,339		18,661
Solid waste disposal	88,000	114,932		(26,932)
Landfill-Waste disposal service	2,620,000	2,543,708		76,292
Landfill charges-Brush	190,000	228,145		(38,145)
Miscellaneous	22,700	9,822		12,878
	4,890,341	 4,885,341		5,000
Total Expenses	 4,890,341	 4,885,341		5,000
Depreciation	-	404,280		(404,280)
Total Operating Expense	 4,890,341	 5,289,621		(399,280)
Non Operating Expenses:				
Bond interest	66,386	64,581		1,805
Bond fiscal charges	1,100	300		800

SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 **EXHIBIT C-25** Page 2 of 2

		Actual	Variance
	Budgeted	Budget	Positive
	Amounts	Basis	(Negative)
Bond principal	760,000	760,000	-
Non-operating Expenses	827,486	824,881	2,605
Transfers:			
Transfers in (out)	(460,000)	(460,000)	
Operating and Nonoperating Expenses,			
Transfers and Capital Contributions (Budgetary Basis)	5,350,341	5,749,621	(399,280)
Net Position (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 1,014,159	925,634	\$ (88,525)
Adjustments:			
Bond and capital lease principal		760,000	
Amount budgeted as expense per budget basis,			
capitalized per GAAP basis		181,339	
		941,339	
Net position (GAAP Basis)		\$ 1,866,973	

CAPITAL ASSETS
USED IN THE
OPERATION OF
GOVERNMENTAL
FUNDS



CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE

As of September 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:		
Land	\$ 37,659,281	\$ 34,155,340
Buildings and structures	21,408,950	21,328,890
Improvements other than buildings	17,831,148	16,982,901
Furniture and equipment	28,759,097	27,493,470
Construction in progress	35,273,010	16,311,920
Infrastructure	96,623,861	91,502,877
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 237,555,347	\$ 207,775,398
Investment in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source:	Ф 114 507 150	Ф 101 40 с 700
General fund revenues	\$ 114,527,159	\$ 101,426,702
Bond funds	49,061,813	35,558,699
Enterprise funds	1,264	1,264
Special funds	26,853,393	25,458,475
Donations	15,337,369	15,293,194
Developers	31,774,348	30,037,063
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 237,555,347	\$ 207,775,398

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

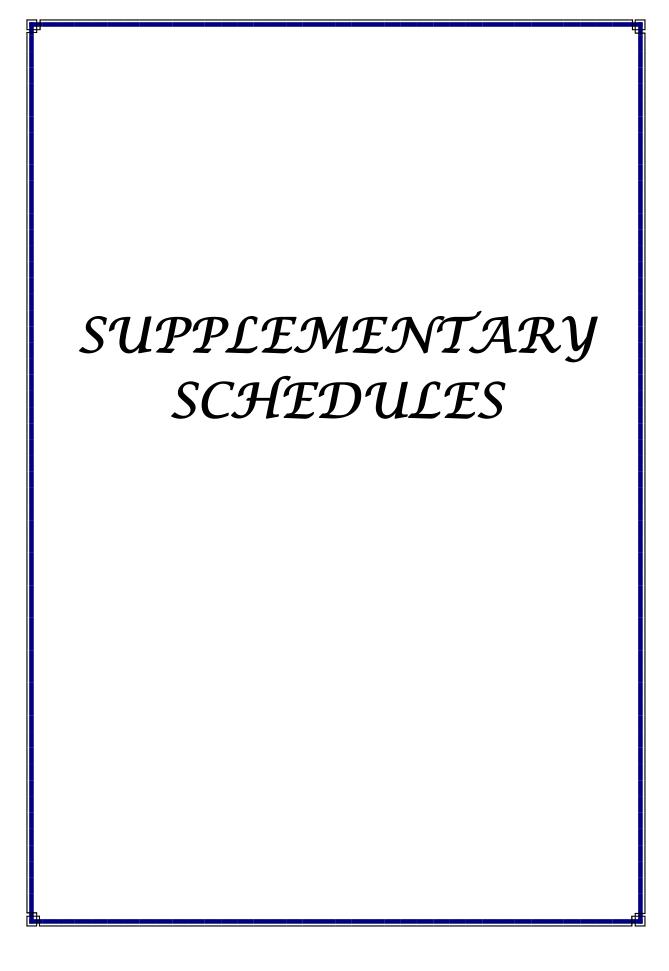
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017

	C	ernmental Funds apital Assets eptember 30,				C	ernmental Funds apital Assets eptember 30,
Function and Activity:		2016	Additions	De	eductions		2017
General Government	\$	9,785,809	\$ 12,539,578	\$	13,770	\$	22,311,617
Public Safety		31,786,707	605,425		57,668		32,334,464
Highways and Streets		139,228,987	16,230,185		43,612		155,415,560
Health and Welfare		224,060	8,907		-		232,967
Cultural and Recreational		26,749,834	514,521		3,617		27,260,738
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$	207,775,398	\$ 29,898,616	\$	118,667	\$	237,555,347

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

September 30, 2017





CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS UTILITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Year Ended September 30, 2017

Operating Revenues Interest Earned by funds C the Bond Inden	•	\$	19,045,287 73,923	
Gros	s Revenues Per Bond Ordi	nance		\$ 19,119,210
Operating Expenses Less: Depreciation Expen	ise		16,558,380 (5,076,791)	
Oper	rating Expenses Per Bond (Ordinan	ce	11,481,589
	Net Revenue Per B	ond Ord	linance	\$ 7,637,621
Average Annual Debt Serv	vice Requirements			\$ 2,795,806
Succeeding Fiscal Year De	ebt Service Requirement			\$ 3,158,553
Required Coverage Ratio				<u>113</u> %
Calculated Coverage Ratio)			
A) Based upon Av	erage Annual Debt Service	e Requii	rements	<u>273</u> %
B) Based upon Suc	cceeding Fiscal Year Debt	Service	Requirements	<u>242</u> %

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS UTILITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS-

RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE SCHEDULE REQUIRED BY REVENUE BOND ORDINANCE

Year Ended September 30, 2017

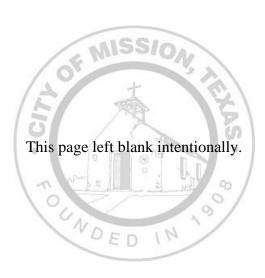
	Interest and Sinking Cash	Waterworks and Sewer Construction Cash]	Reserve Cash	extension and provement Cash	Total
Cash	\$12,574,059	\$ 539,511		\$	194,627	\$ 153,770	\$ 13,461,967
Investments	144,810	931,732	<u>. </u>		271,071	157,974	1,505,587
Cash and Investments							
September 30, 2016	\$12,718,869	\$ 1,471,244	<u> </u>	\$	465,698	\$ 311,743	\$ 14,967,554
Cash Receipts:							
Transfer from							
operating cash	3,658,924		-		-	-	3,658,924
Transfer from							
other I&S accounts	-		-		-	-	-
Bond Proceeds	-		-		-	-	=
Interest received	54,540	13,448	<u> </u>		3,714	 2,222	73,923
Total Cash Receipts	3,713,464	13,448	3		3,714	2,222	3,732,848
Total Cash And						 	
Investments Available	16,432,333	1,484,69			469,412	313,965	18,700,402
Cash Disbursments:							
Principal payments	2,755,000		-		_	-	2,755,000
Interest and fiscal							
charges	872,580		-		-	-	872,580
Bank Charges	-		-		-	-	-
Transfer to Operating cash	-		-		-	-	-
Transfer to							
other I&S accounts	3,295,472				-	 -	3,295,472
Total Cash Disbursments	6,923,052				-	_	6,923,052
Cash and Investments,							
September 30, 2017	\$ 9,509,282	\$ 1,484,69		\$	469,412	\$ 313,965	\$ 11,777,350
Total Cash and Investments Restricted at September 30, 2017 is Composed of the Following: Cash and cash							
equivalents	\$ 5,334,476	\$ 407,300	ó	\$	219,722	\$ 124,617	\$ 6,086,120
Investments	4,174,806	1,077,385	<u> </u>		249,690	 189,348	5,691,229
Total	\$ 9,509,282	\$ 1,484,69	_ =	\$	469,412	\$ 313,965	\$ 11,777,350



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Mission's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends	189
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed overtime.	
Revenue Capacity	196
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	200
Schedules presented in this section provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	205
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	207
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	



City of Mission Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011 (1)	2012	2013 (2)	2014(3)	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities Net investment in canital assets	\$ 80.154.508	\$ 81 796 368	\$ 83 887 342	\$ 84 133 258	\$ 83.493.816	\$ 86 989 075	28 6 00 947 382	80 595 993	\$ 90.947.556	\$ 102 466 220
Restricted	3,366,072	3,176,789	3,438,023	5,637,112	6,781,018	6,968,743	8,343,486	8,551,701	9,418,977	7,761,373
Unrestricted	8,107,109	7,831,393	7,082,454	7,201,682	3,784,019	3,619,351	(1,587,640)	2,462,989	170,518	(3,781,146)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 91,627,689	\$ 92,804,550	\$ 94,407,819	\$ 96,972,052	\$ 94,058,853	\$ 97,577,169	\$ 97,703,228	\$ 100,580,683	\$ 100,532,051	\$ 106,446,447
Business-Type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 59,781,770	\$ 58,872,531	\$ 58,268,682	\$ 59,964,330	\$ 58,362,060	\$ 56,518,755	\$ 54,832,203	\$ 55,987,441	\$ 41,651,937	\$ 52,564,331
Restricted	4,611,532	5,054,584	4,891,629	4,324,052	4,357,163	4,116,713	3,451,514	3,394,903	18,219,378	12,543,135
Unrestricted	6,311,881	6,694,247	6,126,919	8,521,237	10,924,800	10,480,521	10,588,851	8,329,980	9,660,134	3,667,449
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 70,705,183	\$ 70,621,362	\$ 69,287,230	\$ 72,809,619	\$ 73,644,022	\$ 71,115,988	\$ 68,872,567	\$ 67,712,324	\$ 69,531,449	\$ 68,774,915
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 139,936,278	\$ 140,668,899	\$ 142,156,024	\$ 144,097,588	\$ 141,855,876	\$ 143,507,830	\$ 145,779,585	\$ 145,553,434	\$ 132,594,493	\$ 155,030,551
Restricted	7,977,604	8,231,373	8,329,652	9,961,164	11,138,181	11,085,456	11,795,000	11,946,604	27,638,355	20,304,508
Unrestricted	14,418,990	14,525,640	13,209,373	15,722,919	14,708,819	14,099,872	9,001,211	10,792,969	9,830,652	(113,697)
Total primary government net position	\$ 162,332,872	\$ 163,425,912	\$ 163,695,049	\$ 169,781,671	\$ 167,702,875	\$ 168,693,157	\$ 166,575,796	\$ 168,293,007	\$ 170,063,500	\$ 175,221,362

(1) The 2011 net position was restated to include Mission Economic Development Authority (MEDA), a blended component unit of the City as of September 30, 2012. (2) The 2013 net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. (3) The 2014 net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

City of Mission Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013(1)	2014 (2)	2015	2016	2017
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 8,100,542	\$ 7,742,072	\$ 14,511,545	\$ 7,570,043	\$ 8,764,781	\$ 7,937,668	\$ 8,446,306	\$ 8,014,892	\$ 8,405,138	\$ 10,095,896
Public Safety	16,907,573	20,240,072	19,309,796	19,387,472	21,485,642	21,229,856	23,499,056	21,729,071	23,957,241	23,685,949
Highways and streets	5,654,237	4,223,462	6,427,413	6,255,895	6,532,351	7,297,376	6,963,677	7,450,999	7,493,232	7,571,683
Health and welfare	334,726	374,867	570,197	903,935	1,354,970	988,923	1,200,976	1,290,357	1,306,154	1,371,370
Economic development	2,301,994	3,084,465	3,466,582	3,670,268	3,585,902	4,840,988	4,231,038	4,544,891	4,933,314	7,837,590
Culture and recreation	4,905,126	5,125,473	5,661,309	6,044,088	5,904,008	6,247,020	7,073,892	6,499,768	7,220,861	5,309,186
Interest on long-term debt	1,512,067	1,730,135	1,525,661	1,582,058	1,457,105	2,363,699	1,458,261	1,334,983	1,314,872	1,605,954
Total governmental activities expenses	39,716,265	42,520,546	51,472,503	45,413,759	49,084,759	50,905,530	52,873,206	50,864,961	54,630,812	57,477,628
Business-type Activities										
Utility system	14,665,301	15,343,467	15,305,547	15,376,432	15,668,400	16,626,432	16,581,213	16,226,988	17,110,233	17,031,578
Golf course operations	1,276,139	1,388,041	1,288,879	1,374,400	1,414,494	1,403,124	1,396,091	1,272,835	1,285,977	1,318,098
Solid waste operations	4,372,005	4,780,337	4,931,714	5,188,079	5,500,676	5,785,151	7,360,428	4,727,683	4,958,069	5,206,165
Total business-type activities expenses	20,313,445	21,511,845	21,526,140	21,938,911	22,583,570	23,814,707	25,337,732	22,227,506	23,354,279	23,555,841
Total primary government expenses	\$ 60,029,710	\$ 64,032,391	\$ 72,998,643	\$ 67,352,670	\$ 71,668,329	\$ 74,720,237	\$ 78,210,938	\$ 73,092,467	\$ 77,985,091	\$ 81,033,469
Program Revenues Governmental Activities										
Charges for services										
General government	\$ 2,038,016	\$ 1,658,320	\$ 1,625,962	\$ 1,647,709	\$ 1,810,743	\$ 1,848,350	\$ 2,086,383	\$ 1,940,954	\$ 2,025,367	\$ 1,896,971
Public Safety	98,736	121,003	110,007	105,723	83,142	67,164	118,310	61,898	106,985	62,576
Highways and streets	593,759	565,910	630,054	644,298	541,497	682,323	884,355	902,318	918,844	935,777
Sanitation	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Health and welfare	284,437	256,293	274,502	134,981	235,708	153,223	237,738	225,047	263,320	221,780
Culture and recreation	350,394	351,378	279,180	306,294	337,112	328,626	371,962	554,618	413,331	384,671
Other activities	ı	1	1	•	•	•	1	•	•	•
Operating grants and contributions	6,453,451	6,389,650	7,271,889	6,152,917	7,475,190	4,937,211	7,905,942	5,896,938	6,538,968	7,865,910
Capital grants and contributions	11,098,136	1,962,259	7,701,238	1,170,433	1,067,989	6,673,301	1,962,278	4,870,238	4,950,222	11,139,643
Total governmental activities program revenues	20,916,929	11,304,813	17,892,832	10,162,355	11,551,381	14,690,198	13,566,968	14,452,011	15,217,037	22,507,328
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Utility system	15,716,066	16,114,327	15,140,398	17,412,060	17,643,636	18,012,998	19,207,446	17,674,185	20,983,312	19,036,658
Golf course operation	1,077,578	1,047,543	905,113	1,137,503	1,080,635	1,031,598	909,563	874,434	900,914	900,432
Solid waste operation	4,505,551	4,777,898	5,187,400	5,813,098	6,032,202	6,242,554	6,348,108	6,425,096	6,564,955	6,660,358
Operating grants and contributions	518,466	172,971	26,525	17,397	14,463	13,216	24,921	13,587	12,082	73,923
Capital grants and contributions	5,629,521	684,120	677,685	3,157,395	393,825	483,302	836,355	324,385	924,694	893,581
Total business-type activities program revenues	27,447,182	22,796,859	21,937,121	27,537,453	25,164,761	25,783,668	27,326,393	25,311,687	29,385,957	27,564,952
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 48,364,111	\$ 34,101,672	\$ 39,829,953	\$ 37,699,808	\$ 36,716,142	\$ 40,473,866	\$ 40,893,361	\$ 39,763,698	\$ 44,602,994	\$ 50,072,280

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013(1)	2014 (2)	2015	2016	2017
Net (expense)/revenue	\$ 700 336	¢ (31 215 723)	(123 623 821)	0 (35 351 404)	(37 533 378)	\$ (26.315.323)	(30 306 730)	(36 413 050)	(377 211 05)	(002 020 727 \$
Governmental acuvines	(16,799,330)	(51,713,733)		(33,231,404)		(30,213,332)	(35,300,236)	0.6412,930)		
Business-type activities	7,155,738	1,285,014	410,981	5,598,542	2,581,191	1,968,961	1,988,661	3,084,181	6,031,678	
I otal primary government net expense	\$ (11,665,598)	\$ (29,930,719)	\$ (33,168,690)	\$ (29,652,862)	\$ (34,952,187)	\$ (34,246,371)	(1/5/15/)	\$ (33,328,769)	\$ (33,382,097)	\$ (30,961,189)
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position	Position									
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 16,335,934	\$ 17,798,280	\$ 17,795,460	18,143,896	18,087,005	18,099,459	18,913,123	19,020,437	19,481,719	20,369,113
Sales taxes	9,784,575	9,552,728	9,814,665	10,234,485	10,857,234	10,917,924	11,496,695	11,479,463	11,376,026	11,109,005
Franchise taxes	2,248,558	2,265,859	2,326,751	2,396,994	2,790,119	2,542,621	2,636,048	2,650,031	2,668,473	2,730,594
Hotel/motel taxes	479,950	400,690	490,446	496,759	537,574	577,711	650,142	748,812	685,834	528,962
Alcoholic beverage taxes	79,084	86,136	79,864	78,066	73,518	69,167	48,018	36,258	31,131	21,983
Shared revenue-tax increment zone	113,975	137,427	2,013,239	1,395,342	201,902	274,030	520,000	210,674	239,545	755,307
Unrestricted grants and contributions	80,883	1,002		•	2	•	724		•	•
Investment earnings	328,642	110,515	29,131	41,545	54,703	66,153	99,730	101,357	97,218	102,977
Miscellaneous	718,583	636,427	533,384	665,999	18,122	2,586,583	667,816	643,372	385,199	406,755
Special item	•	(196,470)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Transfers	1,000,000	1,600,000	2,100,000	2,200,000	2,000,000	4,600,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,400,000	4,860,000
Total governmental activities	31,170,184	32,392,594	35,182,940	35,953,087	34,620,179	39,733,648	39,432,296	39,290,404	39,365,145	40,884,696
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	179,189	71,342	17,060	16,782	34,678	50,944	77,145	81,229	77,203	62,283
Miscellaneous	101,258	159,822	221,302	107,065	218,534	52,061	90,774	74,346	110,242	32,074
Transfers	(1,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(2,100,000)	(2,200,000)	(2,000,000)	(4,600,000)	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	(4,400,000)	(4,860,000)
Total business-type activities	(719,553)	(1,368,836)	(1,861,638)	(2,076,153)	(1,746,788)	(4,496,995)	(4,232,081)	(4,244,425)	(4,212,555)	(4,765,643)
Total primary government	\$ 30,450,631	\$ 31,023,758	\$ 33,321,302	\$ 33,876,934	\$ 32,873,391	\$ 35,236,653	\$ 35,200,215	\$ 35,045,979	\$ 35,152,590	\$ 36,119,053
Change in Not Docition										
Governmental activities	\$ 12.370.848	\$ 1.176.861	\$ 1.603.269	\$ 701.683	(2.913.199)	\$ 3.518.316	\$ 126.058	\$ 2.877.454	(48.630)	\$ 5.914.396
Business-type activities			$\overline{}$	3,		_	(2)	_	1,	
Total primary government	\$ 18,785,033	\$ 1,093,039	\$ 152,612	\$ 4,224,072	\$ (2,078,797)	\$ 990,282	\$ (2,117,362)	\$ 1,717,210	\$ 1,770,494	\$ 5,157,864

(1) The 2013 net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. (2) The 2014 net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

City of Mission Governmental Activities Tax Revenue By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Hotel ecupancy Tax	lcoholic everage Tax	Total
2008	\$ 16,335,934	\$ 9,784,577	\$ 2,248,558	\$ 479,950	\$ 79,084	\$ 28,928,103
2009	\$ 17,798,280	\$ 9,552,728	\$ 2,265,859	\$ 400,690	\$ 86,136	\$ 30,103,693
2010	\$ 17,795,460	\$ 9,814,665	\$ 2,326,751	\$ 490,446	\$ 79,864	\$ 30,507,186
2011	\$ 18,143,897	\$ 10,234,485	\$ 2,396,994	\$ 496,759	\$ 78,066	\$ 31,350,202
2012	\$ 18,087,005	\$ 10,857,234	\$ 2,790,119	\$ 537,574	\$ 73,518	\$ 32,345,450
2013	\$ 18,099,459	\$ 10,917,924	\$ 2,542,621	\$ 577,711	\$ 69,167	\$ 32,206,882
2014	\$ 18,913,123	\$ 11,496,695	\$ 2,636,048	\$ 650,142	\$ 48,018	\$ 33,744,026
2015	\$ 19,020,437	\$ 11,479,463	\$ 2,650,031	\$ 748,812	\$ 36,258	\$ 33,935,001
2016	\$ 19,481,719	\$ 11,376,026	\$ 2,668,473	\$ 685,834	\$ 31,131	\$ 34,243,183
2017	\$ 20,369,113	\$ 11,109,005	\$ 2,730,594	\$ 528,962	\$ 21,983	\$ 34,759,657

City of Mission Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011 (1)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
CENERAL FILE				(2)					1	
Pre GASB 54										
Reserved	\$ 1,643,102	\$ 194,874	\$ 189,606	· S	· 59	· s	· s	· 59	· •	· •
Unreserved	4,206,593	7,083,203	7,861,173	1	1	•	•	1		
Total Pre GASB 54	\$ 5,849,695	\$ 7,278,077	\$ 8,050,779	•	· *	· *	· *	· \$	· \$	· *
Post GASB 54										
Nonspendable										
Long term receivable	· 59	· 59	· *	\$ 34,400	\$ 32,000	\$ 29,600	\$ 27,200	\$ 24,800	\$ 22,400	\$ 20,000
Inventory	•	•	•	713	885	962	1,332	500	826	1,067
Prepaid	•	•	•	6,079	16,380	12,795	14,336	16,290	23,750	41,194
Committed	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Assigned										
Significant encumbrance	•	1	•	707,546	625,681	172,579	1,357,108	183,359	580,875	3,489,260
Funds assigned for asset replacement	•	•	•	92,006	175,221	5,589	85,909	6,000	86,250	68,093
Funds assigned for Boys & Girls Club	•	•	•	267,196	295,768	320,422	163,271	87,141	•	•
Funds assigned for recreation programs	•	•	•	32,829	•	•	•	•	•	•
Subsequent year budget appropriation	•	•	•	•	1,119,142	2,871,133	4,157,048	4,248,461	2,570,662	1,778,090
Unassigned	•	•	•	9,179,554	4,984,804	3,880,888	2,591,168	3,487,394	4,073,075	986,387
Total Post GASB 54	· *	÷	•€	\$ 10,326,323	\$ 7,249,882	\$ 7,293,802	\$ 8,397,372	\$ 8,053,945	\$ 7,357,838	\$ 6,384,091
					1			ш		
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Pre GASB 54										
Reserved	\$ 8,976,608	\$ 10,796,738	\$ 9,412,486	· *	· •	· **	· **	· •	· **	· **
Unreserved, reported in										
Special revenue funds	936,206	1,161,627	1,218,688	'	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Pre GASB 54	\$ 9,912,814	\$ 11,958,365	\$ 10,631,174	· ·	· •	· •	- -	· •	· •	· ·
Post GASB 54										
Restricted										
Capital Improvements	· •	· •	· •	\$ 3,265,269	\$ 3,124,863	\$ 1,663,852	\$ 1,251,969	\$ 1,625,340	\$ 20,525,988	\$ 5,058,220
Economic Development	•	•	•	1,862,550	1,862,550	1,975,376	2,151,493	1,937,871	1,963,328	1,794,321
Debt Service	•	•	•	1,114,955	1,315,076	1,688,433	2,065,837	2,429,498	2,819,500	1,293,342
Aquatics Programs	•	•	•	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	•	•
Municipal Court	•	•	•	414,497	464,588	451,861	345,637	371,415	415,524	416,451
PD Asset Sharing	•	•	•	935,693	1,773,041	1,210,028	1,680,978	1,051,581	947,086	656,734
Drainage Improvements	•	•	•	533,047	514,275	1,623,508	1,028,237	1,278,474	1,583,039	1,682,091
Scholarships and Books	•	•	•	25,453	25,594	25,703	25,799	25,826	25,826	25,972
Tourism	•	•	•	437,435	412,953	319,997	539,027	849,426	1,068,442	1,163,835
Perpetual Care	•	•	•	33,839	37,541	46,572	45,074	52,487	35,335	36,374
Records Preservation	•	•	•	9,929	13,016	10,733	8,184	6,918	6,850	9,157
PEG (public, educational, and governmental)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	419,765	515,003
Tax Increment	•	•	•	4,402	3,999	3,818	3,487	3,536	3,554	3,562
Total Post GASB 54	· •	·	•€	\$ 8,647,069	\$ 9,557,498	\$ 9,029,881	\$ 9,155,722	\$ 9,642,372	\$ 29,814,237	\$ 12,655,063

(1) The 2011 fund balances were restated to include Mission Economic Development Authority (MEDA), a blended component unit of the City as of September 30, 2012.

City of Mission
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 28,690,115	\$ 29,812,749	\$ 30,541,631	\$ 31,444,318	\$ 32,411,636	\$ 32,297,592	\$ 33,758,579	\$ 33,951,830	\$ 34,238,861	\$ 34,738,879
Licenses and permits	696,135	515,229	552,496	643,827	554,324	497,739	573,875	550,463	634,871	555,266
Intergovernmental	5,624,673	5,002,401	15,305,799	7,161,137	7,340,271	5,086,832	8,414,336	10,068,205	8,596,963	16,844,356
Charges for services	1,131,486	954,560	853,506	718,021	905,492	893,511	1,048,380	1,249,275	1,191,107	1,036,163
Fines	845,877	820,359	775,992	613,174	811,498	814,104	1,016,847	848,264	807,026	832,596
Investment earnings	570,477	132,095	41,819	54,112	57,649	59,252	87,731	90,628	83,949	163,061
Special assessments	494,579	506,520	523,299	531,715	540,032	682,323	884,355	902,318	918,844	935,777
Miscellaneous	1,896,000	2,636,184	1,639,861	1,711,765	1,160,974	2,111,479	1,792,201	1,137,003	1,782,135	1,490,207
Total Revenues	39,949,342	40,380,098	50,234,403	42,878,069	43,781,876	42,442,832	47,576,304	48,797,986	48,253,756	56,596,305
Expenditures										
General government	7,906,361	7,708,433	14,177,581	7,338,930	8,810,604	7,950,398	9,391,353	9,057,775	8,878,525	9,782,891
Public safety	16,849,849	17,265,004	18,642,783	18,575,214	20,738,298	20,502,038	20,727,655	21,544,530	21,601,527	21,860,971
Highways and streets	3,547,259	3,598,796	5,327,032	4,356,144	4,504,778	4,127,714	7,276,217	5,336,817	5,304,862	6,612,678
Health and Welfare	343,248	373,037	566,753	872,624	1,351,381	960,761	426,376	426,037	459,716	459,447
Economic and physical development	2,301,994	3,084,465	3,466,582	3,670,268	5,512,540	4,840,988	4,231,038	4,544,891	4,933,314	5,309,187
Culture and recreation	4,759,234	4,778,975	4,883,052	5,092,616	3,585,902	5,632,998	5,518,783	5,454,124	5,668,891	6,676,409
Capital projects	4,174,716	4,388,605	2,664,844	6,274,155	3,104,751	1,547,860	797,446	3,862,838	3,629,593	24,359,561
Debt service										
Principal	1,803,502	1,723,765	2,010,834	2,299,748	2,202,765	2,143,719	1,970,000	2,088,321	2,099,452	2,986,003
Interest	1,230,572	1,253,891	1,297,107	1,291,973	1,302,540	1,186,585	1,139,237	1,029,937	1,088,156	1,549,344
Other charges	8,630	8,630	7,450	5,950	5,950	8,239	5,450	5,650	6,300	5,800
Total expenditures	42,925,365	44,183,600	53,044,018	49,777,622	51,119,509	48,901,300	51,483,555	53,350,920	53,670,336	79,602,291
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,976,023)	(3,803,503)	(2,809,615)	(6,899,553)	(7,337,633)	(6,458,468)	(3,907,251)	(4,552,934)	(5,416,580)	(23,005,986)

,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	2,867,662	5,593,315	6,267,545	4,997,949	4,725,834	7,420,764	7,399,432	7,706,335	7,361,618	9,002,594
Transfers out	(1,867,662)	(3,993,315)	(4,167,545)	(2,797,949)	(2,725,835)	(2,820,764)	(2,999,433)	(3,306,334)	(2.961,619)	(4,142,594)
Refunding bond issued		1		1	3,165,000			ı	8,085,000	1
Bonds issued	7,000,000	5,804,678	1	2,930,000	2,635,000	1	2,653,865	ı	17,610,000	1
Long-term debt proceeds		1	1	1	1	1	1	ı		1
Premium on bonds issued	168,426	168,441	1	84,236	298,283	•	•	1	4,028,801	•
Discount on bonds issued	•	•	i	•	•	1	•	•	•	•
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	•	1	•	1	(3,185,773)	•	(2,232,849)	1	(9,385,029)	1
Capital leases	•	•	108,326	•	•	1	•	•	•	•
Sale of capital assets	105,340	•	46,800	114,205	259,112	190,027	53,325	1	1	1
Proceeds from sale of assets	1	1	ı	1	1	1,184,744	262,322	296,156	153,566	13,060
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	8,273,766	7,573,120	2,255,126	5,328,441	5,171,621	5,974,771	5,136,662	4,696,157	24,892,337	4,873,060
Special and extraordinary items:										
Special item	1	(295,683)	1	•	ı		1	•	•	1
Lotal special and extraordinary items		(295,683)	1					1		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 5,297,743	5,297,743 \$ 3,473,934	\$ (554,489)	\$ (1,571,112)	\$ (2,166,012)	\$ (483,697)	\$ 1,229,411	\$ 143,224	\$ 19,475,758	\$ (18,132,926)
1										
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	0	70192	2021	8000	7000 1	7073	7000	9040%	705129	7002 8
expenditures	0.10%	0.14.7	0.13%	0.30%	7.90%	0.74%	7.00%	0.94%	0.73%	0.13%

CITY OF MISSION, TEXAS
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		į	;	Hotel	Alcoholic	
Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Occupancy Tax	Beverage Tax	Total
8(16,097,946	9,784,577	2,248,558	479,950	79,084	28,690,115
600	17,507,334	9,552,728	2,265,859	400,690	86,136	29,812,747
01	17,829,903	9,814,665	2,326,751	490,446	79,864	30,541,629
=	18,236,586	10,234,485	2,396,994	496,759	78,066	31,442,891
12	18,151,725	10,857,234	2,790,119	537,574	73,518	32,410,170
13	18,190,169	10,917,924	2,542,621	577,711	69,167	32,297,592
4	18,927,676	11,496,695	2,636,049	650,142	48,018	33,758,580
2015	19,037,265	11,479,463	2,650,031	748,812	36,258	33,951,829
16	19,477,396	11,376,027	2,668,473	685,834	31,131	34,238,861
17	20,348,335	11,109,005	2,617,000	529,509	21,983	34,625,832

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property City of Mission

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Value as a	Percentage of	Actual Value	0.84%	0.87%	0.87%	0.86%	0.86%	0.86%	0.86%	0.86%	0.86%	0.87%
Estimated Actual	Taxable	Value ²	3,258,595,272	3,333,160,683	3,613,272,066	3,764,863,710	3,879,134,802	3,962,365,852	4,096,330,774	4,123,193,233	4,472,527,436	4,709,526,319
Total	Direct	Tax Rate ¹	0.5566	0.5666	0.5566	0.5566	0.5388	0.5288	0.5288	0.5188	0.4988	0.4962
Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	2,729,118,025	2,913,058,674	3,126,370,682	3,232,561,565	3,320,390,575	3,406,486,662	3,520,791,142	3,540,518,418	3,844,000,757	4,079,416,450
Less:	Tax Exempt	Real Property	529,477,247	420,102,009	486,901,384	532,302,145	558,744,227	555,879,190	575,539,632	582,674,815	628,526,679	630,109,869
Non-Real Property	Personal	Property	318,353,327	287,384,742	274,072,218	268,558,129	366,527,219	376,726,890	384,505,956	371,410,887	411,528,454	385,814,945
operty	Commercial	Property	1,738,634,339	1,737,671,626	1,937,539,558	2,032,661,499	2,043,740,424	2,085,403,055	2,208,552,001	2,242,310,656	2,408,822,295	2,592,628,665
Real Property	Residential	Property	1,201,607,606	1,308,104,315	1,401,660,290	1,463,644,082	1,468,867,159	1,500,235,907	1,503,272,817	1,509,471,690	1,652,176,687	1,731,082,709
Fiscal Year	Ended	September 30,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

^{1.} Tax rate per every \$100 valuation of property.

2. The estimated property value is derived directly from the Levy Roll Tax Totals provided by the Hidalgo County Tax Assessor.

City of Mission
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Ove	Overlapping Rates ¹	tes			
	•	City of Mission	ű			School District	District				Total
		Debt	Total	Hidalgo	Mission	Sharyland	La Joya	South Texas	Drainage	South Texas	Direct &
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	County	ISD	ISD	ISD	ISD	Dist. No. 1	College	Overlapping
Year	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Rates ²
2007-08	0.4455	0.1111	0.5566	0.5900	1.1800	1.1850	1.2520	0.0492	0.0492	0.1540	5.02
2008-09	0.4609	0.1057	0.5666	0.5900	1.1240	1.1850	1.3216	0.0492	0.0700	0.1498	5.06
2009-10	0.4413	0.1153	0.5566	0.5900	1.2800	1.2000	1.3110	0.0492	0.0725	0.1491	5.21
2010-11	0.4498	0.1068	0.5566	0.5900	1.3000	1.2000	1.3110	0.0492	0.0725	0.1497	5.23
2011-12	0.4221	0.1167	0.5388	0.5900	1.3000	1.2000	1.3110	0.0492	0.0733	0.1507	5.21
2012-13	0.4086	0.1202	0.5288	0.5900	1.3000	1.2855	1.3110	0.0492	0.0750	0.1507	5.29
2013-14	0.4212	0.1076	0.5288	0.5900	1.3000	1.2855	1.3110	0.0492	0.0957	0.1500	5.31
2014-15	0.4140	0.1048	0.5188	0.5900	1.3300	1.3355	1.3110	0.0492	0.0957	0.1850	5.42
2015-16	0.4000	0.0988	0.4988	0.5900	1.3672	1.3355	1.3110	0.0492	0.0951	0.1850	5.43
2016-17 Source: Hid	0.4404 lalgo County Ta	0.0558 x Office and La	2016-17 0.4404 0.0558 0.4962 Source: Hidalgo County Tax Office and La Joya Tax Office.	0.5900	1.3582	1.3755	1.3110	0.0492	0.0951	0.1850	5.46

^{1.} Overlapping rates are those of the City, County, and school districts that apply to property owners within the City of Mission. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Mission property owners (for example the rates for La Joya School District apply only to the proportion of the City's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the La Joya School District).

^{2. (}Total Tax Rate)-The allocation of operation and debt service is not available at this time for the County, School Districts, Special Districts and the Community College.

City of Mission Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Tax	Year 201	7	Tax '	Year 2008	3
Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Value	Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Value
Frontera Generation LTD	\$ 61,378,270	1	1.50%	-	-	-
Sharyland Retail LTD	29,984,041	2	0.74%	33,385,206	2	1.15%
Sharyland Utilities LP	27,446,020	3	0.67%	36,477,330	1	0.01
AEP Texas Central Co	22,914,270	4	0.56%	13,197,100	5	0.45%
Bert Ogden Chevrolet	20,332,855	5	0.50%	22,672,428	3	0.78%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	16,463,968	6	0.40%	10,798,424	7	0.37%
Juniper Sharyland LTD	15,782,556	7	0.39%	-	-	0.00%
Royal Technologies Corporation	15,032,318	8	0.37%	-	-	0.00%
Royal Technologies Corp.	14,484,073	9	0.36%	-	-	0.00%
Shary Retail LTD	13,660,188	10	0.33%	-	-	0.00%
Halliburton Energy Serv (HS)	-	-	-	13,613,760	4	0.47%
BBCW/Moran Sharyland LP	-	-	-	13,148,825	6	0.45%
Cook, Vannie Trusts	-	-	-	10,185,086	8	0.35%
Colorado Mission Partnership LTD	-	-	-	10,166,955	9	0.35%
Southwestern Bell Telephone Total	\$ 237,478,559	-	5.82%	10,047,460 \$ 173,692,574	10	0.34% 5.96%

Source: Hidalgo County Tax Assessor.

City of Mission Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collection within the

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Year	of the Levy		Total Coll	ection to Date
Ended September 30	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2007	13,241,161	12,684,294	95.8%	512,566	13,196,860	99.7%
2008	15,893,072	15,035,133	94.6%	801,111	15,836,244	99.6%
2009	17,305,109	16,251,424	93.9%	979,069	17,230,493	99.6%
2010	17,361,554	16,529,835	95.2%	744,690	17,274,525	99.5%
2011	17,803,116	16,989,023	95.4%	715,737	17,704,760	99.4%
2012	17,798,270	17,102,655	96.1%	587,896	17,690,551	99.4%
2013	17,835,988	17,194,844	96.4%	509,024	17,703,868	99.3%
2014	18,585,075	17,937,794	96.5%	478,210	18,416,004	99.1%
2015	18,689,445	18,034,797	96.5%	400,882	18,435,679	98.6%
2016	19,097,947	18,465,405	96.7%	274,585	18,739,990	98.1%

City of Mission
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gover	Governmental Activities	Se	Busin	Business-Type Activities	ies			
	General				General		Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Obligation	Notes	Capital	Revenue	Obligation	Capital	Primary	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Payable	Leases	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Government	Income	Capita
2008	27,030,268	1	186,457	39,277,568	430,000	46,603	968,020	0.48%	1,025
2009	31,369,184	272,001	81,739	37,251,918	220,000	300,706	69,495,548	0.45%	1,013
2010	29,502,057	168,000	143,232	29,959,204	1	206,332	59,978,825	0.37%	833
2011	30,348,323	96,000	70,484	32,089,427	1	113,252	62,717,486	0.37%	814
2012	30,982,042	24,000	24,719	31,659,650	1	40,730	62,731,141	0.35%	790
2013	28,877,394	1	ı	30,142,873	1	41,282	59,061,549	0.32%	734
2014	27,903,296	1	ı	29,032,906	4,880,000	28,762	61,844,964	0.33%	763
2015	25,758,810	1	ı	26,861,210	4,675,000	15,644	57,310,664	0.29%	707
2016	44,118,902		1	40,719,199	3,930,000	198,500	88,966,601	0.43%	1,068
2017	40,800,667	1	1	37,826,805	3,170,000	149,097	81,946,569	0.40%	964

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Mission Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Debt Payable From Business-type Revenues	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2008	27,460,268	989,173	430,000	26,041,095	0.95%	398.74
2009	31,589,184	1,140,526	220,000	30,228,658	1.04%	440.82
2010	29,502,057	1,472,816	-	28,029,241	0.90%	389.28
2011	30,348,323	1,114,955	-	29,233,368	0.90%	379.37
2012	30,982,042	1,315,076	-	29,666,966	0.89%	373.79
2013	28,877,394	1,688,433	-	27,188,961	0.80%	337.95
2014	32,783,296	2,065,837	4,880,000	25,837,459	0.73%	318.78
2015	30,433,810	2,429,499	4,675,000	23,329,311	0.66%	287.84
2016	48,048,902	2,819,500	3,930,000	41,299,402	1.07%	495.80
2017	43,970,667	1,293,342	3,170,000	39,507,325	0.97%	464.99

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

⁽²⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

City of Mission Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2017

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Hidalgo County	\$ 211,290,000	11.54%	\$ 24,382,866
Hidalgo County Drainage District #1	129,300,000	12.10%	15,645,300
Hidalgo Independent School District	34,427,000	0.32%	110,166
La Joya Independent School District	233,898,332 (1)	15.15%	35,435,597
Mission Consolidated Independent School District	123,133,000 (1)	72.80%	89,640,824
Sharyland Independent School District	108,184,999 (1)	59.56%	64,434,985
South Texas College District	152,495,000	11.10%	16,926,945
Subtotal Overlapping Debt			\$ 246,576,684
City of Mission	40,800,666	100.00%	40,800,666
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 287,377,350

⁽¹⁾ Estimated Percentage is calculated as follows:

Market value of the commonland within the shared entity divided by the total value of the City of Mission.

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas.

City of Mission Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt Limit	\$ 136,455,901	\$ 145,652,934	\$ 156,318,534	\$ 161,628,078	\$ 166,019,529	\$ 170,324,333	\$ 176,039,557	\$ 177,025,921	\$ 192,200,038	\$ 203,970,823
Total net debt applicable to limit	25,760,826	30,079,474	28,055,184	29,233,368	29,489,924	27,021,567	24,739,163	23,329,311	41,299,402	39,507,325
Legal debt margin	\$ 110,695,075	\$ 110,695,075 \$ 115,573,460	\$ 128,263,350	\$ 132,394,710	\$ 136,529,605	\$ 143,302,766	\$ 151,300,394	\$ 153,696,610	\$ 150,900,636	\$ 164,463,498
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	18.88%	20.65%	17.95%	18.09%	17.76%	15.86%	14.05%	13.18%	21.49%	19.37%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year										
Assessed value Add back: exempt real property	\$ 2,729,646,025	\$ 2,913,058,674	\$ 3,126,370,682	\$ 3,232,561,565	\$ 3,320,390,575	\$ 3,406,486,662	\$ 3,520,791,142	\$ 3,540,518,418	\$ 3,844,000,757	\$ 4,079,416,450
Total assessed value	\$ 2,729,646,025	\$ 2,913,058,674	\$ 3,126,370,682	\$ 3,232,561,565	\$ 3,320,390,575	\$ 3,406,486,662	\$ 3,520,791,142	\$ 3,540,518,418	\$ 3,844,000,757	\$ 4,079,416,450
Debt limit (5% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:	136,482,301	145,652,934	156,318,534	161,628,078	166,019,529	170,324,333	176,039,557	177,025,921	192,200,038	203,970,823
General obligation bonds	27,180,000	31,440,000	29,528,000	30,135,000	30,805,000	28,710,000	31,685,000	30,433,810	48,048,902	43,970,667
Less: Amount set aside for repayment	(989,174)	(1,140,526)	(1,472,816)	(1,114,955)	(1,315,076)	(1,688,433)	(2,065,837)	(2,429,499)	(2,819,500)	(1,293,342)
of general obligation debt	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000 000					(000 088 7)	(000 \$15 17)	(3 030 000)	(3) 170,000)
9	25.760.826	30.079,474	28.055.184	29.020.045	29.489.924	27.021.567	24,739,163	23,329,311	41.299.402	39,507,325
Legal debt margin	\$ 110,721,475	\$ 115,573,460	\$ 128,263,350	\$ 132,608,033	\$ 136,529,605	\$ 143,302,766	\$ 151,300,394	\$ 153,696,610	\$ 150,900,636	\$ 164,463,498

Note: Texas statutes do not prescribe a debt limit; however, by custom a practical economic debt limit of 5% of the assessed valuation is used.

City of Mission Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser	rvice (3)	
Year	and Other (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage (4)
2008	16,339,351	9,205,146	7,134,205	2,056,873	1,691,463	1.90%
2009	16,289,267	9,016,007	7,273,260	2,172,316	1,966,747	1.76%
2010	15,272,007	9,197,669	6,074,338	2,056,000	1,339,718	1.79%
2011	17,530,504	9,422,969	8,107,535	1,856,000	1,265,272	2.60%
2012	17,754,118	10,004,211	7,749,907	1,933,000	1,192,441	2.48%
2013	18,053,516	10,087,267	7,966,249	2,000,000	1,115,474	2.56%
2014	19,289,418	10,112,569	9,176,849	2,091,000	888,111	3.08%
2015	17,748,586	10,453,361	7,295,225	2,360,000	792,799	2.31%
2016	21,047,816	10,556,595	10,491,221	2,755,000	869,530	2.89%
2017	19,119,210	11,481,589	7,637,621	2,325,000	833,553	2.42%

- (1) Total operating revenues including interest earned on funds created by the bond ordinance.
- (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.
- (3) Revenue bonds only. Amounts do not include the general obligation bonds reported in the Utility Fund or debt defeasance transactions-succeeding year.
- (4) Per first lien revenue bond covenants, the required coverage is 1.25.

Note: The City does not have special assessment bonds.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Mission

Unemployment Rate (4)	7.30%	9.30%	%06'6	10.20%	8.10%	7.90%	%06'9	6.10%	6.20%	6.20%
School Enrollment (3)	15,451	15,439	15,341	15,517	25,845	25,766	25,645	25,676	25,819	25,819
Percentage High School Graduates ③	80.0	9.62	82.4	82.9	89.0	88.9	7:06	94.6	2.68	94.1
Median Age (1)	32.7	32.2	30.9	30.9	29.8	27.2	29.3	30.3	30.5	30.5
MSA(2) Capita Personal Income	19,651	20,917	21,171	21,771	22,390	22,757	23,073	23,753	24,579	24,805
MSA ₍₂₎ Personal Income	14,055,483,000	15,409,425,000	16,036,052,000	16,965,278,000	17,789,208,000	18,341,843,000	18,827,748,000	19,740,566,000	20,702,880,000	21,080,611,000
Population (1)	62,309	68,574	72,003	77,058	79,368	80,452	81,050	82,431	83,298	84,963
Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Estimated (except for the FY 2011-information was received from the 2010 US Census) & Texas Demographics.
 MSA-Metropolitan Statistical Area for Mission-McAllen-Edinburg- Source: Tracer-Texas Labor Market.
 Source: Texas Education Agency, Local School Directory.com, Mission CISD & added Sharyland ISD 2012
 Source: Labor Market & Career Information, Texas Workforce Commission, Tracer (Data Link - Data Types)

City of Mission Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Year Ago

		2017 (1))		2008 (1)
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Mission CISD	2,400	1	3.36%	2,412	1	4.23%
Sharyland ISD	1,400	2	1.96%	1,168	2	2.05%
Mission Regional Medical Center	1,000	3	1.40%	950	3	1.67%
T-Mobile	916	4	1.28%	904	4	1.59%
City of Mission	715	5	1.00%	570	6	1.20%
H.E.B.	647	6	0.90%	684	5	1.00%
Wal-Mart Super Center	357	7	0.50%	383	7	0.67%
Home Depot	175	8	0.24%			
Target	170	9	0.24%	165	9	0.29%
Royal Technologies	143	10	0.20%			
Halliburton Energy Services				200	8	0.35%
The Club at Cimarron				150	10	0.26%
Total	7,923		11.08%	7,586		13.31%

⁽¹⁾ Source: Mission Economic Development Corporation and City of Mission's budget office.

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Mission

		Full-tin	ie Equivaler	ıt Employees	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30	iber 30				
Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government Public Safety	80	80	79	77	77	76	82	87	88	06
ronce Officers ⁽¹⁾	120	126	130	140	146	146	146	146	149	157
Civilians	46	51	52	53	53	51	50	50	46	46
Fire Firefichters and Officers	79	29	19	99	19	19	79	19	19	79
Civilians	9	9	9	∞ ∞	, r	, L	7	7	7	7
Highways and Streets										
Streets	30	33	33	33	32	32	32	32	32	37
Health and Weltare Health	7		7		∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	6
Culture and recreation										
Aquatics (2)	2	3	3	3	2	8	2	2	2	1
Mayberry Pool	ı	ı	•	I	1	ı	I	•	ı	2
Bannworth Pool	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
Museum	2	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Parks and Recreation	38	47	4	45	45	4	45	45	52	52
Library	20	20	20	22	21	19	19	19	19	18
Golf Course	27	17	16	17	17	17	17	17	15	15
Sanitation										
Water distribution	78	79	83	87	98	88	87	87	88	06
Wastewater	13	13	12	12	15	13	14	14	13	13
Solid Waste	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	17	17	19	19
Community Development	w	3	S	4	3	3	3	3	æ	33
Total	536	555	561	578	583	578	601	909	614	631

Source: City of Mission Finance Department-Budget Office.

(1) COPS Grant allowed City to hire 8 additional Polie Officers in 2016.

(2) Aquatics fund closed in 2016 and transferred departments under General Fund.

City of Mission Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police Physical arrests	4.081	4.002	4.373	3.000	4.305	4.079	3.632	3.050	3.135	3.998
Parking Violation	64	67	41	35	75	55	29	75	45	23
Traffic Violations	22,473	20,757	10,957	12,970	13,685	8,093	12,071	19,882	12,112	10,601
Fire										
Number of calls answered	2,270	1,967	2,450	2,738	3,239	2,818	3,715	3,888	3,636	3,557
Inspections	2,479	3,015	2,392	2,154	1,803	2,599	1,773	2,116	2,474	1,343
Highways and Streets										
Streets resurfacing (miles)	6.088	3.750	5.596	4.240	5.530	5.130	6.070	10.110	4.860	7.100
Potholes repaired	10,217	6,438	12,449	6,710	15,783	21,122	30,911	23,898	21,031	14,939
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day) ⁽¹⁾	146	150	173	176	218	225	377	443	451	521
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	0.08	0.21	0.16	0.26	0.26	0.24	0.27	0.34	0.44	0.38
Culture and recreation										
Golf Course										
Rounds	68,173	65,942	52,491	59,162	54,056	60,306	46,388	36,971	46,477	46,709
Recreation										
Programs	32	32	32	32	32	37	31	22	14	17
Parks Maintained	24	25	25	25	25	25	28	28	28	24
Water										
New connections (year)	650	1,748	463	512	370	353	297	486	398	393
Water mains breaks (year)	603	557	649	452	507	395	463	344	258	198
Average daily consumption										
(millions of gallons)	12.44	13.23	11.00	13.63	12.63	13.02	12.56	10.62	12.42	14.25
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment	90.9	5.97	6.57	6.32	89.9	7.09	7.19	7.42	7.39	7.14

Sources: Various City departments.

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

(1) Information for 2007 estimated.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function				 						İ
Public Safety										
Police Protection										
Stations	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol Units	94	96	87	100	111	1111	1111	111	1111	112
Fire Protection										
Fire Stations	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Highways and Streets										
Streets (miles)	543.46	548.67	549.02	554.20	555.66	560.79	387.14	387.45	389.06	396.44
Number of Streetlights	2,679	2,726	4,856	4,945	4,473	4,158	4,261	4,281	4,332	4,367
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage	419	419	419	419	419	419	419	419	419	236
Parks	24	25	25	25	25	25	28	28	28	24
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	8	ю	3	ю	2	2
Tennis Courts	3	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	6	6
Community Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water										
Water Plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water mains (miles)	422.56	425.36	429.07	436.35	442.21	457.45	460.79	459.23	461.33	454.35
Fire hydrants	2,444	2,457	2,481	2,496	2,784	2,803	2,813	2,820	2,835	2,849
Number of Service connections	23,308	23,785	24,248	24,734	25,157	25,510	25,807	26,293	26,713	27,072
Number of Gallons Sold (in millions)	3,906.65	4,228.78	3,613.76	4,513.88	4,678.99	4,844.63	4,305.08	3,609.67	3,973.49	4,675.53
Daily Average Consumption (mgals) (1)	12.44	11.59	06.6	12.37	12.81	13.27	11.80	68.6	10.88	12.80
Sewer										
Number of Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sanitary sewers (miles)	323.16	325.11	325.93	328.70	328.707	356.75	357.77	358.14	359.99	362.30
Number of Service connections	20,510	21,285	21,694	22,110	22,439	22,815	23,028	23,437	23,871	24,222
Storm sewers (miles)	114.95	115.91	116.83	118.99	121.16	145.03	145.92	146.02	146.79	148.07
Daily average treatment in gallons (1)	90.9	5.97	6.57	09.9	6.70	7.10	7.20	7.40	7.40	7.10
Maximum daily treatment capacity (1)	8.12	6.70	12.92	7.87	8.60	9.18	12.00	86.6	11.90	9.28

Source: City departments.

(1) Amount is in millions.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

